

Martin Baumgartner I Tamara-Katharina Mitiska

COMPARISON RULES FOR PARTICIPATION HORIZON 2020, EC PROPOSAL HORIZON EUROPE, FINANCIAL REGULATION & COMMON PROVISIONS STRUCTURAL FUNDS



This document compares the legal text of the Rules for Participation and Dissemination in Horizon 2020 to the EC proposal for the Rules for Participation and Dissemination in the new framework programme Horizon Europe, published June 7, 2018. Furthermore, it takes into consideration all references of the Rules for Participation and Dissemination in Horizon Europe to the Financial Regulation, published July 18, 2018.

Further related articles of the Financial Regulation, as well as references to the Common Provisions on the Structural Funds, published May 29, 2018, and the Common Agricultural Policy, published Juni 1, 2018, can be found in Annex I and Annex II of this document.

Contact

For questions, feedback, input, remarks concerning this analysis, please contact:

Martin Baumgartner (NCP for Legal and Financial Aspects), martin.baumgartner@ffg.at

Explanations and Glossary

Blue text: parts in the RfP Horizon 2020, which do not appear or have been reformulated in the proposal of the European Commission for the RfP Horizon Europe Red text: parts in the proposal of the European Commission for the RfP Horizon Europe, which have been added or reformulated compared to the RfP Horizon 2020 Black text: no changes between the RfP Horizon 2020 and the proposal of the European Commission for the RfP Horizon Europe

ATTENTION: The references to the EU Financial Regulation are to the revised version (2018/1046), which entered into force at July 18, 2018.

Horizo 2020 Articl	Horizon 2020 Rules for Participation	Horizo Europo Article	Horizon Europe Rules for Participation	Financial Regulation 2018/1046
1 (1)	This Regulation lays down specific rules for participation in indirect actions undertaken under Regulation (EU) No 1291/2013, including participation in indirect actions funded by funding bodies in accordance with Article 9(2) of that Regulation. This Regulation also lays down the rules governing the exploitation and dissemination of results.	1	 Subject matter This Regulation establishes Horizon Europe - the Framework Programme for Research and Innovation ('the Programme') and the rules for participation and dissemination in indirect actions under the Programme. It lays down the objectives of the Programme, the budget for the period 2021 – 2027, the forms of Union funding and the rules for providing such funding. The Programme shall be implemented through: (a) the specific programme established by Decision//EU25, which includes a financial contribution to the EIT; (b) the specific programme on defence research established by Regulation//EU. The terms 'Horizon Europe', 'the Programme' and 'specific programme' used in this Regulation address matters relevant only to 	



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Horizo 2020		Horizon		Financial Population 2019/1046
Article		Europe Article	· ·	Financial Regulation 2018/1046
Article		Article	the specific programme described in paragraph 3(a), unless otherwise	
			explicitly stated.	
2	Definitions	2	Definitions	
	1. For the purposes of this Regulation, the following definitions			
	apply:			
		2 (1)	'research infrastructures' mean facilities that provide resources and	
			services for the research communities to conduct research and foster	
			innovation in their fields. This definition includes the associated human	
			resources, and it covers major equipment or sets of instruments;	
			knowledge-related facilities such as collections, archives or scientific	
			data infrastructures; computing systems, communication networks,	
			and any other infrastructure, of a unique nature and open to external	
			users, essential to achieve excellence in research and innovation.	
			Where relevant, they may be used beyond research, for example for	
			education or public services and they may be 'single sited', 'virtual' or	
			'distributed';	
		2 (2)	'smart specialisation strategy' has the same meaning as smart	
			specialisation strategy as defined in Regulation (EU) No 1303/2013 of	
			the European Parliament and of the Council and fulfilling the enabling	
			conditions set out in Regulation (EU) XX [Common Provisions	
		2 (2)	Regulation];	
			'European Partnership' means an initiative where the Union, together	
		I I	with private and/or public partners (such as industry, research	
			organisations, bodies with a public service mission at local, regional,	
			national or international level or civil society organisations including	
			foundations), commit to jointly support the development and	
			implementation of a programme of research and innovation activities,	
			including those related to market, regulatory or policy uptake;	
		2 (4)	'open access' means the practice of providing online access to research	
			outputs resulting from actions funded under the Programme, in particular scientific publications and research data, free of charge to	
			the end-user;	
		2 (5)	'mission' means a portfolio of actions intended to achieve a measurable	
		2 (5)	goal within a set timeframe, and impact for science and technology	
			and/or society and citizens that could not be achieved through	
			individual actions;	
2	'pre-commercial procurement' means the procurement of	2 (6)	'pre-commercial procurement' means the procurement of research and	
	research and development services involving risk-benefit sharing		development services involving risk-benefit sharing under market	
(17)	under market conditions, and competitive development in	I I	conditions, and competitive development in phases, where there is a	
	phases, where there is a clear separation of the research and		conditions, and competitive development in phases, where there is a	
	phases, where there is a treat separation of the research and			



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2020		Europe		Financial Regulation 2018/1046
Article	•	Article		,
	development services procured from the deployment of commercial volumes of end-products;		clear separation of the research and development services procured from the deployment of commercial volumes of end-products;	
2 (18)	'public procurement of innovative solutions' means procurement where contracting authorities act as a launch customer for innovative goods or services which are not yet available on a large-scale commercial basis, and may include conformity testing;		'public procurement of innovative solutions' means procurement where contracting authorities act as a launch customer for innovative goods or services which are not yet available on a large-scale commercial basis, and may include conformity testing.	
2 (1)	'access rights' means rights to use results or background under the terms and conditions laid down in accordance with this Regulation;	2 (8)	"access rights" means rights to use results or background;	
2 (4)	'background' means any data, know-how or information whatever its form or nature, tangible or intangible, including any rights such as intellectual property rights, which is: (i) held by participants prior to their accession to the action; (ii) needed for carrying out the action or for exploiting the results of the action; and (iii) identified by the participants in accordance with Article 45;		"background" means any data, know-how or information whatever its form or nature, tangible or intangible, including any rights such as intellectual property rights, that is: (i) held by beneficiaries prior to their accession to the action; (ii) identified by the beneficiaries in writing in any manner as needed for implementing the action or for exploiting its results;	
45	Background Participants shall identify the background for their action in any			
2 (8)	manner in a written agreement. 'dissemination' means the public disclosure of the results by any appropriate means (other than resulting from protecting or exploiting the results), including by scientific publications in any medium;		"dissemination" means the public disclosure of the results by appropriate means (other than resulting from protecting or exploiting the results), including by scientific publications in any medium;	
2 (9)	'exploitation' means the use of results in further research activities other than those covered by the action concerned, or in developing, creating and marketing a product or process, or in creating and providing a service, or in standardisation activities;		"exploitation" means the use of results in further research and innovation activities other than those covered by the action concerned, or in developing, creating, manufacturing and marketing a product or process, or in creating and providing a service, or in standardisation activities;	
2 (10)	'fair and reasonable conditions' means appropriate conditions, including possible financial terms or royalty- free conditions, taking into account the specific circumstances of the request for access, for example the actual or potential value of the results or background to which access is requested and/or the scope, duration or other characteristics of the exploitation envisaged;		"fair and reasonable conditions" means appropriate conditions, including possible financial terms or royalty-free conditions, taking into account the specific circumstances of the request for access, for example the actual or potential value of the results or background to which access is requested and/or the scope, duration or other characteristics of the exploitation envisaged;	
2 (11)	'funding body' means a body or authority, other than the Commission, as referred to in point (c) of Article 58(1) of	2 (13)	"funding body" means a body or organisation, other than the Commission, as referred to in point (c) of Article 62(1) of the Financial	62(1)(c)



2020	Horizon 2020 Rules for Participation	Europe	Financial Regulation 2018/1046
Horizo 2020 Article	Horizon 2020 Rules for Participation	Article	Methods of budget implementation 1. The Commission shall implement the budget in any of the following ways: [] (c) indirectly ('indirect management') as set out in Articles 125 to 149 and 154 to 159, where this is provided for in the basic act or in the cases referred to in points (a) to (d) of Article 58(2), by entrusting budget implementation tasks to: (i) third countries or the bodies they have designated; (ii) international organisations or their agencies, within the meaning of Article 156; (iii) the European Investment Bank ('the EIB') or the European Investment Fund ('the EIF') or both of them acting as a group ('the EIB group'); (iv) Union bodies referred to in Articles 70 and 71; (v) public law bodies, including Member State organisations; (vi) bodies governed by private law with a public service mission, including Member State organisations, to the extent that they are provided with adequate financial guarantees; (vii) bodies governed by the private law of a Member State that are entrusted with the implementation of a public- private partnership and
			that are provided with adequate financial guarantees; (viii) bodies or persons entrusted with the implementation of specific actions in the CFSP pursuant to Title V of the TEU, and identified in the
			relevant basic act. With regard to point (c)(vi) of the first subparagraph, the amount of the financial guarantees required may be set out in the relevant basic act and may be limited to the maximum amount of the Union contribution to the body concerned. In the case of multiple guarantors, the repartition of the amount of the total liability to be covered by the guarantees



Horizo 2020 Articl	Horizon 2020 Rules for Participation	Horizo Europe Article	e Horizon Europe Rules for Participation	Financial Regulation 2018/1046
				shall be specified in the contribution agreement, which may provide for the liability of each guarantor to be proportionate to the share of their respective contribution to the body. []
				{see Article 6(1) and 9(8) and 13(1) RfP below}
2 (12)	'international European interest organisation' means an international organisation, the majority of whose members are Member States or associated countries, and whose principal objective is to promote scientific and technological cooperation in Europe;	2 (14)	"international European research organisation" means an international organisation, the majority of whose members are Member States or associated countries, and whose principal objective is to promote scientific and technological cooperation in Europe;	
2	'legal entity' means any natural person, or any legal person	2 (15)	'legal entity' means any natural or legal person created and recognised	197(2)(c)
(13)	created and recognised as such under national law, Union law or international law, which has legal personality and which may, acting in its own name, exercise rights and be subject to obligations;		as such under national law, Union law or international law, which has legal personality and which may, acting in its own name, exercise rights and be subject to obligations, or an entity without a legal personality in accordance with Article 197(2)(c) of the Financial Regulation;	Eligibility criteria [] 2. Any of the following applicants shall be eligible for participating in a call for proposals: [] (c) entities which do not have legal personality under the applicable national law, provided that their representatives have the capacity to undertake legal obligations on behalf of the entities and that the entities offer guarantees for the protection of the financial interests of the Union equivalent to those offered by legal persons. In particular the applicant shall have a financial and operational capacity equivalent to that of a legal person. The representatives of the applicant shall prove that those conditions are satisfied. []
	6.1 1 1	2 (1.5)	# 601 1 00 N	{see Article 32(1) RfP below}
2 (14)	'non-profit legal entity' means a legal entity which by its legal form is non-profit-making or which has a legal or statutory obligation not to distribute profits to its shareholders or individual members;	2 (16)	"non-profit legal entity" means a legal entity which by its legal form is non-profit-making or which has a legal or statutory obligation not to distribute profits to its shareholders or individual members;	



Horizo 2020 Articl	Horizon 2020 Rules for Participation	Horizo Europe Article	Horizon Europe Rules for Participation	Financial Regulation 2018/1046
2	'results' means any tangible or intangible output of the action,	2 (17)	"mid-cap" means a company that is not a micro-, small- and medium- sized enterprise ('SME') as defined in Commission Recommendation 2003/361/EC, and that has a number of employees of up to 3000 where the staff headcount is calculated in accordance with Articles 3, 4, 5 and 6 of Title I of the Annex of that Recommendation; "results" means any tangible or intangible effect of the action, such as	
(19)	such as data, knowledge or information, that is generated in the action, whatever its form or nature, whether or not it can be protected, as well as any rights attached to it, including intellectual property rights;		data, know-how or information, whatever its form or nature, whether or not it can be protected, as well as any rights attached to it, including intellectual property rights;	
		2 (19)	"seal of excellence" means a certified label which shows that a proposal submitted to a call for proposals exceeded all of the thresholds set out in the work programme, but could not be funded due to lack of budget available to that call in the work programme;	
2 (21)	'work programme' means the document adopted by the Commission for the implementation of the specific programme in accordance with Article 5 of Council Decision 2013/743/EU of 3 December 2013;	2 (20)	"work programme" means the document adopted by the Commission for the implementation of the specific programme in accordance with its Article 12 or the equivalent document in content and structure adopted by a funding body.	
		2 (21)	"reimbursable advance" means the part of a Horizon Europe or EIC blended finance corresponding to a loan under Title X of the Financial Regulation, but that is directly awarded by the Union on a non-profit basis to cover the costs of activities corresponding to an innovation action, and to be reimbursed by the beneficiary to the Union under the conditions provided for in the contract;	Financial Instruments, Budgetary Guarantees and Financial Assistance Article 208 – 220
				{see Article 41 RfP below}
		2 (22)	"contract" means the agreement concluded between the Commission or a funding body with a legal entity implementing an innovation and market deployment action and supported by a Horizon Europe or EIC blended finance;	
		2 (23)	"classified information" means EU classified information ad defined in Article 3 of Commission Decision (EU, Euratom) 2015/444 as well as classified information of Member States, classified information of third countries with which the Union has a security agreement and classified information of international organisation with which the Union has a security agreement;	
		2 (24)	'blending operation' means actions supported by the EU budget, including within blending facilities pursuant to Article 2(6) of the Financial Regulation, combining non-repayable forms of support and/or	2(6) Definitions



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			financial instruments from the EU budget with repayable forms of support from development or other public finance institutions, as well as from commercial finance institutions and investors.	[] (6) 'blending facility or platform' means a cooperation framework established between the Commission and development or other public finance institutions with a view to combining non-repayable forms of support and/or financial instruments and/or budgetary guarantees from the budget and repayable forms of support from development or other public finance institutions, as well as from private-sector finance institutions and private-sector investors; []
		2 (25)	"Horizon Europe or EIC blended finance" means a single financial support to an innovation and market deployment action, consisting in a specific combination of a grant or a reimbursable advance with an investment in equity.	
2 (2) 2 (3) 2 (5) 2 (6) 2 (7) 2 (15) 2 (16) 2 (20) 2 (22)	"affiliated entity" "associated country" "basic act" "innovation action" "coordination and support action" "participant" "programme co-fund action" "SME" "work plan"			
		3	Programme objectives 1. The Programme's general objective is to deliver scientific, economic and societal impact from the Union's investments in research and innovation so as to strengthen the scientific and technological bases of the Union and foster its competitiveness, including in its industry, deliver on the Union strategic priorities, and contribute to tackling global challenges, including the Sustainable Development Goals. 2. The Programme has the following specific objectives:	



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2020		Europe	Horizon Europe Rules for Participation	Financial Regulation 2018/1046
Article	•	Article		
		:	(a) to support the creation and diffusion of high quality new knowledge, skills, technologies and solutions to global challenges; (b) to strengthen the impact of research and innovation in developing, supporting and implementing Union policies, and support the uptake of nnovative solutions in industry and society to address global challenges; (c) to foster all forms of innovation, including breakthrough innovation, and strengthen market deployment of innovative solutions; (d) to optimise the Programme's delivery for increased impact within a strengthened European Research Area.	
3	Confidentiality Subject to the conditions established in the implementing agreements, decisions or contracts, any data, knowledge and information communicated as confidential in the framework of an action shall be kept confidential, taking due account of Union law regarding the protection of and access to classified information.			
			Programme structure 1. The Programme is structured in the following parts contributing to the general and specific objectives set out in Article 3: (1) Pillar I 'Open Science', pursuing the specific objective set out in Article 3(2)(a) and also supporting specific objectives set out in Article 3(2)(b) and (c), with the following components: (a) European Research Council (ERC); (b) Marie Skłodowska-Curie Actions (MSCA); (c) research infrastructures. (2) Pillar II 'Global Challenges and Industrial Competitiveness', pursuing the specific objective set out in Article 3(2)(b) and also supporting the specific objectives set out in Article 3(2)(a) and (c), with the following components: (a) cluster 'Health'; (b) cluster 'Inclusive and Secure Society'; (c) cluster 'Digital and Industry'; (d) cluster 'Climate, Energy and Mobility'; (e) cluster 'Food and Natural Resources'; (f) Non-nuclear direct actions of the Joint Research Centre (JRC).	



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Article		Article		
			(3) Pillar III 'Open Innovation', pursuing the specific objective set	
			out in Article 3(2)(c) and also supporting the specific objectives set	
			out in Article 3(2)(a) and (b), with the following components:	
			(a) the European Innovation Council (EIC);	
			(b) European innovation ecosystems;	
			(c) the European Institute of Innovation and Technology	
			(EIT).	
			(4) Part 'Strengthening the European Research Area', pursuing the	
			specific objective set out in Article 3(2)(d) and also supporting the	
			specific objectives set out in Article 3(2)(a), (b) and (c), with the	
			following components:	
			(a) sharing excellence;(b) reforming and enhancing the European R&I System.	
			(b) reforming and emilancing the European Kar System.	
			2. The broad lines of activities are set out in Annex I.	
		5	Defence research	
			1. Activities to be carried out under the specific programme referred to	
			in Article 1(3)(b) and which are laid down in Regulation establishing	
			the European Defence Fund, shall be research with an exclusive focus	
			on defence applications, with the objective to foster the	
			competitiveness, efficiency and innovation of defence industry.	
			2. This Regulation does not apply to the specific programme referred to	
			in Article 1(3)(b), with the exception of this Article, Article 1(1) and (3)	
			and Article 9(1).	
5	Guidance and information for potential participants	1		
	In accordance with Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 966/2012 and			
	Regulation (EU) No 1268/2012, the Commission or the relevant			
	funding body shall ensure that sufficient guidance and			
	information is made available to all potential participants at the			
	time of publication of the call for proposals, in particular the			
	applicable model grant agreement.			
6	Forms of funding	6	Implementation and forms of EU funding	62(1)(c)
	In accordance with Article 10 of Regulation (EU) No 1291/2013,	[The Programme shall be implemented in direct management in	Methods of budget implementation
	funding may take one or several of the forms provided for by		accordance with the Financial Regulation or in indirect management	methods of budget implementation
	Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 966/2012, in particular grants,		with funding bodies referred to in Article 62(1)(c) of the Financial	1. The Commission shall implement the budget in
	prizes, procurement or financial instruments.	1	Regulation.	any of the following ways:



Horizo 2020		Horizor Europe		Financial Regulation 2018/1046
Article	· ·	Article	·	
1	· ·		 The Programme may provide funding to indirect actions in any of the forms laid down in the Financial Regulation, in particular grants (including operating grants), prizes and procurements. It may also provide financing in the form of financial instruments within blending operations. The rules for participation and dissemination laid down in this Regulation shall apply to indirect actions. The main types of action to be used under the Programme are set out and defined in Annex II. All forms of funding shall be used in a flexible manner across all objectives of the Programme with their use being determined on the basis of the needs and the characteristics of the particular objectives. The Programme shall also support direct actions undertaken by the JRC. Where these actions contribute to initiatives established under Article 185 or Article 187 TFEU, this contribution shall not be considered as part of the financial contribution allocated to those initiatives. The implementation of the specific programme shall be based on a transparent and strategic multiannual planning of research and innovation activities, in particular for the pillar 'Global Challenges and Industrial Competitiveness', following consultations with stakeholders about priorities and the suitable types of action and forms of implementation to use. This shall ensure alignment with other relevant Union programmes. Horizon Europe activities shall be primarily delivered through calls for proposals, some of which organised as parts of missions and European Partnerships. Research and innovation activities carried out under Horizon Europe shall have a focus on civil applications. 	[] (c) indirectly ('indirect management') as set out in Articles 125 to 149 and 154 to 159, where this is provided for in the basic act or in the cases referred to in points (a) to (d) of Article 58(2), by entrusting budget implementation tasks to: (i) third countries or the bodies they have designated; (ii) international organisations or their agencies, within the meaning of Article 156; (iii) the European Investment Bank ('the EIB') or the European Investment Fund ('the EIF') or both of them acting as a group ('the EIB group'); (iv) Union bodies referred to in Articles 70 and 71; (v) public law bodies, including Member State organisations; (vi) bodies governed by private law with a public service mission, including Member State organisations, to the extent that they are provided with adequate financial guarantees; (vii) bodies governed by the private law of a Member State that are entrusted with the implementation of a public- private partnership and that are provided with adequate financial guarantees; (viii) bodies or persons entrusted with the implementation of specific actions in the CFSP pursuant to Title V of the TEU, and identified in the relevant basic act. With regard to point (c)(vi) of the first subparagraph, the amount of the financial guarantees required may be set out in the relevant basic act and may be limited to the maximum amount of the Union contribution to the body concerned. In the case of multiple guarantors, the repartition of the amount of the total liability to be covered by the guarantees shall be specified in the contribution agreement, which may provide for the liability of each guarantor to be proportionate to the share of their respective contribution to the body.



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Horizon 2020	Horizon 2020 Rules for Participation	Horizoi Europe		Financial Regulation 2018/1046
Article	Horizon 2020 Rules for Farticipation	Article	•	Tillaticial Regulation 2010/1040
	needed for implementing and exploiting the action (sideground)			[]
	referred to in Article 41(2) and Articles 45 to 48;			
	C. A. sakara dan dan saran sanatatan kanada sakara sahara saran kilana			(Auti-l- 2/42) DCD -h
	(iv) extend rules on exploitation to other purposes than mplementing the action (research use) or developing results for			{see Article 2(13) RfP above and 9(8) and 13(1) RfP below}
	commercialisation or commercialising results themselves (direct			below}
	exploitation) referred to in Article 48;			
	(v) set out specific criteria for allowing sub-licensing from one participant to another participant in the same action referred to			
	n Article 46(2);			
	vi) extend, under the conditions defined in the consortium			
	agreement referred to in Article 24(2), the access rights of			
	participants, their affiliated entities and third parties as licensees to results or background for purposes other than implementing			
	the action (research use) under appropriate conditions including			
	financial terms, or developing results for commercialisation or			
	commercialising results themselves (direct exploitation), as			
	referred to in Articles 46 to 48;			
	(vii) make access rights for direct exploitation conditional upon			
	the agreement of the participants concerned, as referred to in			
	Article 48;			
	viii) render optional the dissemination through scientific			
	publication in the form of open access, as referred to in Article			
	43(2);			
	(d) the funding of the actions, allowing funding bodies in the area			
	of electronic components and systems to apply reimbursement			
	rates different to those set out in Article 28(3) in cases where one			
	or more Member States co-fund a participant or an action.			
	A funding body entrusted with budget implementation tasks			
	under points (i) or (ii) of point (c) of Article 58(1) of Regulation			
	(EU, Euratom) No 966/2012, may apply rules which depart from those laid down in this Regulation, subject to the consent of the			
	Commission, if its specific operating needs so require. The			
	Commission shall give its consent in such cases only if those rules			



4. 1 the	Horizon 2020 Rules for Participation e in compliance with the general principles established in this gulation. This Regulation shall not apply to direct actions carried out by e Joint Research Centre (JRC).	Horizo Europe Article	Horizon Europe Rules for Participation	Financial Regulation 2018/1046
4. 1 the	gulation. This Regulation shall not apply to direct actions carried out by			
wo	Where relevant and specified in the work programme or the ork plan, proposals shall explain how and to what extent onder analysis is relevant to the content of the intended project.		9. The Programme shall ensure the effective promotion of gender equality and the gender dimension in research and innovation content. Particular attention shall be paid to ensuring gender balance, subject to	
13		7	the situation in the field of research and innovation concerned, in evaluation panels and in bodies such as expert groups. Missions 1. Missions shall be programmed within the pillar 'Global Challenges and Industrial Competitiveness', but may also benefit from actions	



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Horizo		Horizon		Financial Deculation 2010/1046
2020	·	Europe	Horizon Europe Rules for Participation	Financial Regulation 2018/1046
Article	!	Article	2. The uniquipmentally he impropries disconnected in accordance with Auticle F. of	
			2. The missions shall be implemented in accordance with Article 5 of	
			the Specific Programme. Evaluation shall be carried out in accordance	
			with Article 26.	
			2. Missions shall	
			3. Missions shall:	
			a) have a clear EU-added value and contribute to reaching Union priorities;	
			b) be bold and inspirational, and hence have wide societal or economic	
			relevance;	
			c) indicate a clear direction and be targeted, measurable and time-	
			bound;	
			d) be centered on ambitious but realistic research and innovation	
			activities;	
			e) spark activity across disciplines, sectors and actors;	
			f) be open to multiple, bottom-up solutions.	
			European Partnerships	
			1. Parts of Horizon Europe may be implemented through European	
			Partnerships. The involvement of the Union in European Partnerships	
			may take any of the following forms:	
			a) participation in partnerships set up on the basis of memoranda	
			of understanding and/or contractual arrangements between	
			the Commission and the partners referred to in Article 2(3),	
			specifying the objectives of the partnership, related	
			commitments for financial and/or in-kind contributions of	
			the partners, key performance and impact indicators, and	
			outputs to be delivered. They include the identification of	
			complementary research and innovation activities that are	
			implemented by the partners and by the Programme (Co-	
			programmed European Partnerships);	
			b) participation in and financial contribution to a programme of	
			research and innovation activities, based on the commitment	
			of the partners for financial and in-kind contributions and	
			integration of their relevant activities using a Programme co-	
			fund action (Co-funded European Partnerships);	
			c) participation in and financial contribution to research and	
			innovation programmes undertaken by several Member	
			States in accordance with Article 185 TFEU, or by bodies	
			established pursuant to Article 187 TFEU, such as Joint	
			Undertakings, or by the EIT Knowledge and Innovation	



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2020		Europe	Horizon Europe Rules for Participation	Financial Regulation 2018/1046
Article		Article		
			Communities in compliance with the [EIT Regulation]	
			(Institutionalised European Partnerships), to be implemented	
			only where other forms of European Partnerships would not	
			achieve the objectives or would not generate the necessary	
			expected impacts, and if justified by a long-term perspective	
			and high degree of integration including central management	
			of all financial contributions.	
			2. European Partnerships shall:	
			a) Be established in cases where they will more effectively	
			achieve objectives of Horizon Europe than the Union alone;	
			b) Adhere to the principles of the Union added value,	
			transparency, openness, impact, leverage effect, long-term financial commitment of all the involved parties, flexibility,	
			coherence and complementarity with Union, local, regional national and international initiatives;	
			c) be time limited and include conditions for phasing-out the	
			Programme funding.	
			Provisions and criteria for their selection, implementation, monitoring,	
			evaluation and phasing-out are set out in Annex III.	
8	Independence		evaluation and phasing out are set out in Annex in.	
8	independence			
	1. Two legal entities shall be regarded as independent of each			
	other where neither is under the direct or indirect control of the			
	other or under the same direct or indirect control as the other.			
	2. For the purposes of paragraph 1, control may, in particular,			
	take either of the following forms:			
	(a) the direct or indirect holding of more than 50 % of the			
	nominal value of the issued share capital in the legal entity			
	concerned, or of a majority of the voting rights of the			
	shareholders or associates of that entity;			
	(b) the direct or indirect holding, in fact or in law, of decision-			
	making powers in the legal entity concerned.			
	3. For the purposes of paragraph 1, the following relationships			
	between legal entities shall not in themselves be deemed to			
	constitute controlling relationships:			
	(a) the same public investment corporation, institutional investor			
	or venture-capital company has a direct or indirect holding of			



Horizon 2020 Article More than 50 % of the nominal value of the issued share capital or a majority of voting rights of the shareholders or associates; (b) the legal entities concerned are owned or supervised by the same public body. Horizon Europe Horizon Europe Rules for Participation Financial Regulation	n 2018/1046
Article more than 50 % of the nominal value of the issued share capital or a majority of voting rights of the shareholders or associates; (b) the legal entities concerned are owned or supervised by the same public body.	1 2010/ 1040
more than 50 % of the nominal value of the issued share capital or a majority of voting rights of the shareholders or associates; (b) the legal entities concerned are owned or supervised by the same public body.	
9 buget 02(1)(a) and (c)	
1. The financial envelope for the implementation of the Framework Programme for the period 2021 – 2027 shall be EUR 94 100 000 000 in current prices for the specific programme referred to in Article 1(3)(a) and, in addition, the amount for the specific programme referred to in Article 13(3)(b), as laid down in Regulation Establishing the European Defence Fund. 2. The indicative distribution of the amount referred to in paragraph 1, first half sentence, shall be: (a) EUR 25 800 000 000 for Pillar I 'Open Science' for the period 2021-2027, of which (1) EUR 16 600 000 000 for for Marie Skłodowska-Curie Actions; (3) EUR 2 300 000 000 for for Marie Skłodowska-Curie Actions; (b) EUR 52 700 000 000 for research infrastructures; (b) EUR 52 700 000 000 for for pillar II 'Global Challenges and Industrial Completiveness' for the period 2021-2027, of which (1) EUR 7 700 000 000 for cluster 'Health'; (2) EUR 2 800 000 000 for cluster 'Health'; (3) EUR 15 000 000 000 for cluster 'Climate, Energy and Mobility'; (4) EUR 15 000 000 000 for cluster 'Food and Natural Resources'; (5) EUR 12 200 000 000 for politar III 'Quent Innovation Council, including up to EUR 500 000 000 for the non-nuclear direct actions of the Joint Research Centre (IRC); (c) EUR 13 500 000 000 for Pillar III 'Quent Innovation' Council, including up to EUR 500 000 000 for the considerations; to the extent that the period 2021-2027, of which (1) EUR 15 000 000 000 for cluster 'Food and Natural Resources'; (2) EUR 3 000 000 000 for the European Innovation Council, including up to EUR 500 000 000 for the consideration of a public-private implementation of a public-private in the current to the stream of the surgest in the Council in the current to the stream of the current to the c	ment the budget in nt') as set out in intments, including its under the authority of ation, in accordance executive agencies as ment') as set out in 159, where this is in the cases referred 58(2), by entrusting to: s they have or their agencies, 156; Bank ('the EIB') or the the EIF') or both of B group'); a Articles 70 and 71; g Member State e law with a public there State at they are provided intees; ivate law of a ted with the



Horizo	n	Horizo	n	
2020		Europe		Financial Regulation 2018/1046
Article		Article		
			(d) EUR 2 100 000 000 for Part 'Strengthening the European	that are provided with adequate financial
			Research Area' for the period 2021-2017, of which	guarantees;
			(1) EUR 1 700 000 000 for 'sharing excellence';	(viii) bodies or persons entrusted with the
			(2) EUR 400 000 000 for 'reforming and enhancing the	implementation of specific actions in the CFSP
			European R&I System'.	pursuant to Title V of the TEU, and identified in the relevant basic act.
			3. In order to respond to unforeseen situations or to new	With regard to point (c)(vi) of the first subparagraph,
			developments and needs, the Commission may, within the annual	the amount of the financial guarantees required
			budgetary procedure, deviate from the amounts referred to in	may be set out in the relevant basic act and may be
			paragraph 2 up to a maximum of 10%. No such deviation shall be allowed in respect of the amounts referred to in points (b) (6) of	limited to the maximum amount of the Union contribution to the body concerned. In the case of
			paragraph 2 of this Article and the total amount set out for Part	multiple guarantors, the repartition of the amount
			'Strengthening the European Research Area' of paragraph 2 of this	of the total liability to be covered by the guarantees
			Article.	shall be specified in the contribution agreement,
				which may provide for the liability of each guarantor
			4. The amount referred to in paragraph 1, first half sentence, may also	to be proportionate to the share of their respective
			cover expenses for preparation, monitoring, control, audit, evaluation	contribution to the body.
			and other activities and expenditures necessary for managing and	[]
			implementing the Programme, including all administrative expenditure,	
			as well as evaluating the achievement of its objectives. It may	
			moreover cover expenses relating to the studies, meetings of experts,	
			information and communication actions, in so far as they are related to the objectives of the Programme, as well as expenses linked to	
			information technology networks focusing on information processing	
			and exchange, including corporate information technology tools and	
			other technical and administrative assistance needed in connection	
			with the management of the Programme.	
			5. If necessary, appropriations may be entered in the budget beyond 2027 to cover the expenses provided for in paragraph 4, to enable the	
			management of actions not completed by 31 December 2027.	
			management of actions not completed by 31 December 2027.	
			6. Budgetary commitments for actions extending over more than one	
			financial year may be broken down over several years into annual	
			instalments.	
			7. Without prejudice to the Financial Regulation, expenditure for	
			actions resulting from projects included in the first work programme	
			may be eligible as from 1 January 2021.	



Horizo	. 1	Horizon		
2020		Europe	Horizon Europe Rules for Participation	Financial Regulation 2018/1046
Article		Article	Horizon Europe Rules for Participation	Filialicial Regulation 2010/1040
Aitici			8. Resources allocated to Member States under shared management	
			and transferrable in accordance with Article 21 of Regulation (EU) XX	
			[Common Provisions Regulation] may, at their request, be transferred	
			to the Programme. The Commission shall implement those resources	
			directly in accordance with point (a) of Article 62(1) of the Financial	
			Regulation or indirectly in accordance with point (c) of that Article.	
			Where possible, those resources shall be used for the benefit of the	
			Member State concerned.	
			9. Horizon Europe is designed to be implemented in synergy with other	
			Union funding programmes. A non-exhaustive list of synergies with	
			other Union funding programmes is included in Annex IV.	
			Open access and open data	
			Open access to scientific publications resulting from research funded	
			under the Programme shall be ensured in accordance with Article	
			35(3). Open access to research data shall be ensured in line with the	
			principle 'as open as possible, as closed as necessary'. Open access to	
			other research outputs shall be encouraged.	
			2. Responsible management of research data shall be ensured in line	
			with the principles 'Findability', 'Accessibility', 'Interoperability' and	
			'Reusability' (FAIR).	
			3. Open science practices beyond open access to research outputs and	
			responsible management of research data shall be promoted.	
		11	Complementary and combined funding	
			Actions awarded a Seal of Excellence certification, or which comply	
			with the following cumulative, comparative, conditions:	
			(a) they have been assessed in a call for proposals under the	
			Programme;	
			(b) they comply with the minimum quality requirements of that call for	
			proposals;	
			(c) they may not be financed under that call for proposals due to	
			budgetary constraints, may receive support from the European Regional Development Fund, the Cohesion Fund, the European Social	
			Regional Development Fund, the Conesion Fund, the European Social Fund+ or the European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development, in	
			accordance with paragraph 5 of Article [67] of Regulation (EU) XX	
			[Common Provisions Regulation] and Article [8] or Regulation (EU) XX	
			[Common Frovisions Regulation] and Article [6] of Regulation (EO) XX	



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Horizon 2020		Horizoi Europe		Financial Regulation 2018/1046
Article		Article	·	Filialicial Regulation 2016/ 1040
Article		Aiticic	[Financing, management and monitoring of the Common Agricultural	
			Policy], provided that such actions are consistent with the objectives of	
			the programme concerned. The rules of the Fund providing support	
			shall apply.	
		12	Third countries associated to the Programme	21(5)
			The Programme shall be open to association of the following third countries:	Assigned revenue
			(a) European Free Trade Association (EFTA) members which are	[]
			members of the European Economic Area (EEA), in accordance with the	5. A basic act may assign the revenue for which it
			conditions laid down in the EEA agreement;	provides to specific items of expenditure. Unless
			(b) acceding countries, candidate countries and potential candidates, in	otherwise specified in the basic act, such revenue
			accordance with the general principles and general terms and	shall constitute internal assigned revenue.
			conditions for the participation of those countries in Union	[]
			programmes established in the respective framework agreements and	
			Association Council decisions, or similar agreements, and in accordance	
			with the specific conditions laid down in agreements between the	{see Article 33(6) and 42(4) RfP below}
			Union and those countries;	
			(c) countries covered by the European Neighbourhood Policy, in	
			accordance with the general principles and general terms and	
			conditions for the participation of those countries in Union	
			programmes established in the respective framework agreements and Association Council decisions, or similar agreements, and in accordance	
			with the specific conditions laid down in agreements between the	
			Union and those countries;	
			(d) third countries and territories that fulfil all of the following criteria:	
			i. a good capacity in science, technology and innovation;	
			ii. commitment to a rules-based open market economy, including fair	
			and equitable dealing with intellectual property rights, backed by	
			democratic institutions;	
			iii. active promotion of policies to improve the economic and social	
			wellbeing of citizens.	
			Association to the Programme of each of the third countries under	
			point (d) shall be in accordance with the conditions laid down in a	
			specific agreement covering the participation of the third country to	
			any Union programme, provided that the agreement:	
			- ensures a fair balance as regards the contributions and benefits of the	
			third country participating in the Union programmes; — lays down the conditions of participation in the programmes,	
			including the calculation of financial contributions to individual	
			including the calculation of finalicial contributions to individual	



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2020		Europe		Financial Regulation 2018/1046
Article		Article		Timuncial Regulation 2010/1040
			programmes and their administrative costs. These contributions shall	
			constitute assigned revenues in accordance with Article 21(5) of the	
			Financial Regulation;	
			– does not confer to the third country a decisional power on the	
			programme;	
			– guarantees the rights of the Union to ensure sound financial	
			management and to protect its financial interests.	
			2. The scope of association of each third country to the Programme	
			shall take into account the objective of driving economic growth in the	
			Union through innovation.	
			Accordingly, with the exception of EEA members, acceding countries,	
			candidate countries and potential candidates, parts of the Programme	
			may be excluded from an association agreement for a specific country.	
			3. The association agreement shall, where appropriate, provide for the	
			participation of legal entities established in the Union in equivalent	
			programmes of associated countries in accordance with the conditions	
			laid down therein.	
			4. The conditions determining the level of financial contribution shall	
			ensure an automatic correction of any significant imbalance compared	
			to the amount that entities established in the associated country	
			receive through participation in the Programme, taking into account	
			the costs in the management, execution and operation of the Programme.	
1 (3)	Subject matter and scope	13	Funding bodies and direct actions of JRC	62(1)(c)(ii), (iii) and (v)
(4)				
	3. Regulation (EC) No 294/2008 or any basic act which entrusts		1. Funding bodies may depart from the rules set out in this Title only if	Methods of budget implementation
	budget implementation tasks to a funding body under Article 185		this is provided for in the basic act setting up the funding body or	
	TFEU may establish rules which depart from those laid down in		entrusting budget implementation tasks to it or, for funding bodies	1. The Commission shall implement the budget in
	this Regulation. In order to take into account their specific		under Article 62(1)(c)(ii), (iii) or (v) of the Financial Regulation, if it is	any of the following ways:
	operating needs and subject to the rules established in the		provided for in the contribution agreement and their specific operating	[]
	relevant basic act, the Commission shall be empowered to adopt		needs or the nature of the action so require.	(c) indirectly ('indirect management') as set out in
	delegated acts in accordance with Article 56, with regard to			Articles 125 to 149 and 154 to 159, where this is
	funding bodies set up under Article 187 TFEU concerning: []		2. The rules set out in this Title shall not apply to direct actions	provided for in the basic act or in the cases referred
	A This Developing shall perfectly the Property of the Property		undertaken by the JRC.	to in points (a) to (d) of Article 58(2), by entrusting
	4. This Regulation shall not apply to direct actions carried out by			budget implementation tasks to:
	the Joint Research Centre (JRC).			[]



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2020	Horizon 2020 Rules for Participation	Europe		Financial Regulation 2018/1046
	•	•		i mancial Regulation 2010/1040
Article		Article		(ii) international organisations or their agencies, within the meaning of Article 156; (iii) the European Investment Bank ('the EIB') or the European Investment Fund ('the EIF') or both of them acting as a group ('the EIB group'); [] (v) public law bodies, including Member State organisations; [] With regard to point (c)(vi) of the first subparagraph, the amount of the financial guarantees required may be set out in the relevant basic act and may be limited to the maximum amount of the Union contribution to the body concerned. In the case of multiple guarantors, the repartition of the amount of the total liability to be covered by the guarantees shall be specified in the contribution agreement, which may provide for the liability of each guarantor to be proportionate to the share of their respective contribution to the body. []
				{see Article 2(13) and 6(1) and 9(8) RfP above}
13	Proposals 2. Any proposal for research on human embryonic stem cells shall include, as appropriate, details of licensing and control measures that will be taken by the competent authorities of the Member States concerned as well as details of the ethical approvals that will be provided. As regards the derivation of human embryonic stem cells, institutions, organisations and researchers shall be subject to strict licensing and control in accordance with the legal framework of the Member States concerned. 3. A proposal which contravenes ethical principles or any applicable legislation, or which does not fulfil the conditions set out in Decision No 2013/743/EU, in the work programme, in the	14	1. Without prejudice to paragraphs 2 to 3 of this Article, only actions implementing the objectives referred to in Article 3 shall be eligible for funding. The following fields of research shall not be financed: (a) activities aiming at human cloning for reproductive purposes; (b) activities intended to modify the genetic heritage of human beings which could make such changes heritable; (c) activities intended to create human embryos solely for the purpose of research or for the purpose of stem cell procurement, including by means of somatic cell nuclear transfer. 2. Research on human stem cells, both adult and embryonic, may be financed, depending both on the contents of the scientific proposal and the legal framework of the Member States involved. No funding shall be	



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Horizo 2020	n Horizon 2020 Rules for Participation	Horizon Europe	Horizon Europe Rules for Participation	Financial Regulation 2018/1046
Article	•	Article	nonzon Europe Rules for Participation	Financial Regulation 2016/1046
	work plan or in the call for proposals may be excluded from the evaluation, selection and award procedures at any time.	; ;	granted for research activities that are prohibited in all the Member States. No activity shall be funded in a Member State where such activity is forbidden. 3. The fields of research set out in paragraph 1 may be reviewed within the context of the interim evaluation referred to in Article 47(2) in the light of scientific advances.	
14	Ethics review	15 I	Ethics	
	 The Commission shall systematically carry out ethics reviews for proposals raising ethical issues. That review shall verify the respect of ethical principles and legislation and, in the case of research carried out outside the Union, that the same research would have been allowed in a Member State. The Commission shall make the process of the ethics review as transparent as possible and ensure that it is carried out in a timely manner avoiding, where possible, the resubmission of documents. 	1	1. Actions carried out under the Programme shall comply with ethical principles and relevant national, Union and international legislation, including the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union and the European Convention on Human Rights and its Supplementary Protocols. Particular attention shall be paid to the principle of proportionality, the right to privacy, the right to the protection of personal data, the right to the physical and mental integrity of a person, the right to non-discrimination and the need to ensure high levels of human health protection.	
			2. Entities participating in the action shall provide: (a) an ethics self-assessment identifying and detailing all the foreseeable ethics issues related to the objective, implementation and likely impact of the activities to be funded, including a confirmation of compliance with paragraph 1, and a description of how it will be ensured; (b) a confirmation that the activities will comply with the European Code of Conduct for Research Integrity published by All European Academies and that no activities excluded from funding will be conducted; (c) for activities carried out outside the Union, a confirmation that the same activities would have been allowed in a Member State; and (d) for activities making use of human embryonic stem cells, as appropriate, details of licensing and control measures that shall be taken by the competent authorities of the Member States concerned as well as details of the ethics approvals that shall be obtained before the activities concerned start.	
			3. Proposals shall be systematically screened to identify those actions raising complex or serious ethics issues and submit them to an ethics	



Horizo	n	Horizon		
2020		Europe	Horizon Europe Rules for Participation	Financial Regulation 2018/1046
Article	•	Article	Horizon Europe Rules for Farticipation	i manciai negulation 2010/1040
Aiticic	•		assessment. The ethics assessment shall be carried out by the	
			Commission unless it is delegated to the funding body. For actions	
			involving the use of human embryonic stem cells or human embryos,	
			an ethics assessment shall be mandatory. Ethics screenings and	
			assessments shall be carried out with the support of ethics experts. The	
			Commission and the funding bodies shall ensure the transparency of	
			the ethics procedures as much as possible.	
			4. Entities participating in the action shall obtain all approvals or other	
			mandatory documents from the relevant national, local ethics	
			committees or other bodies such as data protection authorities before	
			the start of the relevant activities. Those documents shall be kept on	
			file and provided to the Commission or funding body upon request.	
			5. If appropriate, ethics checks shall be carried out by the Commission	
			or funding body. For serious or complex ethics issues, the checks shall	
			be carried out by the Commission unless it is delegated to the funding	
			body.	
			Ethics checks shall be carried out with the support of ethics experts.	
			6. Actions which are not ethically acceptable may be rejected or	
			terminated at any time.	
		16	Security	
			1. Actions carried out under the Programme shall comply with the	
			applicable security rules and in particular rules on protection of	
			classified information against unauthorised disclosure, including	
			compliance with any relevant national and Union law. In case of	
			research carried out outside the Union using and/or generating	
			classified information, it is necessary that, in addition to the compliance	
			with those requirements, a security agreement shall have to be	
			concluded between the Union and the third country in which the research is conducted.	
			research is conducted.	
			2. Where appropriate, proposals shall include a security self-assessment	
			identifying any security issues and detailing how these issues will be	
			addressed in order to meet the relevant national and Union law.	
			3. Where appropriate, the Commission or funding body shall carry out a	
			security scrutiny for proposals raising security issues.	



Horizo	n	Horizor		
2020 Article	Horizon 2020 Rules for Participation	Europe Article	Horizon Europe Rules for Participation	Financial Regulation 2018/1046
			 Where appropriate, the actions shall comply with Decision (EU, Euratom) 2015/444, and its implementing rules. Entities participating in the action shall ensure the protection against unauthorised disclosure of classified information used and/or generated by the action. They shall provide proof of personal and/or facility security clearance from the relevant national security authorities, prior to the start of the activities concerned. If external experts have to deal with classified information, the appropriate security clearance shall be required before those experts are appointed. Where appropriate, the Commission or funding body may carry out security checks. Actions which do not comply with security rules may be rejected or 	
25	Forms of grants	17	terminated at any time.	Title VIII
25	Grants may take any of the forms provided for in Article 123 of Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 966/2012, taking into account the objectives of the action.	17	Grants under the Programme shall be awarded and managed in accordance with Title VIII of the Financial Regulation, unless otherwise specified in this Chapter.	Grants Article 180 – 205
17	1. The Commission shall ensure the existence of a procedure for participants to make enquiries or complaints about their involvement in Horizon 2020. 2. The Commission shall ensure that information on how to register concerns, enquiries or complaints is made available to all participants and is published on-line.			
7	Legal entities that may participate in actions 1. Any legal entity, regardless of its place of establishment, or international organisation may participate in an action provided that the conditions laid down in this Regulation have been met, together with any conditions laid down in the relevant work programme or work plan.	18	Entities eligible for participation 1. Any legal entity, regardless of its place of establishment, or international organisation may participate in actions under the Programme, provided that the conditions laid down in this Regulation have been met together with any conditions laid down in the work programme or call.	



Horizor		Horizor		
2020 Article	Horizon 2020 Rules for Participation	Europe Article	Horizon Europe Rules for Participation	Financial Regulation 2018/1046
	 The relevant work programme may restrict the participation in Horizon 2020 or parts thereof of legal entities established in third countries where conditions for the participation of legal entities from Member States, or of their affiliated entities established in a third country, in the third country's research and innovation programmes are considered to be prejudicial to the Union's interests. The relevant work programme or work plan may exclude entities unable to provide satisfactory security guarantees, including as regards personnel security clearance if justified by security reasons. The JRC may participate in actions with the same rights and 			
9	Conditions for participation 1. The following minimum conditions shall apply: (a) at least three legal entities shall participate in an action; (b) three legal entities shall each be established in a different Member State or associated country; and (c) the three legal entities referred to in point (b) shall be independent of each other within the meaning of Article 8. 2. For the purposes of paragraph 1, where one of the participants is the JRC, or an international European interest organisation or an entity created under Union law, it shall be deemed to be established in a Member State or associated country other than any Member State or associated country in which another participant in the same action is established. 3. By way of derogation from paragraph 1, the minimum condition shall be the participation of one legal entity established in a Member State or associated country, in the case of: (a) European Research Council (ERC) frontier research actions; (b) the SME instrument, where the action has a clear European		 Entities shall be part of a consortium that shall include at least three independent legal entities each established in a different Member State or associated country and with at least one of them established in a Member State, unless: (a) the work programme provides otherwise, if justified; (b) the action is one referred to in paragraphs 3 or 4. European Research Council (ERC) frontier research actions, European Innovation Council (EIC) actions, training and mobility actions or programme co-fund actions may be implemented by one or more legal entities, one of which must be established in a Member State or associated country. Coordination and support actions may be implemented by one or more legal entities, which may be established in a Member State, associated country or in another third country. 	



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2020	Horizon 2020 Rules for Participation	Europe	Horizon Europe Rules for Participation	Financial Regulation 2018/1046
Article		Article		
	(c) programme co-fund actions; and		5. For actions related to Union strategic assets, interests, autonomy or	
	(d) justified cases provided for in the work programme or work		security, the work programme may provide that the participation can	
	plan.		be limited to those legal entities established in Member States only, or	
			to those legal entities established in specified associated or other third	
	4. By way of derogation from paragraph 1, in the case of coordination and support actions and training and mobility		countries in addition to Member States.	
	actions, the minimum condition shall be the participation of one		6. The work programme may provide for eligibility criteria in addition to	
	legal entity.		those set out in paragraphs 2, 3, 4, and 5 according to specific policy	
	regul entity.		requirements or to the nature and objectives of the action, including	
	5. Where appropriate and duly justified, work programmes or		the number of legal entities, the type of legal entity and the place of	
	work plans may provide for additional conditions according to		establishment.	
	specific policy requirements or to the nature and objectives of			
	the action, including inter alia conditions regarding the number		7. For actions benefiting from amounts under Article 9(8), the	
	of participants, the type of participant and the place of		participation shall be limited to a single legal entity established in the	
	establishment.		jurisdiction of the delegating Managing Authority, except if otherwise	
			agreed with the Managing Authority and provided for in the work	
			programme.	
			8. Where indicated in the work programme, the Joint Research Centre	
			may participate in actions.	
			may participate in detions.	
			9. The Joint Research Centre, international European research	
			organisations and legal entities created under Union law shall be	
			deemed to be established in a Member State other than the ones in	
			which other legal entities participating in the action are established.	
			10. For European Research Council (ERC) frontier research actions and	
			training and mobility actions, international organisations with	
			headquarters in a Member State or associated country shall be deemed to be established in this Member State or associated country.	
18	Grant agreement		to be established in this Member State of associated country.	
	1. The Commission shall, in close cooperation with the Member			
	States, draw up model grant agreements between the			
	Commission or the relevant funding body and the participants in			
	accordance with this Regulation. If a significant modification of a			
	model grant agreement is required, the Commission shall, in			
	close cooperation with the Member States, revise it as			
	appropriate.			



Horizo 2020		Horizo		Financial Regulation 2018/1046
Article	Horizon 2020 Rules for Participation	Europe Article		Filialicial Regulation 2010/1040
7 57616	2. The Commission or the relevant funding body shall enter into a	7 0.010		
	grant agreement with the participants. The removal or			
	substitution of an entity before signature of the grant agreement			
	shall be duly justified.			
	3. The grant agreement shall establish the rights and obligations			
	of the participants and of either the Commission or the relevant			
	funding body in compliance with this Regulation. It shall also			
	establish the rights and obligations of legal entities which			
	become participants during the implementation of the action, as			
	well as the role and tasks of a consortium coordinator.			
	4. On the basis of a requirement in a work programme or work			
	plan, the grant agreement may establish rights and obligations of			
	the participants with regard to access rights, exploitation and			
	dissemination, in addition to those laid down in this Regulation.			
	5. The grant agreement shall, where appropriate and to the			
	extent possible, reflect the general principles laid down in the			
	Commission Recommendation on the European Charter for			
	Researchers and the Code of Conduct for the Recruitment of			
	Researchers, principles of research integrity, the Commission			
	Recommendation on the management of intellectual property in			
	knowledge transfer activities, the Code of Practice for universities			
	and other public research institutions as well as the gender			
	equality principle laid down in Article 16 of Regulation (EU) No			
	1291/2013.			
	6. The great agreement shall where appropriate contain			
	6. The grant agreement shall, where appropriate, contain provisions ensuring the respect of ethical principles, including the			
	establishment of an independent ethics board and the right of			
	the Commission to carry out an ethics audit by independent			
	experts.			
	CAPCI CI.			
	7. In duly justified cases, specific grants for actions may form part			
	of a framework partnership in accordance with Regulation (EU,			
	Euratom) No 966/2012 and Regulation (EU) No 1268/2012.			
10	Eligibility for funding	19	Entities eligible for funding	



11		11		
Horizo		Horizoi		Financial Parulation 2010/1016
2020		Europe		Financial Regulation 2018/1046
Article		Article		
	1. The following participants are eligible for funding from the		1. Entities are eligible for funding if they are established in a Member	
	Union:		State or associated country.	
	(a) any legal entity established in a Member State or associated		For actions benefiting from amounts under Article 9(8), only entities	
	country, or created under Union law;		established in the jurisdiction of the delegating Managing Authority	
	(b) any international European interest organisation;		shall be eligible for funding out of these amounts.	
	(c) any legal entity established in a third country identified in the			
	work programme.		2. Entities established in a non-associated third country should in	
			principle bear the cost of their participation. However, for low to	
	2. In the case of a participating international organisation or in		middle income countries and exceptionally for other non-associated	
	the case of a participating legal entity established in a third		third countries they could be eligible for funding in an action if:	
	country, neither of which are eligible for funding according to		(a) the third country is identified in the work programme adopted by	
	paragraph 1, funding from the Union may be granted provided		the Commission; or	
	that at least one of the following conditions is fulfilled:		(b) the Commission or funding body consider that its participation is	
	(a) the participation is deemed essential for carrying out the		essential for implementing the action;	
	action by the Commission or the relevant funding body;			
	(b) such funding is provided for under a bilateral scientific and		3. Affiliated entities are eligible for funding in an action if they are	
	technological agreement or any other arrangement between the		established in a Member State, Associated country, or in a third	
	Union and the international organisation or, for entities		country identified in the work programme adopted by the Commission.	
	established in third countries, the country in which the legal			
	entity is established.			
19	Grant decisions			
	Where appropriate, and in duly justified cases, the Commission,			
	in accordance with Article 121(1) of Regulation (EU, Euratom) No			
	966/2012, or the relevant funding body, may notify grant			
	decisions instead of entering into grant agreements. The			
	provisions of this Regulation referring to grant agreements shall			
	apply mutatis mutandis.			
11	Calls for proposals	20	Calls for proposals	
	4. Calle for an area la shall be town 12		4. Familia attana anno de familia Batha de la companio del companio de la companio de la companio del companio de la companio del companio de la companio de la companio de la companio del la companio del companio de la companio del companio	
	1. Calls for proposals shall be issued in accordance with		1. For all actions, except for EIC Pathfinder transition activities, the	
	Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 966/2012 and Regulation (EU) No		content of the calls for proposals shall be contained in the work	
	1268/12, taking account in particular of the need for		programme.	
	transparency and non-discrimination, and for flexibility			
	appropriate to the diverse nature of the research and innovation		2. For EIC Pathfinder transition activities:	
	sectors.		(a) the launch and the content of the calls for proposals shall be	
			determined with regard to objectives and budget established by the	
	2. As an exception and without prejudice to the other cases		work programme in relation with the concerned portfolio of actions;	
	provided for in Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 966/2012 and		(b) grants for a fixed amount not exceeding EUR 50,000 may be	
	Regulation (EU) No 1268/2012, calls for proposals shall not be		awarded without a call for proposals to carry out urgent coordination	



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Article	issued for coordination and support actions and programme co- fund actions to be carried out by legal entities identified in the work programmes or work plans provided that the action does not fall within the scope of a call for proposals. 3. In accordance with the relevant rules of Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 966/2012 and Regulation (EU) No 1268/2012, sufficient time periods for preparing proposals shall be provided, with reasonable notice of upcoming calls for proposals through the publication of a work programme and a reasonable time period between the publication of a call for proposals and the deadline for submitting a proposal.	Article	and support actions for reinforcing the portfolio's community of beneficiaries or assessing possible spin-offs or potential market creating-innovation. 3. If necessary to achieve their objectives, calls may be restricted to develop additional activities or to add additional partners to existing actions. 4. A call for proposals is not required for coordination and support actions or programme co-fund actions which: (a) are to be carried out by the Joint Research Centre or legal entities identified in the work programme and (b) do not fall within the scope of a call for proposals. 5. The Work Programme shall specify calls for which "Seals of Excellence" will be awarded. With prior authorisation from the	
			applicant, information concerning the application and the evaluation may be shared with interested financing authorities, subject to the conclusion of confidentiality agreements.	
12	Joint calls with third countries or with international organisations	21	Joint calls The Commission or funding body may issue a joint call for proposals	
	1. Joint calls for proposals with third countries or their scientific and technological organisations and agencies or with international organisations may be issued to jointly fund actions in priority areas of common interest and expected mutual benefit where there is a clear added value for the Union. Proposals shall be evaluated and selected through joint evaluation and selection procedures to be agreed upon. Such evaluation and selection procedures shall ensure compliance with the principles set out in Title VI of Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 966/2012 and involve a balanced group of independent experts appointed by each party. 2. Legal entities receiving funding from the Union shall conclude		with: (a) third countries, including their scientific and technological organisations or agencies; (b) international organisations; (c) non-profit legal entities. In the case of a joint call, joint procedures shall be established for selection and evaluation of proposals. The procedures shall involve a balanced group of experts appointed by each party.	
	a grant agreement with the Union or the relevant funding body. That grant agreement shall include a description of the work to be done by those participants and by the participating legal entities from the third countries involved.			



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	3. Legal entities receiving funding from the Union shall conclude a coordination agreement with the participating legal entities receiving funding from the relevant third countries or international organisations.			
21	Time to Pay			
	Participants shall be paid in a timely manner in accordance with Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 966/2012. When a payment has been made to the coordinator, the Commission or the relevant funding body shall notify the participants thereof.			
51	Procurement, pre-commercial procurement and public	22	Pre-commercial procurement and procurement of innovative	
	1. Any procurement carried out by the Commission on its own behalf or jointly with Member States shall be subject to the rules on public procurement set out in Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 966/2012 and Regulation (EU) No 1268/2012. 2. Union funding may take the form of pre-commercial procurement or the procurement of innovative solutions carried out by the Commission or the relevant funding body on its own behalf or jointly with contracting authorities from Member States and associated countries. The procurement procedures: (a) shall comply with the principles of transparency, non-discrimination, equal treatment, sound financial management, proportionality, with competition rules and, where applicable, with Directives 2004/17/EC, 2004/18/EC and 2009/81/EC, or, where the Commission acts on its own behalf, with Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 966/2012; (b) may provide for specific conditions such as the place of performance of the procured activities being limited for precommercial procurement, to the territory of the Member States and of countries associated to Horizon 2020 where duly justified by the objectives of the actions; (c) may authorise the award of multiple contracts within the same procedure (multiple sourcing); (d) shall provide for the award of the contracts to the tender(s) offering best value for money.		1. Actions may involve or have as their primary aim pre-commercial procurement or public procurement of innovative solutions that shall be carried out by beneficiaries which are contracting authorities or contracting entities as defined in Directives 2014/24/EU, 2014/25/EU and 2009/81/EC. 2. The procurement procedures: (a) shall comply with the principles of transparency, non-discrimination, equal treatment, sound financial management, proportionality and competition rules; (b) for pre-commercial procurement, may provide for specific conditions such as the place of performance of the procured activities being limited to the territory of the Member States and of associated countries; (c) may authorise the award of multiple contracts within the same procedure (multiple sourcing); and (d) shall provide for the award of the contracts to the tender(s) offering best value for money while ensuring absence of conflict of interest. 3. The contractor generating results in pre-commercial procurement shall own at least the attached intellectual property rights. The contracting authorities shall enjoy at least royalty-free access rights to the results for their own use and the right to grant, or require the participating contractors to grant, non-exclusive licences to third parties to exploit the results for the contracting authority under fair and reasonable conditions without any right to sub-license. If a contractor fails to commercially exploit the results within a given	



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	3. Unless otherwise stipulated in the call for tenders, results generated by procurement carried out by the Commission shall be owned by the Union.		period after the pre-commercial procurement as identified in the contract, the contracting authorities can require it to transfer any ownership of the results to the contracting authorities.	
	4. Specific provisions regarding ownership, access rights and licensing shall be laid down in the contracts regarding precommercial procurement to ensure maximum uptake of the results and to avoid any unfair advantage. The contractor generating results in pre-commercial procurement shall own at least the attached intellectual property rights. The contracting authorities shall enjoy at least royalty-free access rights to the results for their own use and the right to grant, or require the participating contractors to grant, non-exclusive licences to third parties to exploit the results under fair and reasonable conditions without any right to sub-license. If a contractor fails to commercially exploit the results within a given period after the pre-commercial procurement as identified in the contract, it shall transfer any ownership of the results to the contracting authorities. 5. Specific provisions regarding ownership, access rights and			
	licensing may be laid down in the contracts regarding public procurement of innovative solutions to ensure maximum uptake of the results and to avoid any unfair advantage.			
22	All exchanges with participants, including the conclusion of grant agreements, the notification of grant decisions and any amendments thereto, may be made through an electronic exchange system set up by the Commission or by the relevant funding body, as stipulated in Article 179 of Regulation (EU) No 1268/2012.			
37	Cumulative funding An action for which a grant from the Union budget has been awarded may also give rise to the award of a grant on the basis of Regulation (EU) No 1291/2013, provided that the grants do not cover the same cost items.	23	An action that has received a contribution from another Union programme may also receive a contribution under the Programme, provided that the contributions do not cover the same costs. The rules of each contributing Union programme shall apply to its respective contribution to the action. The cumulative funding shall not exceed the total eligible costs of the action and the support from different Union	



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			programmes may be calculated on a pro-rata basis in accordance with	
			the documents setting out the conditions for support.	
15	Selection and award criteria	25	Award criteria	
			1. A proposal shall be evaluated on the basis of the following award	
	1. The proposals submitted shall be evaluated on the basis of the		criteria:	
	following award criteria:		(a) excellence;	
	(a) excellence;		(b) impact;	
	(b) impact;		(c) quality and efficiency of the implementation.	
	(c) quality and efficiency of the implementation.			
			2. Only the criterion referred to in point (a) of paragraph 1 shall apply	
	2. Only the criterion referred to in point (a) of paragraph 1 shall		to proposals for ERC frontier research actions.	
	apply to proposals for ERC frontier research actions.		2. The work programme shall by down further details of the application	
	2. The exitorion referred to in point (h) of paragraph 1 may be		3. The work programme shall lay down further details of the application of the application and the application and the application of the application and the application of the application of the application and the application of the applic	
	3. The criterion referred to in point (b) of paragraph 1 may be given a higher weighting for proposals for innovation actions.		of the award criteria laid down in paragraph 1, and may specify weightings and thresholds.	
	given a nigher weighting for proposals for innovation actions.		weightings and thresholds.	
	4. The work programme or work plan shall lay down further			
	details of the application of the award criteria laid down in		Selection criteria	
	paragraph 1, and specify weightings and thresholds.			
	paragraph = / and speen/ 110-8.111.60 and an accordance	24	1. By derogation from Article 198 of the Financial Regulation, the	198
	5. The Commission shall take into account the possibility of a		financial capacity shall be verified only for the coordinator and only if	
	two-stage submission procedure provided for in Regulation (EU,		the requested funding from the Union for the action is equal or greater	Selection criteria
	Euratom) No 966/2012 and Regulation (EU) No 1268/2012,		than EUR 500 000.	
	where appropriate and consistent with the objectives of the call			1. The selection criteria shall be such as to make it
	for proposals.		2. However, if there are grounds to doubt the financial capacity or if	possible to assess the applicant's ability to complete
			there is a higher risk due to the participation in several ongoing actions	the proposed action or work programme.
	6. Proposals shall be ranked according to the evaluation results.		funded by Union research and innovation programmes, the	2. The applicant shall have stable and sufficient
	The selection shall be made on the basis of that ranking.		Commission or funding body shall verify also the financial capacity of	sources of funding to maintain his or her activity
			other applicants or of coordinators below the threshold referred to in	throughout the period for which the grant is
	7. The evaluation shall be carried out by independent experts.		paragraph 1.	awarded and to participate in its funding ('financial
				capacity').
	8. In the case of a legal entity referred to in Article 11(2) or in		3. If the financial capacity is structurally guaranteed by another legal	3. The applicant shall have the professional
	other duly justified exceptional circumstances, the evaluation		entity, the financial capacity of the latter shall be verified.	competencies and qualifications required to
	may be carried out in a manner derogating from paragraph 7. In			complete the proposed action or work programme
	each case of such evaluation the Commission shall provide the		4. In case of weak financial capacity, the Commission or funding body	unless specifically provided otherwise in the basic
	Member States with detailed information on the evaluation		may make participation of the applicant conditional on provision of a	act ('operational capacity').
1	procedure used and its outcome.		declaration on joint and several liability by an affiliated entity.	4. Financial and operational capacity shall be verified
				in particular on the basis of an analysis of any
	9. In cases where the requested funding from the Union for the		5. The contribution to the Mutual Insurance Mechanism set out in	information or supporting documents referred to in
	action is equal or superior to EUR 500 000, the Commission or		Article 33 shall be considered a sufficient guarantee under Article 152	Article 196.



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	the relevant funding body shall, by means compatible with national law, verify in advance the financial capacity of only the coordinators. Furthermore, whenever there are grounds to doubt the financial capacity of the coordinator or other participants on the basis of available information, the Commission or the relevant funding body shall verify their financial capacity. 10. The financial capacity shall not be verified either in respect of legal entities whose viability is guaranteed by a Member State or an associated country or in respect of higher and secondary education establishments. 11. Financial capacity may be guaranteed by any other legal entity, whose financial capacity shall in turn be verified in accordance with paragraph 9.	26	of the Financial Regulation. No additional guarantee or security may be accepted from beneficiaries or imposed upon them. Evaluation 1. Proposals shall be evaluated by the evaluation committee which may be: - fully or partially composed of external independent experts, - composed of representatives of Union Institutions or bodies as referred to in Article 150 of the Financial Regulation. The evaluation committee may be assisted by independent experts. 2. Where necessary, the evaluation committee shall rank the proposals having passed the applicable thresholds, according to: - the evaluation scores, - their contribution to the achievement of specific policy objectives, including the constitution of a consistent portfolio of projects. The evaluation committee may also propose any substantial adjustments to the proposals in as far as needed for the consistency of the portfolio.	If no supporting documents were requested in the call for proposals and if the authorising officer responsible has reasonable grounds to question the financial or operational capacity of an applicant, he or she shall request the applicant to provide any appropriate documents. In the case of partnerships the verification shall be performed in accordance with Article 130(6). 5. The verification of financial capacity shall not apply to: (a) natural persons in receipt of education support; (b) natural persons most in need, such as unemployed persons and refugees, and in receipt of direct support; (c) public bodies, including Member State organisations; (d) international organisations; (e) persons or entities applying for interest rate rebates and guarantee fee subsidies where the objective of those rebates and subsidies is to reinforce the financial capacity of a beneficiary or to generate an income. 6. The authorising officer responsible may, depending on a risk assessment, waive the obligation to verify the operational capacity of public bodies, Member State organisations or international organisations.
				Guarantees
				1. With the exception of contracts and grants the value of which does not exceed EUR 60 000, the authorising officer responsible may, if proportionate and subject to the authorising officer's risk analysis, require a guarantee to be lodged:



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				(b) by contractors to ensure compliance with substantial contractual obligations in the case of works, supplies or complex services ('performance guarantee');
				(c) by contractors to ensure full performance of the contract during the contract liability period ('retention money guarantee').
				The JRC shall be exempted from lodging guarantees.
				As an alternative to requesting a guarantee on pre- financing, for grants, the authorising officer responsible may decide to split the payment into several instalments.
				2. The authorising officer responsible shall decide whether the guarantee is to be denominated in euro or in the currency of the contract or of the grant agreement.
				3. The guarantee shall be issued by a bank or by an authorised financial institution accepted by the authorising officer responsible.
				At the request of the contractor or the beneficiary and provided it is accepted by the authorising officer responsible:
				(a) the guarantees referred to points (a), (b) and (c) of the first subparagraph of paragraph 1 may be replaced by a joint and several guarantee of the contractor or the beneficiary and a third party;
				(b) the guarantee referred to in point (a) of the first subparagraph of paragraph 1 may be replaced by an irrevocable and unconditional joint guarantee of the beneficiaries who are parties to the same grant agreement.
				4. The guarantee shall have the effect of making the bank or financial institution or the third party provide irrevocable collateral security, or stand as



Article	Article	first-call guarantor of the contractor's or beneficiary's obligations. 5. Where, in the course of implementation of the contract or the grant agreement, the authorising
		officer responsible discovers that a guarantor is not or is no longer authorised to issue guarantees in accordance with the applicable national law, he or she shall require that the contractor or the beneficiary replaces the guarantee issued by such a guarantor.
		150 Evaluation committee
		1. Application documents shall be evaluated by an evaluation committee. 2. The evaluation committee shall be appointed by the authorising officer responsible. The evaluation committee shall be made up of at least three persons. 3. The members of the evaluation committee evaluating grant applications or tenders shall represent at least two organisational entities of Union institutions or Union bodies referred to in Articles 68, 70 and 71 with no hierarchical link between them, at least one of which does not come under the authorising officer responsible. Where representations and local units outside the Union, such as a Union delegation, office or branch office in a third country, and Union bodies referred to in Articles 68, 70 and 71 have no separate entities, the requirement of organisational entities with no hierarchical link between them shall not apply. External experts may assist the evaluation



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				Members of the evaluation committee may be external experts where that possibility is provided for in the basic act. 4. The members of the evaluation committee evaluating applications in a contest for prizes may be persons referred to in the first subparagraph of paragraph 3 or external experts. 5. The members of the evaluation committee and the external experts shall comply with Article 61.
24	1. The members of any consortium wishing to participate in an action shall appoint one of them to act as coordinator, which shall be identified in the grant agreement. The coordinator shall be the principal point of contact between the members of the consortium in relations with the Commission or the relevant funding body, unless specified otherwise in the grant agreement, or in the event of non-compliance with its obligations under the grant agreement. 2. The members of a consortium participating in an action shall conclude an internal agreement ("the consortium agreement") establishing their rights and obligations with respect to the implementation of the action in compliance with the grant agreement, except in duly justified cases provided for in the work programme or work plan or call for proposals. The Commission shall publish guidelines on the main issues that may be addressed by participants in the consortium agreement. 3. The consortium agreement may stipulate inter alia the following: (a) the internal organisation of the consortium; (b) the distribution of the Union funding; (c) rules on dissemination, use and access rights, additional to those in Title III, Chapter I of this Regulation, and to the provisions in the grant agreement; (d) arrangements for settling internal disputes; (e) liability, indemnification and confidentiality arrangements between the participants.			



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	The members of the consortium may make any arrangements in			
	the consortium they deem fit to the extent that those			
	arrangements are not in conflict with the grant agreement or this			
	Regulation.			
	4. The consortium may propose to add or remove a participant or			
	change the coordinator in accordance with the relevant			
	provisions of the grant agreement, provided that the change is in			
	conformity with the conditions for participation, does not			
	adversely affect the implementation of the action and is not			
	contrary to the principle of equal treatment.			
16	Evaluation review procedure	27	Evaluation review procedure	
	The Commission or the relevant funding body shall provide a		1. An applicant may request an evaluation review if it considers that	
	transparent evaluation review procedure for applicants which		the applicable evaluation procedure has not been correctly applied to	
	consider that the evaluation of their proposal has not been		its proposal.	
	carried out in accordance with the procedures set out in this		its proposal.	
	Regulation, the relevant work programme, work plan or the call		2. An evaluation review applies only to the procedural aspects of the	
	for proposals.		evaluation, not to the evaluation of the merits of the proposal.	
	2. A request for review shall relate to a specific proposal, and		3. An evaluation review shall not delay the selection process for	
	shall be submitted by the coordinator of the proposal within 30 days of the date on which the Commission or the relevant		proposals that are not the subject of review.	
	funding body informs the coordinator of the evaluation results.			
	funding body informs the coordinator of the evaluation results.			
	3. The Commission or the relevant funding body shall be			
	responsible for the examination of the request referred to in			
	paragraph 2. The examination shall cover only the procedural			
	aspects of the evaluation, and not the merits of the proposal.			
	4. An evaluation review committee composed of Commission			
	staff or of staff of the relevant funding body shall provide an			
	opinion on the procedural aspects of the evaluation process. It			
	shall be chaired by an official of the Commission or of the			
	relevant funding body, from a department other than that			
	responsible for the call for proposals. The committee may			
	recommend one of the following:			
	(a) re-evaluation of the proposal primarily by evaluators not			
	involved in the previous evaluation;			
	(b) confirmation of the initial evaluation.			



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	 5. On the basis of the recommendation referred to in paragraph 4, a decision shall be taken by the Commission or the relevant funding body and notified to the coordinator of the proposal. The Commission or the relevant funding body shall take such decision without undue delay. 6. The review procedure shall not delay the selection process of proposals which are not the subject of requests for review. 			
	7. The review procedure shall not preclude any other actions the			
	participant may take in accordance with Union law.			
20	Time to grant	28	Time to grant	194(2)
	 In accordance with Article 128(2) of Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 966/2012, calls for proposals shall specify the planned date by which all applicants shall be informed of the outcome of the evaluation of their application and the indicative date for the signature of grant agreements or the notification of grant decisions. The dates referred to in paragraph 1 shall be based on the following periods: (a) for informing all applicants of the outcome of the scientific evaluation of their application, a maximum period of five months from the final date for submission of complete proposals; (b) for signing grant agreements with applicants or notifying grant decisions to them, a maximum period of three months from the date of informing applicants they have been successful. The periods referred to in paragraph 2 may be exceeded for actions of the ERC and in exceptional, duly justified cases, in particular where actions are complex, where there is a large number of proposals or where requested by the applicants. Participants shall be given reasonable time to submit the information and documentation required for the signature of the grant agreement. The Commission shall make decisions and requests for information as promptly as possible. Where possible, resubmission of documents shall be avoided. 		 By derogation from the first subparagraph of Article 194(2) of the Financial Regulation, the following periods shall apply: (a) for informing all applicants of the outcome of the evaluation of their application, a maximum period of five months from the final date for submission of complete proposals; (b) for signing grant agreements with applicants, a maximum period of eight months from the final date for submission of complete proposals. The work programme for the EIC may establish shorter periods. In addition to the exceptions laid down in the second subparagraph of Article 194(2) of the Financial Regulation, the periods referred to in paragraph 1 may be exceeded for actions of the ERC, for missions and when actions are submitted to an ethics or security assessment. 	Content and publication of calls for proposals [] 2. The dates referred to in point (e) of paragraph 1 shall be fixed on the basis of the following periods: (a) for informing all applicants of the outcome of the evaluation of their application, a maximum of six months from the final date for submission of complete proposals; (b) for signing grant agreements with applicants, a maximum of three months from the date of informing applicants that they have been successful. Those periods may be adjusted in order to take into account any time needed to comply with specific procedures that may be required by the basic act in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 and may be exceeded in exceptional, duly justified cases, in particular for complex actions, where there is a large number of proposals or delays attributable to the applicants. The authorising officer by delegation shall report in his or her annual activity report on the average time taken to inform applicants and to sign grant agreements. In the event of the periods referred to in the first subparagraph being exceeded, the authorising officer by delegation shall give reasons



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				and, where not duly justified in accordance with the
				second subparagraph, shall propose remedial
				action.
				[]
23	Implementation of actions	29	Implementation of the grant	
	1. Participants shall implement actions in compliance with all the		1. If a beneficiary fails to comply with its obligations regarding the	
	conditions and obligations set out in this Regulation, Regulation		technical implementation of the action, the other beneficiaries shall	
	(EU, Euratom) No 966/2012, Regulation (EU) No 1268/2012,		comply with those obligations without any additional Union funding,	
	Decision 2013/743/EU, the work programme or work plan, the		unless they are expressly relieved of that obligation. The financial	
	call for proposals and the grant agreement.		responsibility of each beneficiary shall be limited to its own debt	
	2.5		subject to the provisions relating to the Mutual Insurance Mechanism.	
	2. Participants shall make no commitments which are			
	incompatible with this Regulation or the grant agreement. Where		2. The grant agreement may establish milestones and related pre-	
	a participant fails to comply with its obligations regarding the		financing instalments. If milestones are not met, the action may be	
	technical implementation of the action, the other participants		suspended, amended or terminated.	
	shall comply with the obligations without any additional Union		2. The sweet conservation was also be townsigned and whose conservation was the	
	funding unless the Commission or the relevant funding body expressly relieves them of that obligation. In the event of a		3. The grant agreement may also be terminated where expected results have lost their relevance for the Union due to scientific, technological	
	participant defaulting, the Commission may, in accordance with		or economic reasons, including in the case of EIC and missions, their	
	point (a) of Article 39(3) transfer the amount due from the		relevance as part of a portfolio of actions.	
	Participant Guarantee Fund referred to in Article 38 to the		relevance as part of a portion of actions.	
	coordinator of the action. The financial responsibility of each			
	participant shall be limited to its own debt subject to the			
	provisions relating to the Participant Guarantee Fund.			
	Participants shall ensure that the Commission or the relevant			
	funding body is informed in due time of any event which might			
	significantly affect the implementation of the action or the			
	interests of the Union.			
				ļ ,
	3. Participants shall implement the action and shall take all			
	necessary and reasonable measures to that end. They shall have			
	the appropriate resources as and when needed for carrying out			
	the action. Where it is necessary for the implementation of the			ļ
	action, they may call upon third parties, including subcontractors,			ļ
	to carry out work under the action or may use resources made			
	available by third parties by means of contributions in kind,			
	according to the conditions set out in the grant agreement.			
	Participants shall retain responsibility towards the Commission or			



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	the relevant funding body and towards the other participants for			
	the work carried out.			
	4. The award of subcontracts for carrying out certain elements of			
	the action shall be limited to the cases provided for in the grant agreement and to duly justified cases that could not be clearly			
	foreseen at the time of entry into force of the grant agreement.			
	5. Third parties other than subcontractors may carry out work			
	under the action under the conditions laid down in the grant			
	agreement. The third party and the work to be carried out by it shall be identified in the grant agreement.			
	Costs incurred by those third parties may be deemed eligible if			
	the third party meets all the following conditions:			
	(a) it would be eligible for funding if it were a participant;			
	(b) it is an affiliated entity or has a legal link to a participant			
	implying a collaboration not limited to the action;			
	(c) it is identified in the grant agreement;			
	(d) it abides by the rules applicable to the participant under the grant agreement with regard to eligibility of costs and control of			
	expenditure;			
	(e) it accepts joint and several liability with the participant for the			
	Union contribution corresponding to the amount declared by the			
	third party, if required by the Commission or the relevant funding			
	body.			
	6. Third parties may also make available resources to a			
	participant by means of contributions in kind to the action. Costs			
	incurred by third parties in relation to such contributions which			
	are made free of charge are eligible for funding provided they			
	meet the conditions established in the grant agreement.			
	7. The action may involve financial support to third parties under			
	the conditions established in Regulation (EU, Euratom) No			
	966/2012 and Regulation (EU) No 1268/2012. The amounts			
	referred to in point (c) of Article 137(1) of Regulation (EU,			
	Euratom) No 966/2012 may be exceeded where it is necessary to			
	achieve the objectives of an action.			



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Article	8. The action carried out by participants which are contracting authorities within the meaning of Directive 2004/17/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council (1), Directive 2004/18/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council (2) and Directive 2009/81/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council (3) may involve or have as their primary aim the precommercial procurement and procurement of innovative solutions, where provided for in a work programme or a work plan and required for its implementation. In such cases, the rules set out in Article 51(2), (4) and (5) of this Regulation shall apply to the procurement procedures carried out by the participants. 9. Participants shall comply with national legislation, regulations and ethical rules in the countries where the action will be carried out. Where appropriate, participants shall seek the approval of the relevant national or local ethics committees prior to the start of the action. 10. Work using animals shall be carried out in accordance with Article 13 TFEU and shall comply with the requirement to replace, reduce and refine the use of animals for scientific purposes in accordance with Union law and in particular with Directive 2010/63/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council (4).	Article		
28	Funding of the action	30	Funding rates	
	 A single reimbursement rate of the eligible costs shall be applied per action for all activities funded therein. The maximum rate shall be fixed in the work programme or work plan. The Horizon 2020 grant may reach a maximum of 100 % of the total eligible costs, without prejudice to the co-financing principle. The Horizon 2020 grant shall be limited to a maximum of 70 % of the total eligible costs for innovation actions and programme co-fund actions. By way of derogation from paragraph 3, the Horizon 2020 grant may, for innovation actions, reach a maximum of 100 % of the 		 A single funding rate per action shall apply for all activities it funds. The maximum rate shall be fixed in the work programme. The Programme may reimburse up to 100 % of total eligible costs of an action, except for: (a) innovation actions: up to 70 % of the total eligible costs, except for non-profit legal entities where the Programme may reimburse up to 100 % of the total eligible costs; (b) programme co-fund actions: at least 30 % of the total eligible costs, and in identified and duly justified cases up to 70 %. The funding rates determined in this Article shall also apply for actions where flat rate, unit or lump sum financing is fixed for the whole or part of the action. 	



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Articl		Article		Financial Regulation 2016/1046
711 (10)	total eligible costs for non-profit legal entities, without prejudice to the co-financing principle. 6. The reimbursement rates determined in this Article shall also apply in the case of actions where flat rate, unit or lump-sum financing is fixed for the whole or part of the action.	711 0101		
29	Indirect costs	31	Indirect costs	
	 Indirect eligible costs shall be determined by applying a flat rate of 25 % of the total direct eligible costs, excluding direct eligible costs for subcontracting and the costs of resources made available by third parties which are not used on the premises of the beneficiary, as well as financial support to third parties. By way of derogation from paragraph 1, indirect costs may be declared in the form of a lump sum or unit costs when provided for in the work programme or work plan. 		1. Indirect eligible costs shall be determined by applying a flat rate of 25 % of the total direct eligible costs, excluding direct eligible costs for subcontracting, financial support to third parties and any unit costs or lump sums which include indirect costs. When appropriate, indirect costs included in unit costs or lump sums shall be calculated using the flat rate set out in paragraph 1, except for unit costs for internally invoiced goods and services which shall be calculated on the basis of actual costs, in accordance with the beneficiaries' usual costs accounting practices.	
	Unit costs		2. However, if provided for in the work programme, indirect costs may be declared in the form of a lump sum or unit costs.	
33	 In accordance with Article 124 of Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 966/2012, the Commission may establish methods to determine unit costs based on: (a) statistical data or similar objective means; (b) auditable historical data of the participant. 			
	2. Direct eligible personnel costs may be financed on the basis of unit costs determined according to the participant's usual cost accounting practices, provided that they comply with the following cumulative criteria: (a) they are calculated on the basis of the total actual personnel costs recorded in the participant's general accounts which may be adjusted by the participant on the basis of budgeted or estimated elements according to the conditions defined by the Commission; (b) they comply with Articles 26 and 27; (c) they ensure compliance with the non-profit requirement and the avoidance of double funding of costs; (d) they are calculated with due regard to Article 31.			



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Article 31	Annual productive hours	Article		
31	Aimuai productive nours			
	Eligible personnel costs shall cover only the actual hours			
	worked by the persons directly carrying out work under the			
	action. Evidence regarding the actual hours worked shall be			
	provided by the participant, usually through a time recording			
1	system.			
	system.			
	2. For persons working exclusively for the action, no time			
	recording is required. In such cases, the participant shall sign a			
	declaration confirming that the person concerned has worked			
	exclusively for the action.			
	3. The grant agreement shall contain:			
	(a) the minimum requirements for the time recording system;			
	(b) the option to choose between a fixed number of annual			
	productive hours and the method for establishing the number of			
1	annual productive hours to be used for the calculation of the			
	hourly personnel rates, taking account of the participant's usual			
	accounting practices.			
26	Eligibility of costs	32	Eligible costs	197
	1. Conditions for eligibility of costs are defined in Article 126 of		1. In addition to the criteria set out in Article 197 of the Financial	Eligibility criteria
1	Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 966/2012. Costs incurred by third		Regulation, for beneficiaries with project-based remuneration, costs of	4. The all all the contracts about data and a short
	parties under the action may be eligible according to the provisions of this Regulation and of the grant agreement.		personnel are eligible up to the remuneration that the person is paid for work in similar projects funded by national schemes.	1. The eligibility criteria shall determine the
	provisions of this Regulation and of the grant agreement.		Project-based remuneration means remuneration that is linked to the	conditions for participating in a call for proposals. 2. Any of the following applicants shall be eligible for
	2. Ineligible costs are those not complying with the conditions of		participation of a person in projects, is part of the beneficiary's usual	participating in a call for proposals:
	paragraph 1, including, in particular, provisions for possible		remuneration practices and is paid in a consistent manner.	(a) legal persons;
	future losses or charges, exchange losses, costs related to return		remuneration practices and is paid in a consistent manner.	(b) natural persons, in so far as this is required by
	on capital, costs reimbursed in respect of another Union action		2. By derogation from Article 190(1) of the Financial Regulation, costs	the nature or characteristics of the action or the
	or programme, debt and debt service charges and excessive or		of resources made available by third parties by means of in-kind	objective pursued by the applicant;
	reckless expenditure.		contributions shall be eligible, up to the direct eligible costs of the third	(c) entities which do not have legal personality
	Common dispersional of		party.	under the applicable national law, provided that
			. Par. 11.	their representatives have the capacity to undertake
	Direct eligible personnel costs		3. By derogation from Article 192 of the Financial Regulation, income	legal obligations on behalf of the entities and that
			generated by the exploitation of the results shall not be considered as	the entities offer guarantees for the protection of
	1. Without prejudice to the conditions laid down in Article 26,		receipts of the action.	the financial interests of the Union equivalent to
	direct eligible personnel costs shall be limited to salaries plus			those offered by legal persons. In particular the
1	social security charges and other costs included in the			applicant shall have a financial and operational



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Article	remuneration of personnel assigned to the action, arising from national law or from the employment contract. 2. Without prejudice to the conditions laid down in Article 26, additional remuneration to personnel of participants that are non-profit legal entities assigned to the action, including payments on the basis of supplementary contracts regardless of their nature, may also be considered as direct eligible personnel costs, up to the amount set out in paragraph 3, if they fulfil the following additional conditions: (a) it is part of the usual remuneration practices of the participant and is paid in a consistent manner whenever the same kind of work or expertise is required; (b) the criteria used to calculate the supplementary payments are	Article	4. By derogation from Article 203(4) of the Financial Regulation, a certificate on the financial statements shall be mandatory at payment of the balance, if the amount claimed as actual costs and unit costs calculated in accordance with usual cost accounting practices is equal or greater than EUR 325 000.	capacity equivalent to that of a legal person. The representatives of the applicant shall prove that those conditions are satisfied. 3. The call for proposals may lay down additional eligibility criteria which shall be established with due regard for the objectives of the action and shall comply with the principles of transparency and non-discrimination. 4. For the purposes of Article 180(5) and of this Article, the JRC shall be considered as a legal person established in a Member State. {see Article 2(15) RfP above}
	objective and of general application by the participant, independent of the source of funding used. 3. Additional remuneration may be eligible up to EUR 8 000 per year and per person. In relation to a person not working			190(1) Co-financing
	exclusively for the action, a limit per hour shall apply. The limit per hour shall be calculated by dividing EUR 8 000 by the number of annual productive hours calculated in accordance with Article 31.			1. Grants shall involve co-financing. As a result, the resources necessary to carry out the action or the work programme shall not be provided entirely by the grant. Co-financing may be provided in the form of the
	Funding of the action 1. The funding of an action shall not exceed the total eligible costs minus the receipts of the action.			beneficiary's own resources, income generated by the action or work programme or financial or in-kind contributions from third parties. []
	2. The following shall be considered as receipts of the action: (a) resources made available by third parties to the participants by means of financial transfers or contributions in kind free of charge, the value of which has been declared as eligible costs by the participant, provided that they have been contributed by the			192 No-profit principle
28	third party specifically to be used in the action; (b) income generated by the action, except income generated by the exploitation of the results of the action;			1. Grants shall not have the purpose or effect of producing a profit within the framework of the action or the work programme of the beneficiary ('no-profit principle').



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34	(c) income generated from the sale of assets purchased under the grant agreement up to the value of the cost initially charged to the action by the participant. Certificate on the financial statements The certificate on the financial statements shall cover the total amount of the grant claimed by a participant under the form of reimbursement of actual costs and under the form of unit costs referred to in Article 33(2), excluding the amounts declared on the basis of lump sums, flat rates and unit costs other than those determined according to the participant's usual cost accounting practices. The certificate shall be submitted only when that amount is equal to or greater than EUR 325 000 at the time of claiming the payment of the balance of the grant.			2. For the purposes of paragraph 1, a profit shall be defined as a surplus, calculated at the payment of the balance, of receipts over the eligible costs of the action or work programme, where receipts are limited to the Union grant and the revenue generated by that action or work programme. In the case of an operating grant, amounts dedicated to the building up of reserves shall not be taken into account for verifying compliance with the no-profit principle. 3. Paragraph 1 shall not apply to: (a) actions the objective of which is the reinforcement of the financial capacity of a beneficiary, or actions which generate income to ensure their continuity after the period of Union financing provided for in the grant agreement; (b) study, research, training or education support paid to natural persons most in need, such as unemployed persons and refugees; (c) actions implemented by non-profit organisations; (d) grants in the form referred to in point (a) of the first subparagraph of Article 125(1); (e) low value grants. 4. Where a profit is made, the Commission shall be entitled to recover the percentage of the profit corresponding to the Union contribution to the eligible costs actually incurred by the beneficiary in carrying out the action or work programme.
				203(4) Supporting documents for payment requests [] 4. A certificate on the financial statements of the action or the work programme and underlying accounts may be demanded by the authorising



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Article 32	Owners of SMEs and natural persons without a salary The owners of SMEs who do not receive a salary, and other	Article		or payments of balances of any amount. Such a certificate shall be requested on the basis of a risk assessment taking into account, in particular, the amount of the grant, the amount of the payment, the nature of the beneficiary and the nature of the supported activities. The certificate shall be produced by an approved external auditor or, in the case of public bodies, by a competent and independent public officer. The certificate shall certify, in accordance with a methodology approved by the authorising officer responsible and on the basis of agreed-upon procedures compliant with international standards, that the costs declared by the beneficiary in the financial statements on which the payment request is based are real, accurately recorded and eligible in accordance with the grant agreement. In specific and duly justified cases, the authorising officer responsible may request the certificate in the form of an opinion or other format in accordance with international standards. []
	natural persons who do not receive a salary, may charge			
	personnel costs on the basis of a unit cost.	_		
38	Participant Guarantee Fund	33	Mutual Insurance Mechanism	21(4)
	1. A participant guarantee fund (the "Fund") is hereby established and shall cover the risk associated with non-recovery of sums due to the Union under actions financed through grants by the Commission under Decision No 1982/2006/EC and by the Commission or Union funding bodies under "Horizon 2020" according to the rules set out in this Regulation. The Fund shall replace and succeed the Participant Guarantee Fund set up under Regulation (EC) No 1906/2006. 2. The Fund shall be operated in accordance with Article 39. Any		1. A Mutual Insurance Mechanism (the 'Mechanism') is hereby established which shall replace and succeed the fund set up in accordance with Article 38 of Regulation (EC) No 1290/2013. The Mechanism shall cover the risk associated with non-recovery of sums due by the beneficiaries: (a) to the Commission under Decision No 1982/2006/EC, (b) to the Commission and Union bodies under "Horizon 2020", (c) to the Commission and funding bodies under the Programme. The coverage of the risk regarding funding bodies referred to in point (c) of the first subparagraph may be implemented through an indirect	Assigned revenue [] 4. Assigned revenue shall be carried over and transferred in accordance with points (b) and (c) of Article 12(4) and with Article 32. [] {see Article 12(1)(d)(iii) RfP above and Article 42(4)
	2. The Fund shall be operated in accordance with Article 39. Any financial interest generated by the Fund shall be added to the		(c) of the first subparagraph may be implemented through an indirect	see Article 12(1)(d)(iii) RfP above and Article 42(4) below}



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Article	·	Article	1001001 2010 10100 10100 10100 101100 10100 10100 101100 10100 10100 10100 101000 101000 101000 101000 101000 10100	
	Fund and shall serve exclusively for the purposes set out in		coverage system set out in the applicable agreement and taking into	
	Article 39(3).		account the nature of the funding body.	
	3. Where interest is insufficient to cover the operations described		2. The Mechanism shall be managed by the Union, represented by the	
	in Article 39(3), the Fund shall not intervene and the Commission		Commission acting as executive agent. The Commission shall set up	
	or the relevant Union funding body shall recover directly from		specific rules for the operation of the Fund.	
	participants or third parties any amount owed.		3. Beneficiaries shall make a contribution of 5 % of the Union funding	
	4. The Fund shall be considered a sufficient guarantee under		for the action. On the basis of periodic evaluations, this contribution	
	Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 966/2012. No additional guarantee		may be raised by the Commission up to 8% or may be reduced under	
	or security may be accepted from participants or imposed upon		5%. The beneficiaries' contribution to the Mechanism may be offset	
	them except in the case described in paragraph 3 of this Article.		from the initial pre-financing and be paid to the Fund on behalf of the	
			beneficiaries.	
	5. Participants in actions under Horizon 2020 whose risk is			
	covered by the Fund shall make a contribution of 5 % of the		4. The contribution of the beneficiaries shall be returned at the	
	Union funding for the action. At the end of the action the amount		payment of the balance.	
	contributed to the Fund shall be returned to the participants, via		E. Ann. Connected and the standard by the Marchanism shall be added to	
	the coordinator.		5. Any financial return generated by the Mechanism shall be added to the Mechanism. If the return is insufficient, the Mechanism shall not	
	6. The rate of the participants' contribution to the Fund set out in		intervene and the Commission or funding body shall recover directly	
	paragraph 5 may be reduced on the basis of the interim		from beneficiaries or third parties any amount owed.	
	evaluation of Horizon 2020.		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
			6. The amounts recovered shall constitute revenue assigned to the	
			Mechanism within the meaning of Article 21(4) of the Financial	
	Operation of the Fund		Regulation. Once all grants whose risk is covered directly or indirectly	
			by the Mechanism are completed, any sums outstanding shall be	
	1. The Fund shall be managed by the Union, represented by the		recovered by the Commission and entered into the budget of the	
	Commission acting as executive agent on behalf of the participants, in accordance with the conditions established by the		Union, subject to decisions of the legislative authority.	
	grant agreement.		7. The Mechanism may be opened to beneficiaries of any other directly	
	The Commission may manage the Fund directly or entrust the		managed Union programme. The Commission shall adopt modalities	
	financial management of the Fund either to the European		for participation of beneficiaries of other programmes.	
	Investment Bank or to an appropriate financial institution ("the			
	depository bank"). The depository bank shall manage the Fund			
39	pursuant to the instructions of the Commission.			
	A			
	2. The participants' contribution to the Fund may be offset from			
	the initial pre-financing and be paid to the Fund on behalf of the			
	participants.			



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	Horizon 2020 Rules for Participation	Europe	·	Financial Regulation 2016/1046
	B. Where amounts are due to the Union by a participant, the Commission may, without prejudice to penalties which may be imposed on the defaulting participant, take either of the ollowing actions: a) transfer, or order the depository bank to transfer, directly the imount due from the Fund to the coordinator of the action. That ransfer shall be made after the termination or withdrawal of the participation of the defaulting participant if the action is still progoing and if the remaining participants agree to implement it according to the same objectives. Amounts transferred from the fund shall be regarded as Union funding; b) recover effectively that amount from the Fund. The Commission shall issue a recovery order against that participant or third party to the benefit of the Fund. The Commission may adopt to that end a recovery decision in accordance with Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 966/2012. 3. The amounts recovered shall constitute revenue assigned to the Fund within the meaning of Article 21(4) of Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 966/2012. Once the implementation of all grants whose risk is covered by the Fund is complete, any sums outstanding shall be recovered by the Commission and entered into the budget of the Union, subject to decisions of the	Article		
I	egislative authority.			
2 2 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	Dwnership of results 1. Results shall be owned by the participant generating them. 2. Where participants in an action have jointly generated results, and where their respective contribution to the joint results cannot be ascertained, or where it is not possible to separate such joint results for the purpose of applying for, obtaining or maintaining the relevant intellectual property rights protection, hey shall have joint ownership of those results. The joint owners shall establish an agreement regarding the allocation and terms of exercise of that joint ownership in accordance with their obbligations under the grant agreement. The joint owners may agree not to continue with joint ownership but decide on an allternative regime, inter alia by transferring their ownership	34	1. Beneficiaries shall own the results they generate. They shall ensure that any rights of their employees or any other parties in relation to the results can be exercised in a manner compatible with the beneficiaries' obligations in accordance with the terms and conditions laid down in the grant agreement. Two or more beneficiaries shall own results jointly if: (a) they have jointly generated them; and (b) it is not possible to: (i) establish the respective contribution of each beneficiary, or (ii) separate them when applying for, obtaining or maintaining their protection. The joint owners shall agree in writing on the allocation and terms of exercise of their joint ownership. Unless otherwise agreed, each joint owner may grant non-exclusive licences to third parties to exploit the	



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2020 Article	Horizon 2020 Rules for Participation	Europe	·	Financial Regulation 2018/1046
Aiticle	shares to a single owner with access rights for the other	Article	jointly-owned results (without any right to sub-license), if the other	
	participants, once the results have been generated.		joint owners are given advance notice and fair and reasonable	
	Unless otherwise agreed in the joint ownership agreement, each		compensation. The joint owners may agree in writing to apply another	
	joint owner shall be entitled to grant non-exclusive licences to		regime than joint ownership.	
	third parties to exploit the jointly owned results, without any			
	right to sub-license, subject to the following conditions:		2. Beneficiaries having received Union funding shall adequately protect	
	(a) prior notice shall be given to the other joint owners;		their results if protection is possible and justified, taking into account	
	(b) fair and reasonable compensation shall be provided to the		all relevant considerations, including the prospects for commercial	
	other joint owners.		exploitation. When deciding on protection, beneficiaries shall also	
			consider the legitimate interests of the other beneficiaries in the	
	3. If employees or any party working for a participant are entitled		action.	
	to claim rights to the results generated, the participant			
	concerned shall ensure that it is possible for those rights to be			
	exercised in a manner compatible with its obligations under the			
	grant agreement.			
	Protection of results			
	1. Where results are capable of or may reasonably be expected			
	to be capable of commercial or industrial exploitation, the			
	participant owning those results shall examine the possibility of			
	protecting them. The participant shall, if possible, reasonable and			
	justified given the circumstances, adequately protect them for an			
	appropriate period of time and with an appropriate territorial			
	coverage, having due regard to its legitimate interests, and the			
	legitimate interests, particularly the commercial interests, of the			
42	other participants in the action.			
42	2. Where a participant that has received Union funding intends			
	not to protect results generated by it for reasons other than			
	impossibility under Union or national law or the lack of potential			
	for commercial or industrial exploitation, and unless the			
	participant intends to transfer them to another legal entity			
	established in a Member State or associated country in view of			
	their protection, it shall inform the Commission or the relevant			
	funding body before any dissemination relating to those results			
	takes place. The Commission, on behalf of the Union, or the			
	relevant funding body may, with the consent of the participant			



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Horizon 2020	Horizon 2020 Rules for Participation	Horizo		Financial Regulation 2018/1046
Article	•	Europe Article	·	Finalicial Regulation 2016/1046
7 11 11010	concerned, assume ownership of those results and take the	7 11 61616		
	necessary steps for their adequate protection.			
	The participant may refuse consent only if it demonstrates that			
	its legitimate interests would suffer significant harm. No			
	dissemination relating to those results may take place until the			
	Commission or the relevant funding body has taken a decision			
	not to assume ownership of the results or has decided that it will			
	assume ownership and has taken the necessary steps to ensure			
	their protection. The Commission or the relevant funding body			
	shall make such decision without undue delay. The grant			
	agreement shall lay down time-limits in this respect.			
	3. Where a participant that has received Union funding intends to			
	abandon the protection of results or intends not to seek the			
	extension of such protection for reasons other than the lack of			
	potential for commercial or industrial exploitation within a period			
	that shall not exceed five years following the payment of the			
	balance, it shall inform the Commission or the relevant funding			
	body, which may continue or extend protection by assuming			
	ownership thereof. The participant may refuse consent only if it			
	demonstrates that its legitimate interests would suffer significant			
	harm. The grant agreement shall lay down time-limits in this			
	respect.			
43	Exploitation and dissemination of results	35	Exploitation and dissemination	
	1. Each participant that has received Union funding shall use its		1. Beneficiaries having received Union funding shall use their best	
	best efforts to exploit the results it owns, or to have them		efforts to exploit their results, in particular in the Union. Exploitation	
	exploited by another legal entity, in particular through the		may be directly by the beneficiaries or indirectly in particular through	
	transfer and licensing of results in accordance with Article 44.		the transfer and licensing of results in accordance with Article 36.	
	Any additional exploitation obligations shall be laid down in the		The work programme may provide for additional exploitation	
	grant agreement. In the case of research with the potential to		obligations.	
	address major societal challenges, additional exploitation		If indicated in the work programme, additional exploitation obligations	
	obligations may include licensing on non-exclusive terms. Any		shall apply.	
	such additional obligations shall be indicated in the work		If despite a beneficiary's best efforts to exploit its results directly or	
	programme or work plan.		indirectly no exploitation takes place within a given period as identified	
	2. Subject to any restrictions due to the protection of intellectual		in the grant agreement, the beneficiary shall use an appropriate online	
	2. Subject to any restrictions due to the protection of intellectual property, security rules or legitimate interests, each participant		platform as identified in the grant agreement to find interested parties to exploit those results. If justified on the basis of a request of the	
	shall through appropriate means disseminate the results it owns		beneficiary, this obligation may be waived.	
	Silan throagh appropriate means disseminate the results it owns		beneficially, this obligation may be waived.	
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Horizo	Horizon 2020 Rules for Participation	Horizoi Europe		Financial Regulation 2018/1046
Article	•	Article		Financial Regulation 2016/1040
Aiticle	as soon as possible. The grant agreement may lay down time-	Aiticle	Subject to any restrictions due to the protection of intellectual	
	limits in this respect.		property, security rules or legitimate interests, beneficiaries shall	
	Any additional dissemination obligations shall be laid down in the		disseminate their results as soon as possible.	
	grant agreement and indicated in the work programme or work		The work programme may provide for additional dissemination	
	plan.		obligations.	
	With regard to the dissemination of results through scientific		obligations.	
	publications, open access shall apply under the terms and		3. Beneficiaries shall ensure that open access to scientific publications	
	conditions laid down in the grant agreement. Costs relating to		applies under the terms and conditions laid down in the grant	
	open access to scientific publications that result from research		agreement. In particular, the beneficiaries shall ensure that they or the	
	funded under Horizon 2020, incurred within the duration of an		authors retain sufficient intellectual property rights to comply with	
	action, shall be eligible for reimbursement under the conditions		their open access requirements.	
	of the grant agreement. With due regard to Article 18 of		Open access to research data shall be the general rule under the terms	
	Regulation (EU) No 1291/2013, the grant agreement shall not		and conditions laid down in the grant agreement, but exceptions shall	
	stipulate conditions regarding open access to publications which		apply if justified, taking into consideration the legitimate interests of	
	would result in additional publishing costs after the completion		the beneficiaries and any other constraints, such as data protection	
	of an action.		rules, security rules or intellectual property rights.	
	With regard to the dissemination of research data, the grant		The work programme may provide for additional obligations to adhere	
	agreement may, in the context of the open access to and the		to open science practices.	
	preservation of research data, lay down terms and conditions			
	under which open access to such results shall be provided, in		4. Beneficiaries shall manage all research data in accordance with the	
	particular in ERC frontier research and FET (Future and Emerging		terms and conditions laid down in the grant agreement and shall	
	Technologies) research or in other appropriate areas, and taking		establish a Data Management Plan.	
	into consideration the legitimate interests of the participants and		The work programme may provide for additional obligations to use the	
	any constraints pertaining to data protection rules, security rules		European Open Science Cloud for storing and giving access to research	
	or intellectual property rights. In such cases, the work		data.	
	programme or work plan shall indicate if the dissemination of			
	research data through open access is required.		5. Beneficiaries that intend to disseminate their results shall give	
	Prior notice of any dissemination activity shall be given to the		advance notice to the other beneficiaries in the action. Any other	
	other participants. Following notification, a participant may		beneficiary may object if it can show that the intended dissemination	
	object if it demonstrates that its legitimate interests in relation to		would significantly harm its legitimate interests in relation to its results	
	its results or background would suffer significant harm by the		or background. In such cases, the dissemination may not take place	
	intended dissemination. In such cases, the dissemination may not		unless appropriate steps are taken to safeguard these legitimate	
	take place unless appropriate steps are taken to safeguard those		interests.	
	legitimate interests. The grant agreement shall lay down time-			
	limits in this respect.		6. Unless the work programme provides otherwise, proposals shall	
			include a plan for the exploitation and dissemination of the results. If	
	3. For the purposes of monitoring and dissemination by the		the expected exploitation entails developing, creating, manufacturing	
	Commission or the relevant funding body, participants shall		and marketing a product or process, or in creating and providing a	
	provide any information on their exploitation and dissemination		service, this plan shall include a strategy for such exploitation. If the	
	related activities, and provide any documents necessary in		plan provides for exploitation primarily in non-associated third	



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2020 Article		Europe Article	Horizon Europe Rules for Participation	Financial Regulation 2018/1046
Article	accordance with the conditions laid down in the grant agreement. Subject to the legitimate interests of the participants which have provided the information, such information shall be made publicly available. The grant agreement shall, inter alia, lay down time-limits with respect to such reporting obligations. 4. All patent applications, standards, publications or any other dissemination, including those in electronic form, relating to results shall, if possible, include a statement, which may include visual means, that the action received financial support from the Union. The terms of that statement shall be established in the grant agreement.	7 6 7	countries, the legal entities shall explain how that exploitation is still in the Union interest. The beneficiaries shall further develop the plan during and after the end of the action. 7. For the purposes of monitoring and dissemination by the Commission or funding body, the beneficiaries shall provide any requested information regarding the exploitation and dissemination of their results. Subject to the legitimate interests of the beneficiaries, such information shall be made publicly available.	
	Proposals			
	1. Proposals shall include a draft plan for the exploitation and dissemination of the results, where provided for in the work programme or work plan.			
13				
44	Transfer and licensing of results	36 1	Transfer and licensing	



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2020 Article	Horizon 2020 Rules for Participation	Europe Article	Horizon Europe Rules for Participation	Financial Regulation 2018/1046
7 61616		7 01010		
	1. Where a participant transfers ownership of results, it shall pass		1. Beneficiaries may transfer ownership of their results. They shall	
	on its obligations under the grant agreement regarding those		ensure that their obligations also apply to the new owner and that the	
	results to the transferee, including the obligation to pass them on		latter has the obligation to pass them on in any subsequent transfer.	
	in any subsequent transfer.			
	Without prejudice to confidentiality obligations arising from laws		2. Unless agreed otherwise in writing for specifically-identified third	
	or regulations in the case of mergers and acquisitions, where		parties or unless impossible under applicable law, beneficiaries that	
	other participants still enjoy access rights or may still request the		intend to transfer ownership of results shall give advance notice to any	
	granting of access rights to the results to be transferred, a		other beneficiary that still has access rights to the results. This	
	participant which intends to transfer the results shall give prior		notification must include sufficient information on the new owner to	
	notice to the other participants, together with sufficient		enable a beneficiary to assess the effects on its access rights.	
	information concerning the intended new owner of the results,		Unless agreed otherwise in writing for specifically-identified third	
	to permit the other participants to analyse the effect of the		parties, a beneficiary may object to the transfer if it can show that the	
	intended transfer on the possible exercise of their access rights.		transfer would adversely affect its access rights. In this case, the	
	Following notification, a participant may object to the transfer of		transfer may not take place until agreement has been reached between	
	ownership if it demonstrates that the intended transfer would		the beneficiaries concerned.	
	adversely affect the exercise of its access rights. In such a case,			
	the transfer may not take place until agreement has been		3. Beneficiaries may grant licences to their results or otherwise give the	
	reached between the participants concerned. The grant		right to exploit them, if this does not affect compliance with their	
	agreement shall lay down time-limits in this respect.		obligations.	
	The other participants may by prior written agreement waive			
1	their right to prior notice and to object to transfers of ownership		4. Where this is justified, the grant agreement shall lay down the right	
	from one participant to a specifically identified third party.		to object to transfers of ownership of results, or to grants of an	
	2 Drawided that access rights to the results can be everying and		exclusive license regarding results, if: (a) the beneficiaries generating the results have received Union	
	2. Provided that access rights to the results can be exercised, and that any additional exploitation obligations are complied with by		•	
	that any additional exploitation obligations are complied with by the participant which owns the results, the latter may grant		funding; (b) the transfer or license is to a legal entity established in a non-	
	licences or otherwise grant the right to exploit them to any legal		associated third country; and	
	entity, including on an exclusive basis. Exclusive licences for		(c) the transfer or licence is not in line with Union interests.	
	results may be granted subject to consent by all the other		If the right to object applies, the beneficiary shall give advance notice.	
	participants concerned that they will waive their access rights		The right to object may be waived in writing regarding transfers or	
	thereto.		grants to specifically identified legal entities if measures safeguarding	
	thereto.		Union interests are in place.	
	3. With regard to results which are generated by participants that			
	have received Union funding, the grant agreement may provide			
	that the Commission or the relevant funding body may object to			
	transfers of ownership or to grants of an exclusive licence to third			
	parties established in a third country not associated with Horizon			
	2020, if it considers that the grant or transfer is not in accordance			
	with the interests of developing the competitiveness of the			



### Participation ### Particip	Horizon		Horizo	n	
Article Union economy, or is inconsistent with ethical principles or security considerations. In such cases, the transfer of ownership or grant of exclusive licence shall not take place unless the Commission or the relevant funding body is satisfied that appropriate safeguards will be put in place. Where appropriate, the grant agreement shall provide that the Commission or the relevant funding body is to be notified in advance of any such transfer of ownership or grant of an exclusive licence. The grant agreement shall lay down time-limits in this respect. 46 Access rights principles 1. Any request to exercise access rights or any walving of access rights shall be made in writing. 2. Unless otherwise agreed by the owner of the results or background to which access is requested, access rights shall not include the right to sub-license; (c) the beneficiaries shall inform each other before their accession to the grant agreement of any legal restriction or limit to granting access to their background; Any agreement concluded thereafter by a participant regarding background shall ensure that any access rights may be exercised. 4. The termination of the participation in an action shall not affect the obligation of such a participant to grant agreement to fail to a participant or grant agreement to fail to grant agreement to fail to longer has access rights. 2. Beneficiaries shall grant access to: (a) their results on a royalty-free basis to any other beneficiary in the action that needs it to that needs it to intermed action that needs it to intermed action that needs it to make the saces in a participant in grant agreement. In the same action that needs it to make the same action are same action. 3. Participants in the same action shall inform each other before their accession to		Horizon 2020 Rules for Participation			Financial Regulation 2018/1046
In such cases, the transfer of ownership or grant of exclusive licence shall not take place unless the Commission or the relevant funding body is satisfied that appropriate safeguards will be put in place. Where appropriate, the grant agreement shall provide that the Commission or the relevant funding body is to be notified in advance of any such transfer of ownership or grant of an exclusive licence. The grant agreement shall lay down time-limits in this respect. 46 Access rights principles 1. Any request to exercise access rights or any waiving of access rights shall be made in writing. 2. Unless otherwise agreed by the owner of the results or background to which access is requested, access rights shall not include the right to sub-license. 1. Participants in the same action shall inform each other before their accession to the grant agreement of any legal restriction or limit to granting access to their background. Any agreement concluded therester by a participant regarding background shall ensure that any access rights may be exercised. 4. The termination of the participation in an action shall not affect the obligation of such a participant to grant access under the terms and conditions established in the grant agreement.		Tionzon 2020 Naico for Farticipation	•		Timunolar regulation 2010/10 to
(b) their background to any other beneficiary in the action that needs it to implement its own tasks, subject to any restrictions referred to in paragraph 1(c); that access shall be granted on a royalty-free basis, unless otherwise agreed by the beneficiaries before their accession to the grant agreement; (c) their results and, subject to any restrictions referred to in paragraph 1(c), to their background to any other beneficiary in the action that needs it to implement its own tasks, subject to any restrictions referred to in paragraph unless otherwise agreed by the beneficiaries before their accession to the grant agreement; (c) their results and, subject to any restrictions referred to in paragraph 1(c), to their background to any other beneficiary in the action that needs it to exploit its own results; that access shall be granted under	46 46 4	Union economy, or is inconsistent with ethical principles or security considerations. In such cases, the transfer of ownership or grant of exclusive licence shall not take place unless the Commission or the relevant funding body is satisfied that appropriate safeguards will be put in place. Where appropriate, the grant agreement shall provide that the Commission or the relevant funding body is to be notified in advance of any such transfer of ownership or grant of an exclusive licence. The grant agreement shall lay down time-limits in this respect. Access rights principles 1. Any request to exercise access rights or any waiving of access rights shall be made in writing. 2. Unless otherwise agreed by the owner of the results or background to which access is requested, access rights shall not include the right to sub-license. 3. Participants in the same action shall inform each other before their accession to the grant agreement of any legal restriction or limit to granting access to their background. Any agreement concluded thereafter by a participant regarding background shall ensure that any access rights may be exercised. 4. The termination of the participation in an action shall not affect the obligation of such a participant to grant agreement. 5. The consortium agreement may stipulate that where a participant defaults on its obligations and such default is not remedied, such a defaulting participant shall no longer enjoy access rights.	Article	Access rights 1. The following access rights principles shall apply: (a) a request to exercise access rights or any waiving of access rights shall be made in writing; (b) unless otherwise agreed with the grantor, access rights do not include the right to sub-license; (c) the beneficiaries shall inform each other before their accession to the grant agreement of any restrictions to granting access to their background; (d) if a beneficiary is no longer involved in an action, it shall not affect its obligations to grant access; (e) if a beneficiary defaults on its obligations, the beneficiaries may agree that it no longer has access rights. 2. Beneficiaries shall grant access to: (a) their results on a royalty-free basis to any other beneficiary in the action that needs it to implement its own tasks; (b) their background to any other beneficiary in the action that needs it to implement its own tasks, subject to any restrictions referred to in paragraph 1(c); that access shall be granted on a royalty-free basis, unless otherwise agreed by the beneficiaries before their accession to the grant agreement; (c) their results and, subject to any restrictions referred to in paragraph 1(c), to their background to any other beneficiary in the action that	rinancial Regulation 2013/1046



Horizo	n	Horizon		
2020	Horizon 2020 Rules for Participation	Europe		Financial Regulation 2018/1046
Article	•	Article		
47	1. A participant shall enjoy access rights to the results of another participant in the same action if those results are needed by the former to carry out its work under the action. Such access shall be granted on a royalty-free basis. 2. A participant shall enjoy access rights to background of another participant in the same action if this background is needed by the former to carry out its work under the action, and subject to any restrictions or limits pursuant to Article 46(3). Such access shall be granted on a royalty-free basis, unless otherwise agreed by the participants before their accession to the grant agreement.		3. Unless otherwise agreed by the beneficiaries, beneficiaries shall also grant access to their results and, subject to any restrictions referred to in paragraph 1(c), to their background to a legal entity that: (a) is established in a Member State or associated country; (b) is under the direct or indirect control of another beneficiary, or is under the same direct or indirect control as that beneficiary, or is directly or indirectly controlling that beneficiary; and (c) needs the access to exploit the results of that beneficiary. Access shall be granted under fair and reasonable conditions to be agreed upon. 4. A request for access for exploitation purposes may be made up to one year after the end of the action, unless the beneficiaries agree on a different time-limit.	
48	Access rights for exploitation 1. A participant shall enjoy access rights to the results of another participant in the same action if those results are needed by the former to exploit its own results. Subject to agreement, such access shall be granted under fair and reasonable conditions. 2. A participant shall enjoy access rights to background of another participant in the same action if this background is needed by the former to exploit its own results, and subject to any restrictions or limits pursuant to Article 46(3). Subject to agreement, such access shall be granted under fair and reasonable conditions. 3. An affiliated entity established in a Member State or associated country shall, unless otherwise provided for in the consortium agreement, also have access rights to results and, subject to any restrictions or limits pursuant to Article 46(3), to background under fair and reasonable conditions if those results and background are needed to exploit the results generated by the participant to which it is affiliated. Such access rights shall be requested and obtained directly from the participant owning the results or background unless otherwise agreed in accordance with Article 46(2).		5. Beneficiaries having received Union funding shall grant access to their results on a royalty-free basis to the Union institutions, bodies, offices or agencies for developing, implementing and monitoring Union policies or programmes. Access shall be limited to non-commercial and non-competitive use. In actions under the cluster 'Inclusive and secure Society', area of intervention 'Protection and Security', beneficiaries having received Union funding shall also grant access to their results on a royalty-free basis to Member States' national authorities, for developing, implementing and monitoring their policies or programmes in that area. Access shall be limited to non-commercial and non-competitive use and shall be granted upon bilateral agreement defining specific conditions aimed at ensuring that those rights will be used only for the intended purpose and that appropriate confidentiality obligations will be in place. The requesting Member State, Union institution, body, office or agency shall notify all Member States of such requests. 6. The work programme may provide for additional access rights.	



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Article	Horizon 2020 Rules for Participation	Europe Article	·	Financial Regulation 2018/1046
Article	4. A request for access under paragraphs 1, 2 or 3 may be made	Aiticit		
	up to one year after the end of the action, unless the participants			
	agree on a different time-limit.			
	-0			
	Access rights for the Union and the Member States			
	1. The Union institutions, bodies, offices or agencies shall, for the			
	duly justified purpose of developing, implementing and			
	monitoring Union policies or programmes, enjoy access rights			
	solely to the results of a participant that has received Union			
	funding. Such access rights are limited to non-commercial and			
	non-competitive use.			
	Such access shall be granted on a royalty-free basis.			
	2. Regarding actions under the specific objective 'Secure societies			
	- Protecting freedom and security of Europe and its citizens' set			
	out in Part III of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 1291/2013, Union			
	institutions, bodies, offices and agencies, as well as Member			
	States' national authorities, shall, for the purpose of developing,			
	implementing and monitoring their policies or programmes in			
	this area, enjoy the necessary access rights to the results of a			
	participant that has received Union funding. Such access rights shall be limited to non-commercial and non-competitive use.			
49	·			
49	Such access rights shall be granted on a royalty-free basis and upon bilateral agreement defining specific conditions aimed at			
	ensuring that those rights will be used only for the intended			
	purpose and that appropriate confidentiality obligations will be in			
	place. Such access rights shall not extend to the participant's			
	background. The requesting Member State, Union institution,			
	body, office or agency shall notify all Member States of such			
	requests. The Commission rules on security shall apply regarding			
	classified information.			
55	Other specific provisions	38	Specific provisions on exploitation and dissemination	
	• •	-	•	
	1. In the case of actions involving security-related activities, the		Specific rules on ownership, exploitation and dissemination, transfer	
	grant agreement may lay down specific provisions, in particular		and licensing as well as access rights may apply for ERC actions, training	
	on pre-commercial public procurement, procurement of		and mobility actions, pre-commercial procurement actions, public	
	innovative solutions, changes to the consortium's composition,		procurement of innovative solutions, programme co-fund actions and	
			coordination and support actions.	



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2020	Horizon 2020 Rules for Participation	Europe	·	Financial Regulation 2018/1046
Article	classified information, exploitation, dissemination, open access	Article	These specific rules shall not change the obligations on open access.	
	to research publications, transfers and licences of results.		These specific rules shall flot change the obligations of open access.	
	to research publications, transfers and licences of results.			
	2. In the case of actions to support existing or new research			
	infrastructures, the grant agreement may lay down specific			
	provisions relating to users of the infrastructure and to the users'			
	access to them.			
	3. In the case of ERC frontier research actions, the grant			
	agreement may lay down specific provisions, in particular on			
	access rights, portability and dissemination, or relating to			
	participants, researchers and any party concerned by the action.			
	4. In the case of training and mobility actions, the grant			
	agreement may lay down specific provisions on commitments			
	relating to the researchers benefiting from the action, ownership,			
	access rights and portability.			
	5. In the case of coordination and support actions, the grant			
	agreement may lay down specific provisions, in particular on			
	ownership, access rights, exploitation and dissemination of			
	results.			
	6. In the case of the Knowledge and Innovation Communities of			
	the EIT, the grant agreement may lay down specific provisions, in			
	particular on ownership, access rights, exploitation and			
	dissemination.			
50	Prizes	39	Prizes	Title IX
	1. Union funding may take the form of prizes as defined in Title		1. Prizes under the Programme shall be awarded and managed in	Prizes
	VII of Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 966/2012 and Regulation (EU)		accordance with Title IX of the Financial Regulation, unless otherwise	1
	No 1268/2012.		specified in this Chapter.	Article 206 – 207
	2. Any prize awarded shall be conditional upon the acceptance of		2. Any legal entity, regardless of its place of establishment, may	
	the appropriate publicity obligations. Regarding the		participate in a contest, unless otherwise provided in the work	
	dissemination of results, Title III of this Regulation shall apply.		programme or rules of contests.	
	The work programme or work plan may contain specific			
	obligations regarding exploitation and dissemination.		3. The Commission or funding body may organise prizes with:	
			(a) other Union bodies;	



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Horizo	n Horizon 2020 Rules for Participation	Horizon Europe		Financial Regulation 2018/1046
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			(b) third countries, including their scientific and technological	
			organisations or agencies;	
			(c) international organisations; or	
			(d) non-profit legal entities.	
			4. The work programme or rules of contest may include obligations	
			regarding communication, exploitation and dissemination.	Tial a VIII
		40	Procurement	Title VII
			Procurement under the Programme shall be awarded and managed	Procurement and Concessions
			in accordance with Title VII of the Financial Regulation, unless	Trocurement and concessions
			otherwise specified in this Chapter.	Article 160 – 179
			2. Procurement may also take the form of pre-commercial	
			procurement or procurement of innovative solutions carried out by the	
			Commission or the funding body on its own behalf or jointly with	
			contracting authorities from Member States and associated countries.	
			In this case, the rules set out in Article 22 shall apply.	This v
		41	Blending operations	Title X
			Blending operations decided under this Programme shall be	Financial Instruments, Budgetary Guarantees and
			implemented in accordance with the InvestEU Programme and Title X	Financial Assistance
			of the Financial Regulation.	
			•	Article 208 – 220
		10		{see Article 2(21) RfP above}
		42	Horizon Europe and EIC Blended finance	209
			The grant and reimbursable advance components of Horizon Europe	Principles and conditions applicable to financial
		1	or EIC blended finance shall be subject to Articles 30 to 33	instruments and budgetary guarantees
			5. 2.5 Sichaed interior shall be subject to Attition 50 to 55	and baugetally guarantees
			2. EIC blended finance shall be implemented in accordance with Article	1. Financial instruments and budgetary guarantees
		1	43. The support under the EIC blended finance may be granted until the	shall be used in accordance with the principles of
			action can be financed as a blending operation or as a financing and	sound financial management, transparency,
			investment operation fully covered by the EU guarantee under	proportionality, non-discrimination, equal treatment
			InvestEU. By derogation from Article 209 of the Financial Regulation,	and subsidiarity, and in accordance with their
		1	the conditions laid down in paragraph (2) and, in particular, paragraph	objectives.
			(a) and (d), do not apply at the time of the award of EIC blended	2. Financial instruments and budgetary guarantees
			finance.	shall:



Horizon 2020 Article	Horizon 2020 Rules for Participation	Horizoi Europe Article	Horizon Europe Rules for Participation	Financial Regulation 2018/1046
			3. Horizon Europe blended finance may be awarded to a programme co-fund where a joint programme of Member States and associated countries provides for the deployment of financial instruments in support of selected actions. The evaluation and selection of such actions shall be made in accordance with Articles 19, 20, 23, 24, 25 and 26. The implementation modalities of the Horizon Europe blended finance shall comply with Article 29, by analogy Article 43(9) and with additional conditions defined by the work programme. 4. Repayments including reimbursed advances and revenues of Horizon Europe and EIC blended finance shall be considered as internal assigned revenues in accordance with Articles 21(3)(f) and 21(4) of Financial Regulation. 5. Horizon Europe and EIC blended finance shall be provided in a manner that does not distort competition.	(a) address market failures or sub-optimal investment situations and provide support, in a proportionate manner, only to final recipients that are deemed economically viable according to internationally accepted standards at the time of the Union financial support; (b) achieve additionality by preventing the replacement of potential support and investment from other public or private sources; (c) not distort competition in the internal market and be consistent with State aid rules; (d) achieve a leverage and a multiplier effect, with a target range of values based on an ex ante evaluation for the corresponding financial instrument or budgetary guarantee, by mobilising a global investment exceeding the size of the Union contribution or guarantee, including, where appropriate, the maximisation of private investment; (e) be implemented in a way to ensure that there is a common interest of the implementing entities or counterparts involved in the implementation in achieving the policy objectives defined in the relevant basic act, with provisions on for example co-investment, risk sharing requirements or financial incentives, while preventing a conflict of interests with other activities of the entities or counterparts; (f) provide for remuneration of the Union that is consistent with the sharing of risk among financial participants and the policy objectives of the financial instrument or budgetary guarantee; (g) where remuneration of the implementing entities or the counterparts involved in the implementation is due, provide that such remuneration is performance-based and comprises: (i) administrative fees to remunerate the entity or counterpart for the work carried out in the implementation of a financial instrument or budgetary guarantee, which shall, to the extent



Article possible, be based on the operations carried the amounts disbursed; and (ii) where appropriate, policy related incent promote the achievement of the policy objet incentivise the financial performance of the instrument or budgetary guarantee.	Horizon Europe Horizon Europe Rules for Participation Financial Regulation 2018/1046	Horizon 2020 Rules for Participation	Horizon 2020
the amounts disbursed; and (ii) where appropriate, policy related incent promote the achievement of the policy obje incentivise the financial performance of the instrument or budgetary guarantee.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·	Article
instified cases; (h) be based on ex ante evaluations, individas part of a programme, in line with Article containing explanations concerning the chothe type of financial operation taking into a the policy objectives pursued and the association of the policy objectives pursued and the association of the containing explanations referred to in point (h) of it subparagraph shall be reviewed and update into account the effect of major socioecon changes on the rationale of the financial ins or budgetary guarantee. 3. Without prejudice to sector-specific rules shared management, revenue, including did capital gains, guarantee fees and interest or and on amounts on fiduciary accounts paid the Commission or on fiduciary accounts paid the Commission or on fiduciary accounts paid the Commission or on fiduciary accounts paid financial instruments or budgetary guarante attributable to the support from the budge financial instrument or a budgetary guarantee be entered in the budget after deduction of management costs and fees. Annual repayments, including capital repay guarantees released, and repayments of the principal of loans, paid back to the Commission paid be the Commission paid be the Commission of the Support from the budget after deduction of management costs and fees. Annual repayments, including capital repay guarantees released, and repayments of the principal of loans, paid back to the Commission of the Comm	possible, be based on the operations carried on the amounts disbursed; and (ii) where appropriate, policy related incentive promote the achievement of the policy objection incentivise the financial performance of the fin instrument or budgetary guarantee. Exceptional expenses may be reimbursed in dujustified cases; (h) be based on ex ante evaluations, individuall as part of a programme, in line with Article 34, containing explanations concerning the choice the type of financial operation taking into account the policy objectives pursued and the associate financial risks and savings for the budget. The evaluations referred to in point (h) of the financial risks and savings had be reviewed and updated to into account the effect of major socioeconomic changes on the rationale of the financial instruing or budgetary guarantee. 3. Without prejudice to sector-specific rules for shared management, revenue, including divide capital gains, guarantee fees and interest on loo and on amounts on fiduciary accounts paid bac the Commission or on fiduciary accounts paid bac the Commission or on fiduciary accounts paid bac the Commission or on fiduciary accounts open financial instruments or budgetary guarantees attributable to the support from the budget un financial instrument or a budgetary guarantee. Be entered in the budget after deduction of management costs and fees. Annual repayments, including capital repayment guarantees released, and repayments of the principal of loans, paid back to the Commission fiduciary accounts opened for financial instrum or budgetary guarantees and attributable to the support from the budget under a financial instrument or budgetary guarantees and attributable to the support from the budget under a financial instrument or budgetary guarantees and attributable to the support from the budget under a financial instrument or budgetary guarantees and attributable to the support from the budget to sectors the part of the financial instrument or budgetary guarantees and attributable to the suppor	Horizon 2020 Rules for Participation	



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2020 Article	Horizon 2020 Rules for Participation	Europe Article	·	Financial Regulation 2018/1046
				period not exceeding the period for the budgetary commitment plus two years, unless otherwise specified in a basic act. The Commission shall take into account such internal assigned revenue when proposing the amount for future allocations for financial instruments or budgetary guarantees. Notwithstanding the second subparagraph, the outstanding amount of assigned revenue authorised under a basic act that is to be repealed or terminates may also be assigned to another financial instrument pursuing similar objectives, where this is provided in the basic act establishing that financial instrument. 4. The authorising officer responsible for a financial instrument, a budgetary guarantee or a financial assistance shall produce a financial statement covering the period 1 January to 31 December, in accordance with Article 243 and in compliance with the accounting rules referred to in Article 80 and the International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS). For financial instruments and budgetary guarantees implemented under indirect management, the authorising officer responsible shall ensure that unaudited financial statements covering the period 1 January to 31 December prepared in compliance with the accounting rules referred to in Article 80 and with IPSAS, as well as any information necessary to produce financial statements in accordance with Article 82(2), be provided by the entities pursuant to points (c)(ii), (iii), (v) and (vi) of the first subparagraph of Article 62(1) by 15 February of the following financial year and that audited financial statements be provided by those entities by 15 May of the following financial year.
				21(3)(f) and (4)



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Horizo 2020		Horizo		Financial Regulation 2018/1046
Article		Europe Article	·	Financial Regulation 2018/1046
Aiticle		Aiticle		Assigned revenue
				Assigned revenue
				[]
				3. The following shall constitute internal assigned
				revenue:
				[]
				(f) repayments to financial instruments or budgetary
				guarantees pursuant to the second subparagraph of
				Article 209(3);
				[]
				4. Assigned revenue shall be carried over and
				transferred in accordance with points (b) and (c) of
				Article 12(4) and with Article 32.
				[]
				{see Article 12(1)(d)(iii) and 33(6) RfP above}
		43	EIC's Accelerator	,,,,,
			1. The beneficiary of the EIC Accelerator shall be a legal entity	
			qualifying as a start-up, an SME or as a mid-cap, established in a	
			Member State or associated country. The proposal may be submitted	
			by the beneficiary, or by one or more natural persons or legal entities	
			intending to establish or support that beneficiary.	
			2. A single award decision shall cover and provide funding for all forms	
			of Union contribution provided under EIC blended finance.	
			3. Proposals shall be evaluated on their individual merit by	
			independent experts and selected in the context of an annual open call	
			with cut-off dates, based on Articles 24 to 26, subject to paragraph 4.	
			4. Award criteria shall be:	
			- excellence;	
			- impact;	
			– the level risk of the action and the need for Union support.	
			5. With the agreement of applicants concerned, the Commission or	
			funding bodies implementing Horizon Europe may directly submit for	
			evaluation under the last evaluation criterion a proposal for an	



Horizon		Horizon		
2020	Horizon 2020 Rules for Participation	Europe	Horizon Europe Rules for Participation	Financial Regulation 2018/1046
Article		Article		
			nnovation and market deployment action which already fulfils the first	
			wo criteria, subject to the following cumulative conditions:	
			the proposal shall stem from any other action funded by Horizon 2020	
			or this Programme, or from a national programme similar to the EIC's	
			Pathfinder and acknowledged as such by the Commission;	
			be based on a previous project review assessing the excellence and	
			he impact of the proposal and subject to conditions and processes	
		Ť	urther detailed in the work programme.	
		ϵ	6. A Seal of Excellence may be awarded subject to the following	
			cumulative conditions:	
		-	the beneficiary is a start-up or an SME,	
			the proposal was eligible and has passed applicable thresholds for the	
			irst two award criteria referred to in paragraph 4,	
		-	for those activities that would be eligible under an innovation action.	
		7	7. For a proposal having passed the evaluation, independent experts	
		S	hall propose a corresponding EIC blended finance, based on the risk	
			ncurred and the resources and time necessary to bring and deploy the	
		i	nnovation to the market.	
		Т	he Commission may reject a proposal retained by independent	
			experts for justified reasons, including compliance with the objectives	
		C	of Union policies.	
		8	3. The grant or the reimbursable advance component of the blended	
			inance shall not exceed 70% of the costs of the selected innovation	
		а	ection.	
		و). Implementation modalities of the equity and repayable support	
			components of the EIC blended finance shall be detailed in Decision	
			Specific programme].	
			.0. The contract for the selected action shall establish specific	
			nilestones and the corresponding pre-financing and payments by	
			nstalments of the EIC blended finance.	
			Activities corresponding to an innovation action may be launched and	
			irst pre-financing of the grant or the reimbursable advance paid, prior	
			o the implementation of other components of the awarded EIC	
			plended finance. The implementation of those components shall be	



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Article	· ·	Article		Tillaticial Regulation 2010/1040
			subject to the achievement of specific milestones established in the contract. 11. In accordance with the contract, the action shall be suspended, amended or terminated if milestones are not met. It may also be terminated where expected market deployment cannot be met. The Commission may decide to increase the EIC blended finance subject to a project review by external independent experts.	
40	1. The Commission and, where appropriate, funding bodies may appoint independent experts to evaluate proposals in accordance with Article 15 or to advise on or assist with: (a) the evaluation of proposals; (b) the monitoring of the implementation of actions carried out under Regulation (EU) No 1291/2013 as well as of previous Research and/or Innovation Programmes; (c) the implementation of Union research and innovation policy or programmes including Horizon 2020, as well as the achievement and functioning of the European Research Area; (d) the evaluation of Research and Innovation Programmes; (e) the design of the Union research and innovation policy, including the preparation of future programmes. 2. Independent experts shall be chosen on the basis of their skills, experience and knowledge appropriate to carry out the tasks assigned to them. In cases where independent experts have to deal with classified information, the appropriate security clearance shall be required before appointment. Independent experts shall be identified and selected on the basis of calls for applications from individuals and calls addressed to relevant organisations such as research agencies, research institutions, universities, standardisation organisations, civil society organisations or enterprises with a view to establishing a database of candidates. The Commission or the relevant funding body may, if deemed appropriate and in duly justified cases, select in a transparent manner any individual expert with the appropriate skills not included in the database.	44	 Appointment of external experts By derogation from Article 237(3) of the Financial Regulation, external experts may be selected without a call for expressions of interest, if justified and the selection is carried out in a transparent manner. In accordance with Article 237(2) and 237(3) of the Financial Regulation, external experts shall be remunerated based on standard conditions. If justified, an appropriate level of remuneration beyond the standard conditions based on relevant market standards, especially for specific high level experts, may be granted. In addition to Article paragraphs 2 and 3 of Article 38 of the Financial Regulation, the names of external experts evaluating grant applications, who are appointed in a personal capacity shall be published, together with their area of expertise, at least once a year on the internet site of the Commission or the funding body. Such information shall be collected, processed and published in accordance with the EU data protection rules. 	Remunerated external experts [] 2. Remunerated external experts shall be remunerated on the basis of a fixed amount announced in advance and shall be chosen on the basis of their professional capacity. The selection shall be done on the basis of selection criteria respecting the principles of non-discrimination, equal treatment and absence of conflict of interests. 3. A call for expression of interest shall be published on the website of the Union institution concerned. The call for expression of interest shall include a description of the tasks, their duration and the fixed conditions of remuneration. A list of experts shall be drawn up following the call for expression of interest. It shall be valid for no more than five years from its publication or for the duration of a multiannual programme related to the tasks. [] 38(2) and (3) Publication of information on recipients and other information []



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2020	Horizon 2020 Rules for Participation	Europe	Horizon Europe Rules for Participation	Financial Regulation 2018/1046
Article Whe releve balar pane geog situa publi The Cadvice expendent the State on we evaluate body 1268 5. The have imple 2013 expendent be come and the state of the st	Horizon 2020 Rules for Participation In appointing independent experts, the Commission or the ant funding body shall take appropriate measures to seek a need composition within the expert groups and evaluation als in terms of various skills, experience, knowledge, raphical diversity and gender, and taking into account the tion in the field of the action. Where appropriate, private-ic sector balance shall also be sought. Commission or the relevant funding body may call upon the see of advisory bodies for the appointment of independent rts. In the case of ERC frontier research actions, the mission shall appoint experts on the basis of a proposal from cientific Council of the ERC. Be Commission or the relevant funding body shall ensure that expert faced with a conflict of interest in relation to a matter thich the expert is required to provide an opinion does not uate, advise or assist on the specific matter in question. Be exchanges with independent experts, including the lusion of contracts for their appointment and any indiment thereto, may be done through electronic exchange imas set up by the Commission or by the relevant funding as stipulated in Article 287(4) of Regulation (EU) No. 1/2012. Be names of experts appointed in a personal capacity, who assisted the Commission or the funding bodies in ementation of Regulation (EU) No 1291/2013 and Decision 7/43/EU shall be published, together with their area of ritise, at least once a year on the internet site of the mission or the relevant funding body. Such information shall ollected, processed and published in accordance with llation (EC) No 45/2001.		Horizon Europe Rules for Participation	2. Save in the cases referred to in paragraphs 3 and 4, the following information shall be published, having due regard for the requirements of confidentiality and security, in particular the protection of personal data: (a) the name of the recipient; (b) the locality of the recipient, namely: (i) the address of the recipient when the recipient is a legal person; (ii) the region on NUTS 2 level when the recipient is a natural person; (c) the amount legally committed; (d) the nature and purpose of the measure. The information referred to in the first subparagraph of this paragraph shall only be published for prizes, grants and contracts which have been awarded as a result of contests, grant award procedures or procurement procedures, and for experts selected pursuant to Article 237(2). 3. The information referred to in the first subparagraph of paragraph 2 shall not be published for: (a) education supports paid to natural persons and other direct support paid to natural persons most in need as referred to in point (b) of Article 191(4); (b) very low value contracts awarded to experts selected pursuant to Article 237(2) as well as very low value contracts below the amount referred to in point 14.4 of Annex I; (c) financial support provided through financial instruments for an amount lower than EUR 500 000; (d) where disclosure risks threatening the rights and freedoms of the persons or entities concerned as protected by the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union or harming the commercial interests of the recipients. In the cases referred to in point (c) of the first subparagraph, the information made available shall



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Artici		Alticle		geographical situation, economic typology of recipients, type of support received and the Union policy area under which such support was provided. Where natural persons are concerned, the disclosure of the information referred to in the first subparagraph of paragraph 2 shall be based on relevant criteria such as the frequency or the type of the measure and the amounts involved. []
1	3. Regulation (EC) No 294/2008 or any basic act which entrusts budget implementation tasks to a funding body under Article 185 TFEU may establish rules which depart from those laid down in this Regulation. In order to take into account their specific operating needs and subject to the rules established in the relevant basic act, the Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 56, with regard to funding bodies set up under Article 187 TFEU concerning:	45	 Monitoring and reporting Indicators to report on progress of the Programme towards the achievement of the objectives established in Article 3 are set in Annex V along impact pathways. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 50 concerning amendments to Annex V to supplement or amend the impact pathway indicators, where considered necessary, and set baselines and targets. The performance reporting system shall ensure that data for monitoring programme implementation and results are collected efficiently, effectively and in a timely manner. To that end, proportionate reporting requirements shall be imposed on recipients of Union funds and (where relevant) Member States. 	
4	1. Without prejudice to Article 3, the Commission shall, upon request, make available to the Union institutions, bodies, offices or agencies, any Member State or associated country, any useful information in its possession concerning results generated by a participant in an action that has received Union funding, provided that both the following conditions are met: (a) the information concerned is relevant to public policy; (b) the participants have not provided sound and sufficient reasons for withholding the information concerned. In actions under the specific objective 'Secure societies - Protecting freedom and security of Europe and its citizens', the Commission shall upon request make available to Union institutions, bodies, offices or agencies or to Member States'	46	Information, communication, publicity and dissemination and exploitation 1. The recipients of Union funding shall acknowledge the origin and ensure the visibility of the Union funding (in particular when promotion the actions and their results) by providing coherent, effective and proportionate targeted information to multiple audiences, including the media and the public. 2. The Commission shall implement information and communication actions relating to the Programme, and its actions and results. Financial resources allocated to the Programme shall also contribute to the corporate communication of the political priorities of the Union, as far as they are related to the objectives referred to in Article 3.	



Horizo 2020 Article	Horizon 2020 Rules for Participation	Horizon Europe Article	Horizon Europe Rules for Participation	Financial Regulation 2018/1046
	national authorities any useful information in its possession concerning results generated by a participant in an action that has received Union funding. The Commission shall notify the participant of such communication. Where a Member State or Union institution, body, office or agency requests the communication of information, the Commission shall also notify such communication to all Member States. 2. The provision of information pursuant to paragraph 1 shall not be deemed to transfer to the recipient any rights or obligations of the Commission or of the participants. However, the recipient shall treat any such information as confidential unless it becomes public or is made available publicly by the participants, or unless it was communicated to the Commission without restrictions concerning confidentiality. The Commission rules on security shall apply regarding classified information.		3. The Commission shall also establish a dissemination and exploitation strategy for increasing the availability and diffusion of the Programme's Research and Innovation results and knowledge to accelerate exploitation towards market uptake and boost the impact of the Programme. Financial resources allocated to the Programme shall also contribute to the corporate communication of the political priorities of the Union as well as information, communication, publicity, dissemination and exploitation activities as far as they are related to the objectives referred to in Article 3.	
30	The interim evaluation of Horizon 2020 shall include an evaluation of the impact of the various features introduced by the new funding levels laid down in Articles 27, 28 and 29 of this Regulation, with the aim of evaluating whether the new approach has led to undesired situations adversely affecting the attractiveness of Horizon 2020.		Programme Evaluation 1. Programme evaluations shall be carried out in a timely manner to feed into the decision-making process on the programme, its successor and other initiatives relevant to research and innovation. 2. The interim evaluation of the Programme shall be carried out once there is sufficient information available about the implementation of the Programme, but no later than four years after the start of the programme implementation. It shall include an assessment of the long-term impact of previous Framework Programmes and shall form the basis to adjust programme implementation, as appropriate.	



Horizo 2020 Articl	Horizon 2020 Rules for Participation	Horizon Europe Article		Financial Regulation 2018/1046
			3. At the end of the implementation of the Programme, but no later than four years after the end of the period specified in Article 1, a final evaluation of the Programme shall be completed by the Commission. It shall include an assessment of the long-term impact of previous Framework Programmes. 4. The Commission shall communicate the conclusions of the evaluations accompanied by its observations, to the European Parliament, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions.	
35	1. Participants that calculate and claim direct personnel costs on the basis of unit costs in accordance with Article 33(2) may submit to the Commission a certificate on the methodology. That methodology shall comply with the conditions set out in Article 33(2) and meet the requirements of the grant agreement. 2. Where the Commission accepts a certificate on the methodology, it shall be valid for all actions financed under Regulation (EU) No 1291/2013 and the participant shall calculate and claim costs on the basis of it. Once the Commission has accepted a certificate on the methodology, it shall not attribute any systemic or recurrent error to the accepted methodology. Certifying auditors 1. The certificates on the financial statements and on the methodology referred to in Articles 34 and 35 shall be established by an independent auditor qualified to carry out statutory audits of accounting documents in accordance with Directive 2006/43/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council (1) or similar national regulations, or by a competent and independent public officer in whom the relevant national authorities have vested the legal capacity to audit the participant and who has not been involved in the preparation of the financial		1. The control system for the Programme shall ensure an appropriate balance between trust and control, taking into account administrative and other costs of controls at all levels, especially for beneficiaries. 2. The audit strategy for the Programme shall be based on the financial audit of a representative sample of expenditure across the Programme as a whole. The representative sample shall be complemented by a selection based on an assessment of the risks related to expenditure. Actions that receive joint funding from different Union programmes shall be audited only once, covering all involved programmes and their respective applicable rules. 3. In addition, the Commission or funding body may rely on combined systems reviews at beneficiary level. These combined reviews shall be optional for certain types of beneficiaries and shall consist in a systems and process audit, complemented by an audit of transactions, carried out by a competent independent auditor qualified to carry out statutory audits of accounting documents in accordance with Directive 2006/43/EC. They may be used by the Commission or funding body to determine overall assurance on the sound financial management of expenditure and for reconsideration of the level of ex-post audits and certificates on financial statements. 4. In accordance with Article 127 of the Financial Regulation, the Commission or funding body may rely on audits on the use of Union	Cross-reliance on audits Without prejudice to existing possibilities for carrying out further audits, where an audit based on internationally accepted audit standards providing reasonable assurance has been conducted by an independent auditor on the financial statements and reports setting out the use of a Union contribution, that audit shall form the basis of the overall assurance, as further specified, where appropriate, in sector-specific rules, provided that there is sufficient evidence of the independence and competence of the auditor. To that end, the report of the independent auditor and the related audit documentation shall be made available on request to the European Parliament, the Commission, the Court of Auditors and the audit authorities of Member States.



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	2. Upon request by the Commission, the Court of Auditors or the European Anti-fraud Office (OLAF), the auditor who delivers the certificate on the financial statements and on the methodology shall grant access to the supporting documents and audit working papers on the basis of which a certificate on the financial statements or on the methodology was issued.		5. Audits may be carried out up to two years after the payment of the palance.	
			Protection of financial interests of the Union I. The Commission or its representatives, and the Court of Auditors, shall have the power of audit or, in the case of international organisations, the power of verification in accordance with agreements reached with them, on the basis of documents and onthe-spot, over all grant beneficiaries, contractors and subcontractors who have received Union funds under this Regulation. I. The European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) may carry out administrative investigations, including on-the-spot checks and inspections, in accordance with the provisions and procedures laid down in Regulation EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council and Council Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96, with a view to establishing whether there has been fraud, corruption or any other illegal activity affecting the financial interests of the Union in connection with Union funding or budgetary guarantees under this Regulation. I. Competent authorities of third countries and international organisations may also be required to cooperate with the European Public Prosecutor's Office (EPPO), in accordance with Mutual Legal Assistance Agreements, when it carries out investigations into criminal offences falling within its competence in accordance with Regulation EU) 2017/1939. I. Without prejudice to paragraphs 1 and 2, cooperation agreements with third countries and with international organisations, contracts, grant agreements and other legal commitments, as well as agreements establishing a budgetary guarantee, resulting from the implementation of this Regulation shall contain provisions expressly empowering the Commission, the Court of Auditors and OLAF to conduct such audits, on-the-spot checks and inspections, according to their respective competences. This shall include provisions to ensure that any third	



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Article		Article	parties involved in the implementation of Union funds or of a financing operation supported, in whole or in part, by a budgetary guarantee grant equivalent rights.	
56	Exercise of the delegation	50	Exercise of the delegation	
	1. The power to adopt delegated acts is conferred on the Commission subject to the conditions laid down in this Article.		1. The power to adopt delegated acts is conferred on the Commission subject to the conditions laid down in this Article.	
	2. The power to adopt delegated acts referred to in Article 1(3) shall be conferred on the Commission for the duration of Horizon 2020.		2. The power to adopt delegated acts referred to in Article 45(2) shall be conferred on the Commission until 31 December 2028.	
	3. The delegation of power referred to in Article 1(3) may be revoked at any time by the European Parliament or by the Council. A decision to revoke shall put an end to the delegation of the power specified in that decision. It shall take effect the day following the publication of the decision in the <i>Official Journal of the European Union</i> or at a later date specified therein. It shall not affect the validity of any delegated acts already in force.		3. The delegation of power referred to in Article 45(2) may be revoked at any time by the European Parliament or by the Council. A decision to revoke shall put an end to the delegation of power specified in that decision. It shall take effect the day following the publication of the decision in the <i>Official Journal</i> of the European Union or at a later date specified therein. It shall not affect the validity of any delegated acts already in force.	
	4. As soon as it adopts a delegated act, the Commission shall notify it simultaneously to the European Parliament and to the Council.		4. Before adopting a delegated act, the Commission shall consult experts designated by each Member State in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement on Better Law-Making of 13 April 2016.	
	5. A delegated act adopted pursuant to Article 1(3) shall enter into force only if no objection has been expressed either by the European Parliament or by the Council within a period of two months of notification of that act to the European Parliament and the Council or if, before the expiry of that period, the European Parliament and the Council have both informed the Commission that they will not object. That period shall be extended by two months at the initiative of the European Parliament or of the Council.		 5. As soon as it adopts a delegated act, the Commission shall notify it simultaneously to the European Parliament and to the Council. 6. A delegated act adopted pursuant to Article 45(2) shall enter into force if no objection has been expressed either by the European Parliament or by the Council within a period of two months of notification of that act to the European Parliament and the Council or if, before the expiry of that period, the European Parliament and the Council have both informed the Commission that they will not object. That period shall be extended by two months at the initiative of the European Parliament or of the Council. 	
57	Repeal and transitional provisions	51	Repeal	
	1. Regulation (EC) No 1906/2006 is repealed with effect from 1 January 2014.		Regulation (EU) No 1291/2013 and Regulation (EU) No 1290/2013 are repealed with effect from 1 January 2021.	



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	2. Without prejudice to paragraph 1, this Regulation shall not			
	affect the continuation or modification, including the total or		Transitional provisions	
	partial termination, of the actions concerned, until their closure,	52		
	or until the award of financial assistance by the Commission or		1. This Regulation shall not affect the continuation or modification of	
	funding bodies under Decision No 1982/ 2006/EC or any other		the actions concerned, until their closure, under Regulation (EU) No	
	legislation applying to that assistance on 31 December 2013,		1291/2013 and Regulation (EU) No 1290/2013, which shall continue to	
	which shall continue to apply to the actions concerned until their		apply to those actions until their closure. Work plans and actions	
	closure.		provided for in work plans adopted under Regulation (EU)	
			No1290/2013 and under the corresponding funding bodies' basic acts	
	3. Any sums from the participant Guarantee Fund set up by		shall also continue to be governed by Regulation (EU) No1290/2013	
	Regulation (EC) No 1906/2006 as well as all its rights and		and those basic acts until their completion.	
	obligations shall be transferred to the Fund as of 31 December			
	2013. The participants in actions under Decision No 1982/		2. The financial envelope for the Programme may also cover technical	
	2006/EC signing grant agreements after 31 December 2013 shall		and administrative assistance expenses necessary to ensure the	
	make their contribution to the Fund.		transition between the Programme and the measures adopted under	
			its predecessor Regulation (EU) No 1291/2013.	
58	This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following	53	Entry into force	
	that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European			
	Union.		This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following	
	This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly		that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.	
	applicable in all Member States.		This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in	
	''		all Member States.	
	Done at Strasbourg,			
			Done at Brussels,	
52	Financial Instruments			
	1. Financial instruments may take any of the forms referred to in,			
	and shall be implemented in accordance with, Title VIII of			
	Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 966/2012 and may be combined			
	with each other and with grants funded under the Union budget,			
	including under Regulation (EU) No 1291/2013.			
	morading and control (Ed) No 1231/2013.			
	2. By way of derogation from the second subparagraph of Article			
	140(6) of Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 966/2012, both revenues			
	and annual repayments generated by a financial instrument			
	established under Regulation (EU) No 1291/2013 shall be			
	assigned, in accordance with Article 21(4) of Regulation No			
	966/2012, to that financial instrument.			
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	3. By way of derogation from the second subparagraph of Article 140(6) of Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 966/2012, both revenues and annual repayments generated by the Risk Sharing Finance facility set up under Decision No 1982/2006/EC and the early stage part of the High-Growth and Innovative SME Facility (GIF1) set up under Decision No 1639/2006/EC, shall be assigned, in accordance with Article 21(4) of Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 966/2012, to the succeeding financial instruments under Regulation (EU) No 1291/2013.			
53	SME Instrument			
	 Only SMEs may apply for calls for proposals issued under the dedicated SME instrument referred to in Article 22 of Regulation (EU) No 1291/2013. They may cooperate with other companies, and with research organisations or universities. Once a company has been validated as an SME, that legal status shall be assumed to prevail for the entire duration of the project, even in cases where the company, due to its growth, later exceeds the ceilings of the SME definition. In the case of the SME instrument or grants by funding bodies or by the Commission targeting SMEs, the grant agreement may lay down specific provisions, in particular on ownership, access rights, exploitation and dissemination. 			
54	Fast Track to Innovation 1. In accordance with Article 7, any legal entity may participate in a Fast Track to Innovation ("FTI") action. Actions funded under FTI shall be innovation actions. The FTI call shall be open to proposals relating to any technology field under the specific objective "Leadership in enabling and industrial technologies" set out in point 1 of Part II of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 1291/2013 or to any of the specific objectives under the priority "Societal challenges" set out in points 1 to 7 of Part III of Annex I to that Regulation. 2. Proposals may be submitted at any time. The Commission shall set three cut-off dates per year to evaluate proposals. The period between a cut-off date and signature of the grant agreement or			



Horizon 2020 Article	Horizon 2020 Rules for Participation	Horizon Europe Article	Horizon Europe Rules for Participation	Financial Regulation 2018/1046
Pr ef im sh	otification of the grant decision shall not exceed six months. roposals shall be ranked according to the impact, quality and fficiency of implementation and excellence, with the criterion of impact given a higher weighting. No more than five legal entities hall participate in any one action. The amount of the grant shall ot exceed EUR 3 million.			



ANNEX I

Common Provisions on the European Structural Funds 2018/0196

and

Regulation on the financing, management and monitoring of the common agricultural policy 2018/0217

Common Provisions on the European Structural Funds 2018/0196

Article 21 (reference in Article 9(8) of the Rules for Participation in Horizon Europe)

Transfer of resources

- 1. Member States may request the transfer of up to 5 % of programme financial allocations from any of the Funds to any other Fund under shared management or to any instrument under direct or indirect management.
- 2. Transferred resources shall be implemented in accordance with the rules of the Fund or the instrument to which the resources are transferred and, in the case of transfers to instruments under direct or indirect management, for the benefit of the Member State concerned.
- 3. Requests under paragraph 1 shall set out the total amount transferred for each year by Fund and by category of region, where relevant, shall be duly justified and shall be accompanied by the revised programme or programmes, from which the resources are to be transferred in accordance with Article 19 indicating to which other Fund or instrument the amounts are transferred.
- 4. The Commission may object to a request for transfer in the related programme amendment where this would undermine the achievement of the objectives of the programme from which the resources are to be transferred.
- 5. Only resources of future calendar years may be transferred.
 - Article 67(5) (reference in Article 11(c) of the Rules for Participation in Horizon Europe)

Selection of operations by the managing authority

[...]

5. For operations awarded a Seal of Excellence certification, or selected under the programme co-fund under Horizon Europe, the managing authority may decide to grant support from the ERDF or the ESF+ directly, provided that such operations are consistent with the objectives of the programme.



The co-financing rate of the instrument providing the Seal of Excellence certification or the programme co-fund shall apply and shall be set out in the document referred in paragraph 4.

[...]

4. The managing authority shall ensure that the beneficiary is provided with a document setting out all the conditions for support for each operation including the specific requirements concerning the products or services to be delivered, the financing plan, the time-limit for its execution and where applicable, the method to be applied for determining the costs of the operation and the conditions for payment of the grant.

Regulation on the financing, management and monitoring of the common agricultural policy 2018/0217

• Article 8 (reference in Article 11(c) of the Rules for Participation in Horizon Europe)

Paying agencies and coordinating bodies

- 1. Paying agencies shall be departments or bodies of the Member States responsible for the management and control of expenditure referred in Article 5(2) and Article 6.
- With the exception of making payment, the carrying out of those tasks may be delegated.
- 2. Member States shall accredit, as paying agencies, departments or bodies which have an administrative organisation and a system of internal control which provide sufficient guarantees that payments are legal, regular and properly accounted for. To this end, paying agencies shall comply with minimum conditions for the accreditation with regard to the internal environment, control activities, information and communication and monitoring laid down by the Commission pursuant to point (a) of Article 10(1).

Each Member State shall restrict the number of its accredited paying agencies as follows:

- (a) to a single agency at national level or, where applicable, one per region; and
- (b) to a single agency for the management of both EAGF and EAFRD expenditure.

However, where paying agencies are established at regional level, Member States shall, in addition, either accredit a paying agency at national level for aid schemes which, by their nature, have to be managed at national level or Member States shall confer the management of these schemes on their regional paying agencies.

Paying agencies which did not manage EAGF or EAFRD expenditure for at least three years shall have their accreditation withdrawn.

Member States shall not appoint any new additional paying agency after the date of entry into force of this Regulation.

- 3. For the purposes of Article 63(5) and (6) of Regulation (EU, Euratom) 2018/... [the new Financial Regulation] ('the Financial Regulation'), the person in charge of the accredited paying agency shall, by 15 February of the year following the financial year concerned, draw up and provide the Commission with the following:
 - (a) the annual accounts for the expenditure incurred in carrying out the tasks entrusted to their accredited paying agency, as provided for in point (a) of Article 63(5) of the Financial Regulation, accompanied by the requisite information for their clearance in accordance with Article 51;



- (b) the annual performance report referred to in Article 52(1) showing that the expenditure was made in accordance with Article 35;
- (c) a management declaration as provided for in Article 63(6) of the Financial Regulation, as to:
 - (i) the fact that the information is properly presented, complete and accurate, as provided for in point (a) of Article 63(6) of the Financial Regulation,
 - (ii) the proper functioning of the governance systems put in place, which give the necessary guarantees concerning the outputs reported in the annual performance report, as provided for in points (b) and (c) of Article 63(6) of the Financial Regulation,
 - (iii) an analysis of the nature and extent of errors and weaknesses identified in systems by audit and controls, as well as corrective action taken or planned, as provided for in point (b) of Article 63(5) of the Financial Regulation.

The deadline of 15 February referred to in the first subparagraph may be exceptionally extended by the Commission to 1 March, upon request by the Member State concerned, as provided for in the second subparagraph Article 63(7) of the Financial Regulation.

- 4. Where more than one paying agency is accredited, Member States shall appoint a public coordinating body, to which it shall assign the following tasks:
 - (a) to collect the information to be provided to the Commission and to send that information to the Commission;
 - (b) to furnish the annual performance report referred to in Article 52(1);
 - (c) to take or coordinate actions with a view to resolving any deficiencies of a common nature and to keep the Commission informed of any follow-up;
 - (d) to promote and ensure harmonised application of Union rules.

As regards the processing of the financial information referred to in point (a) of the first subparagraph, the coordinating body shall be subject to specific accreditation by the Member States.

The annual performance report provided by the coordinating body shall be covered by the scope of the opinion referred to in Article 11(1) and its transmission shall be accompanied by a management declaration covering the entirety of that report.

- 5. Where an accredited paying agency does not meet or no longer meets one or more of the accreditation criteria referred to in paragraph 2, the Member State, acting on its own initiative or at the request of the Commission, shall withdraw that accreditation unless the paying agency makes the necessary changes within a period to be determined by the competent authority depending on the severity of the problem.
- 6. The paying agencies shall manage and ensure the control of the operations linked to public intervention for which they are responsible and they shall retain overall responsibility in that field.

Where support is provided through a financial instrument which is implemented by the EIB or another international financial institution in which a Member State is a shareholder, the paying agency shall rely on the control report supporting the payment applications submitted by the EIB or another international institution.



ANNEX II

Further relevant articles of the Financial Regulation 2018/1046

Article 2 (further relevant for Article 2 Title I "Definitions" and Annex II "Types of Actions" of the Rules for Participation in Horizon Europe)

Definitions

For the purposes of this Regulation, the following definitions apply:

- (1) 'applicant' means a natural person or an entity with or without legal personality who has submitted an application in a grant award procedure or in a contest for prizes;
- (2) 'application document' means a tender, a request to participate, a grant application or an application in a contest for prizes;
- (3) 'award procedure' means a procurement procedure, a grant award procedure, a contest for prizes, or a procedure for the selection of experts or persons or entities implementing the budget pursuant to point (c) of the first subparagraph of Article 62(1);
- (4) 'basic act' means a legal act, other than a recommendation or an opinion, which provides a legal basis for an action and for the implementation of the corresponding expenditure entered in the budget or of the budgetary guarantee or financial assistance backed by the budget, and which may take any of the following forms:
 - (a) in implementation of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union (TFEU) and the Treaty establishing the European Atomic Energy Community (the Euratom Treaty), the form of a regulation, a directive or a decision within the meaning of Article 288 TFEU; or
 - (b) in implementation of Title V of the Treaty on European Union (TEU), one of the forms specified in Articles 28(1) and 31(2), Article 33, and Articles 42(4) and 43(2) TEU;
- (5) 'beneficiary' means a natural person or an entity with or without legal personality with whom a grant agreement has been signed;
- (6) 'blending facility or platform' means a cooperation framework established between the Commission and development or other public finance institutions with a view to combining non-repayable forms of support and/or financial instruments and/or budgetary guarantees from the budget and repayable forms of support from development or other public finance institutions, as well as from private-sector finance institutions and private-sector investors;
- (7) 'budget implementation' means the carrying out of activities relating to the management, monitoring, control and auditing of budget appropriations in accordance with the methods provided for in Article 62;
- (8) 'budgetary commitment' means the operation by which the authorising officer responsible reserves the budget appropriations necessary to cover subsequent payments to honour legal commitments;
- (9) 'budgetary guarantee' means a legal commitment of the Union to support a programme of actions by taking on the budget a financial obligation that can be called upon should a specified event materialise during the implementation of the programme, and that remains valid for the duration of the maturity of the commitments made under the supported programme;



- (10) 'building contract' means a contract covering the purchase, exchange, long lease, usufruct, leasing, rental or hire purchase, with or without option to buy, of land, buildings or other immovable property. It covers both existing buildings and buildings before completion provided that the candidate has obtained a valid building permit for it. It does not cover buildings designed in accordance with the specifications of the contracting authority that are covered by works contracts;
- (11) 'candidate' means an economic operator that has sought an invitation or has been invited to take part in a restricted procedure, a competitive procedure with negotiation, a competitive dialogue, an innovation partnership, a design contest or a negotiated procedure;
- (12) 'central purchasing body' means a contracting authority providing centralised purchasing activities and, where applicable, ancillary purchasing activities;
- (13) 'check' means the verification of a specific aspect of a revenue or expenditure operation;
- (14) 'concession contract' means a contract for pecuniary interest concluded in writing between one or more economic operators and one or more contracting authorities within the meaning of Articles 174 and 178, in order to entrust the execution of works or the provision and management of services to an economic operator (the 'concession'), and where:
 - (a) the remuneration consists either solely in the right to exploit the works or services or in that right together with payment;
 - (b) the award of the concession contract involves the transfer to the concessionaire of an operating risk in exploiting those works or services encompassing demand risk or supply risk, or both. The concessionaire shall be deemed to assume an operating risk where, under normal operating conditions, there is no guarantee of recouping the investments made or the costs incurred in operating the works or the services concerned;
- (15) 'contingent liability' means a potential financial obligation that could be incurred depending on the outcome of a future event;
- (16) 'contract' means a public contract or a concession contract;
- (17) 'contractor' means an economic operator with whom a public contract has been signed;
- (18) 'contribution agreement' means an agreement concluded with persons or entities implementing Union funds pursuant to points (c)(ii) to (viii) of the first subparagraph of Article 62(1);
- (19) 'control' means any measure taken to provide reasonable assurance regarding the effectiveness, efficiency and economy of operations, the reliability of reporting, the safeguarding of assets and information, the prevention and detection and correction of fraud and irregularities and their follow-up, and the adequate management of the risks relating to the legality and regularity of the underlying transactions, taking into account the multiannual character of programmes as well as the nature of the payments concerned. Controls may involve various checks, as well as the implementation of any policies and procedures to achieve the objectives referred to in the first sentence;
- (20) 'counterpart' means the party that is granted a budgetary guarantee;
- (21) 'crisis' means:
 - (a) a situation of immediate or imminent danger threatening to escalate into an armed conflict or to destabilise a country or its neighbourhood;
 - (b) a situation caused by natural disasters, man-made crisis such as wars and other conflicts or extraordinary circumstances having comparable effects related, inter alia, to climate change, environmental degradation, privation of access to energy and natural resources or extreme poverty;
- (22) 'decommitment' means an operation whereby the authorising officer responsible cancels wholly or partly the reservation of appropriations previously made by means of a budgetary commitment;



- (23) 'dynamic purchasing system' means a completely electronic process for making commonly used purchases of items generally available on the market;
- (24) 'economic operator' means any natural or legal person, including a public entity, or a group of such persons, who offers to supply products, execute works or provide services or supply immovable property;
- (25) 'equity investment' means the provision of capital to a company, invested directly or indirectly in return for total or partial ownership of that company and where the equity investor may assume some management control of the company and may share the company's profits;
- (26) 'European office' means an administrative structure set up by the Commission, or by the Commission with one or more other Union institutions, to perform specific cross-cutting tasks;
- (27) 'final administrative decision' means a decision of an administrative authority having final and binding effect in accordance with the applicable law;
- (28) 'financial asset' means any asset in the form of cash, an equity instrument of a publicly or privately held entity or a contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset from such entity;
- (29) 'financial instrument' means a Union measure of financial support provided from the budget to address one or more specific policy objectives of the Union which may take the form of equity or quasi-equity investments, loans or guarantees, or other risk-sharing instruments, and which may, where appropriate, be combined with other forms of financial support or with funds under shared management or funds of the European Development Fund (EDF);
- (30) 'financial liability' means a contractual obligation to deliver cash or another financial asset to another entity;
- (31) 'framework contract' means a public contract concluded between one or more economic operators and one or more contracting authorities, the purpose of which is to establish the terms governing specific contracts under it to be awarded during a given period, in particular with regard to price and, where appropriate, the quantity envisaged;
- (32) 'global provisioning' means the total amount of resources deemed necessary over the entire lifetime of a budgetary guarantee as a result of applying the provisioning rate referred to in Article 211(1) to the amount of the budgetary guarantee authorised by the basic act referred to in point (b) of Article 210(1);
- (33) 'grant' means a financial contribution by way of donation. Where such a contribution is provided under direct management, it shall be governed by Title VIII;
- (34) 'guarantee' means a written commitment to assume responsibility for all or part of a third party's debt or obligation or for the successful performance by that third party of its obligations if an event occurs which triggers such guarantee, such as a loan default;
- (35) 'guarantee on demand' means a guarantee that must be honoured by the guarantor upon the counterpart's demand, notwithstanding any deficiencies in the enforceability of the underlying obligation;
- (36) 'in-kind contribution' means non-financial resources made available free of charge by third parties to a beneficiary;
- (37) 'legal commitment' means an act whereby the authorising officer responsible enters into or establishes an obligation which results in subsequent payment or payments and the recognition of expenditure charged to the budget, and which includes specific agreements and contracts concluded under financial framework partnership agreements and framework contracts;
- (38) 'leverage effect' means the amount of reimbursable financing provided to eligible final recipients divided by the amount of the Union contribution;
- (39) 'liquidity risk' means the risk that a financial asset held in the common provisioning fund might not be sold during a certain period of time without incurring a significant loss;



- (40) 'loan' means an agreement which obliges the lender to make available to the borrower an agreed amount of money for an agreed period and under which the borrower is obliged to repay that amount within the agreed period;
- (41) 'low value grant' means a grant lower than or equal to EUR 60 000;
- (42) 'Member State organisation' means an entity established in a Member State as a public law body, or as a body governed by private law entrusted with a public service mission and provided with adequate financial guarantees from the Member State;
- (43) 'method of implementation' means any of the methods of budget implementation referred to in Article 62, that is direct management, indirect management and shared management;
- (44) 'multi-donor action' means any action where Union funds are pooled with at least one other donor;
- (45) 'multiplier effect' means the investment by eligible final recipients divided by the amount of the Union contribution;
- (46) 'output' means the deliverables generated by the action determined in accordance with sector-specific rules;
- (47) 'participant' means a candidate or tenderer in a procurement procedure, an applicant in a grant award procedure, an expert in a procedure for selection of experts, an applicant in a contest for prizes or a person or entity participating in a procedure for implementing Union funds pursuant to point (c) of the first subparagraph of Article 62(1);
- (48) 'prize' means a financial contribution given as a reward following a contest. Where such a contribution is provided under direct management, it shall be governed by Title IX:
- (49) 'procurement' means the acquisition by means of a contract of works, supplies or services and the acquisition or rental of land, buildings or other immovable property, by one or more contracting authorities from economic operators chosen by those contracting authorities;
- (50) 'procurement document' means any document produced or referred to by the contracting authority to describe or determine elements of the procurement procedure, including:
 - (a) the publicity measures set out in Article 163;
 - (b) the invitation to tender;
 - (c) the tender specifications, including the technical specifications and the relevant criteria, or the descriptive documents in the case of a competitive dialogue;
 - (d) the draft contract;
- (51) 'public contract' means a contract for pecuniary interest concluded in writing between one or more economic operators and one or more contracting authorities within the meaning of Articles 174 and 178, in order to obtain, against payment of a price paid in whole or in part from the budget, the supply of movable or immovable assets, the execution of works or the provision of services, comprising:
 - (a) building contracts;
 - (b) supply contracts;
 - (c) works contracts;
 - (d) service contracts;



- (52) 'quasi-equity investment' means a type of financing that ranks between equity and debt, having a higher risk than senior debt and a lower risk than common equity and which can be structured as debt, typically unsecured and subordinated and in some cases convertible into equity, or into preferred equity;
- (53) 'recipient' means a beneficiary, a contractor, a remunerated external expert or a person or entity receiving prizes or funds under a financial instrument or implementing Union funds pursuant to point (c) of the first subparagraph of Article 62(1);
- (54) 'repurchase agreement' means the sale of securities for cash with an agreement to repurchase them on a specified future date, or on demand;
- (55) 'research and technological development appropriation' means an appropriation entered either in one of the titles of the budget relating to the policy areas linked to 'Indirect research' or 'Direct research' or in a chapter relating to research activities in another title;
- (56) 'result' means the effects of the implementation of an action determined in accordance with sector-specific rules;
- (57) 'risk-sharing instrument' means a financial instrument which allows for the sharing of a defined risk between two or more entities, where appropriate in exchange for an agreed remuneration;
- (58) 'service contract' means a contract covering all intellectual and non-intellectual services other than those covered by supply contracts, works contracts and building contracts;
- (59) 'sound financial management' means implementation of the budget in accordance with the principles of economy, efficiency and effectiveness;
- (60) 'Staff Regulations' means the Staff Regulations of Officials of the European Union and the Conditions of Employment of Other Servants of the European Union laid down in Regulation (EEC, Euratom, ECSC) No 259/68;
- (61) 'subcontractor' means an economic operator that is proposed by a candidate or tenderer or contractor to perform part of a contract or by a beneficiary to perform part of the tasks co-financed by a grant;
- (62) 'subscription' means sums paid to bodies of which the Union is member, in accordance with the budgetary decisions and the conditions of payment established by the body concerned;
- (63) 'supply contract' means a contract covering the purchase, leasing, rental or hire purchase, with or without option to buy, of products, and which may include, as an incidental matter, siting and installation operations;
- (64) 'technical assistance' means, without prejudice to sector-specific rules, support and capacity-building activities necessary for the implementation of a programme or an action, in particular preparatory, management, monitoring, evaluation, audit and control activities;
- (65) 'tenderer' means an economic operator that has submitted a tender;
- (66) 'Union' means the European Union, the European Atomic Energy Community, or both, as the context may require;
- (67) 'Union institution' means the European Parliament, the European Council, the Council, the Council, the Court of Justice of the European Union, the Court of Auditors, the European Economic and Social Committee, the Committee of the Regions, the European Ombudsman, the European Data Protection Supervisor or the European External Action Service (the 'EEAS'); the European Central Bank shall not be considered to be a Union institution;
- (68) 'vendor' means an economic operator registered in a list of vendors to be invited to submit requests to participate in or submit tenders;
- (69) 'volunteer' means a person working on a non-compulsory basis for an organisation without being paid;



- (70) 'work' means the outcome of building or civil engineering works taken as a whole that is sufficient in itself to fulfil an economic or technical function;
- (71) 'works contract' means a contract covering either:
 - (a) the execution or both the execution and design of a work;
 - (b) the execution or both the execution and design of a work related to one of the activities referred to in Annex II to Directive 2014/24/EU; or
 - (c) the realisation, by whatever means, of a work corresponding to the requirements specified by the contracting authority exercising a decisive influence on the type or design of the work.
 - Article 38 (further relevant for Article 44 "Appointment of external experts" of the Rules for Participation in Horizon Europe)

Publication of information on recipients and other information

1. The Commission shall make available, in an appropriate and timely manner, information on recipients of funds financed from the budget, where the budget is implemented by it in accordance with point (a) of the first subparagraph of Article 62(1).

The first subparagraph of this paragraph shall also apply to other Union institutions when they implement the budget pursuant to Article 59(1).

- 2. Save in the cases referred to in paragraphs 3 and 4, the following information shall be published, having due regard for the requirements of confidentiality and security, in particular the protection of personal data:
 - (a) the name of the recipient;
 - (b) the locality of the recipient, namely:
 - (i) the address of the recipient when the recipient is a legal person;
 - (ii) the region on NUTS 2 level when the recipient is a natural person;
 - (c) the amount legally committed;
 - (d) the nature and purpose of the measure.

The information referred to in the first subparagraph of this paragraph shall only be published for prizes, grants and contracts which have been awarded as a result of contests, grant award procedures or procurement procedures, and for experts selected pursuant to Article 237(2).

- 3. The information referred to in the first subparagraph of paragraph 2 shall not be published for:
 - (a) education supports paid to natural persons and other direct support paid to natural persons most in need as referred to in point (b) of Article 191(4);
 - (b) very low value contracts awarded to experts selected pursuant to Article 237(2) as well as very low value contracts below the amount referred to in point 14.4 of Annex I;



- (c) financial support provided through financial instruments for an amount lower than EUR 500 000;
- (d) where disclosure risks threatening the rights and freedoms of the persons or entities concerned as protected by the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union or harming the commercial interests of the recipients.

In the cases referred to in point (c) of the first subparagraph, the information made available shall be limited to statistical data, aggregated in accordance with relevant criteria, such as geographical situation, economic typology of recipients, type of support received and the Union policy area under which such support was provided.

Where natural persons are concerned, the disclosure of the information referred to in the first subparagraph of paragraph 2 shall be based on relevant criteria such as the frequency or the type of the measure and the amounts involved.

4. Persons or entities implementing Union funds pursuant to point (c) of the first subparagraph of Article 62(1) shall publish information on recipients in accordance with their rules and procedures, to the extent that those rules are deemed equivalent following the assessment carried out by the Commission pursuant to point (e) of the first subparagraph of Article 154(4), and provided that any publication of personal data is subject to safeguards equivalent to those set out in this Article.

Bodies designated pursuant to Article 63(3) shall publish information in accordance with sector-specific rules. Those sector-specific rules may, in accordance with the relevant legal basis, derogate from paragraphs 2 and 3 of this Article, in particular for the publication of personal data, where justified on the basis of the criteria referred to in the third subparagraph of paragraph 3 of this Article, and taking into account the specificities of the sector concerned.

5. The information referred to in paragraph 1 shall be published on the websites of Union institutions, no later than 30 June of the year following the financial year in which the funds were legally committed.

The websites of Union institutions shall contain a reference to the address of the website where the information referred to in paragraph 1 can be found if it is not published directly on a dedicated website of Union institutions.

The Commission shall make available, in an appropriate and timely manner, information about a single website, including a reference to its address, where the information as provided by the persons, entities or bodies referred to in paragraph 4 can be found.

- 6. Where personal data are published, the information shall be removed two years after the end of the financial year in which the funds were legally committed. This shall also apply to personal data referring to legal persons whose official name identifies one or more natural persons.
 - Article 116 (further relevant for Article 21 "Time to pay" of the Rules for Participation in Horizon 2020)

Time limits for payments

- 1. Payments shall be made within:
 - (a) 90 calendar days for contribution agreements, contracts and grant agreements involving technical services or actions which are particularly complex to evaluate and for which payment depends on the approval of a report or a certificate;
 - (b) 60 calendar days for all other contribution agreements, contracts and grant agreements for which payment depends on the approval of a report or a certificate;



- (c) 30 calendar days for all other contribution agreements, contracts and grant agreements.
- 2. The time allowed for making payments shall be understood to include validation, authorisation and the payment of expenditure.

It shall begin to run from the date on which a payment request is received.

3. A payment request shall be registered by the authorised department of the authorising officer responsible as soon as possible and is deemed to be received on the date it is registered.

The date of payment is deemed to be the date on which the Union institution's account is debited.

A payment request shall include the following essential elements:

- (a) the creditor's identification;
- (b) the amount;
- (c) the currency;
- (d) the date.

Where at least one essential element is missing, the payment request shall be rejected.

The creditor shall be informed in writing of a rejection and the reasons for it as soon as possible and in any case within 30 calendar days from the date on which the payment request was received.

- 4. The authorising officer responsible may suspend the time limit for payment where:
 - (a) the amount of the payment request is not due; or
 - (b) the appropriate supporting documents have not been produced.

If information comes to the notice of the authorising officer responsible which puts in doubt the eligibility of expenditure in a payment request, he or she may suspend the time limit for payment for the purpose of verifying, including by means of on-the-spot-checks, that the expenditure is eligible. The remaining time allowed for payment shall begin to run from the date on which the requested information or revised documents are received or the necessary further verification, including on-the-spot checks, is carried out.

The creditors concerned shall be informed in writing of the reasons for a suspension.

- 5. Except in the case of Member States, the EIB and the EIF, on the expiry of the time limits laid down in paragraph 1, the creditor shall be entitled to interest in accordance with the following conditions:
 - (a) the interest rates shall be those referred to in Article 99(2);
 - (b) the interest shall be payable for the period elapsing from the calendar day following expiry of the time limit for payment laid down in paragraph 1 up to the day of payment.

However, in the event that the interest calculated in accordance with the first subparagraph is lower than or equal to EUR 200, it shall be paid to the creditor only on a request submitted within two months of receiving late payment.



6. Each Union institution shall submit to the European Parliament and Council a report on the compliance with and the suspension of the time limits laid down in paragraphs 1 to 4 of this Article. The report of the Commission shall be annexed to the summary of the annual activity reports referred to in Article 74(9).

Article 125 (further relevant for Article 17 "Grants" of the Rules for Participation in Horizon Europe)

Forms of Union contribution

- 1. Union contributions under direct, shared and indirect management shall help achieve a Union policy objective and the results specified and may take any of the following forms:
 - (a) financing not linked to the costs of the relevant operations based on:
 - (i) the fulfilment of conditions set out in sector-specific rules or Commission decisions; or
 - (ii) the achievement of results measured by reference to previously set milestones or through performance indicators;
 - (b) reimbursement of eligible costs actually incurred;
 - (c) unit costs, which cover all or certain specific categories of eligible costs which are clearly identified in advance by reference to an amount per unit;
 - (d) lump sums, which cover in global terms all or certain specific categories of eligible costs which are clearly identified in advance;
 - (e) flat-rate financing, which covers specific categories of eligible costs, which are clearly identified in advance, by applying a percentage;
 - (f) a combination of the forms referred to in points (a) to (e).

Union contributions under point (a) of the first subparagraph of this paragraph shall, in direct and indirect management, be established in accordance with Article 181, sector-specific rules or a Commission decision and, in shared management, in accordance with sector-specific rules. Union contributions under points (c), (d) and (e) of the first subparagraph of this paragraph shall, in direct and indirect management, be established in accordance with Article 181 or sector-specific rules and, in shared management, in accordance with sector-specific rules.

- 2. When determining the appropriate form of a contribution, the potential recipients' interests and accounting methods shall be taken into account to the greatest extent possible.
- 3. The authorising officer responsible shall report on financing not linked to costs pursuant to points (a) and (f) of the first subparagraph of paragraph 1 of this Article in the annual activity report referred to in Article 74(9).
 - Article 148 (further relevant for Article 22 "Secure electronic system" of the Rules for Participation in Horizon 2020)



Electronic exchange systems

- 1. All exchanges with recipients, including the entering into legal commitments and any amendments thereto, may be done through electronic exchange systems.
- 2. Electronic exchange systems shall satisfy the following conditions:
 - (a) only authorised persons may have access to the system and to documents transmitted through it;
 - (b) only authorised persons may electronically sign or transmit a document through the system;
 - (c) authorised persons are identified through the system by established means;
 - (d) the time and date of the electronic transaction are determined precisely;
 - (e) the integrity of documents is preserved;
 - (f) the availability of documents is preserved;
 - (g) where appropriate, the confidentiality of documents is preserved;
 - (h) the protection of personal data in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 is ensured.
- 3. Data sent or received through such a system shall enjoy legal presumption of the integrity of the data and the accuracy of the date and time of sending or receiving the data indicated by the system.

A document sent or notified through such a system shall be considered as equivalent to a paper document, shall be admissible as evidence in legal proceedings, shall be deemed original and shall enjoy legal presumption of its authenticity and integrity, provided that the document does not contain any dynamic features capable of automatically changing it.

The electronic signatures referred to in point (b) of paragraph 2 shall have a legal effect equivalent to handwritten signatures.

• Article 150 (further relevant for Article 24 "Selection criteria" and Article 25 "Award criteria" and Article 26 "Evaluation" of the Rules for Participation in Horizon Europe)

Evaluation committee

- 1. Application documents shall be evaluated by an evaluation committee.
- 2. The evaluation committee shall be appointed by the authorising officer responsible.

The evaluation committee shall be made up of at least three persons.



3. The members of the evaluation committee evaluating grant applications or tenders shall represent at least two organisational entities of Union institutions or Union bodies referred to in Articles 68, 70 and 71 with no hierarchical link between them, at least one of which does not come under the authorising officer responsible. Where representations and local units outside the Union, such as a Union delegation, office or branch office in a third country, and Union bodies referred to in Articles 68, 70 and 71 have no separate entities, the requirement of organisational entities with no hierarchical link between them shall not apply.

External experts may assist the evaluation committee pursuant to a decision of the authorising officer responsible.

Members of the evaluation committee may be external experts where that possibility is provided for in the basic act.

- 4. The members of the evaluation committee evaluating applications in a contest for prizes may be persons referred to in the first subparagraph of paragraph 3 or external experts.
- 5. The members of the evaluation committee and the external experts shall comply with Article 61.
 - **Title VII Articles 160 177** (further relevant for Article 22 "Pre-commercial procurement and procurement of innovative solutions" and Article 40 "Procurement" of the Rules for Participation in Horizon Europe)

PROCUREMENT AND CONCESSIONS

CHAPTER 1

Common provisions

Article 160

Principles applicable to contracts and scope

- 1. All contracts financed in whole or in part by the budget shall respect the principles of transparency, proportionality, equal treatment and non-discrimination.
- 2. All contracts shall be put out to competition on the broadest possible basis, except when use is made of the procedure referred to in point (d) of Article 164(1).

The estimated value of a contract shall not be determined with a view to circumventing the applicable rules, nor shall a contract be split up for that purpose.

The contracting authority shall divide a contract into lots, whenever appropriate, with due regard to broad competition.

- 3. Contracting authorities shall not use framework contracts improperly or in such a way that their purpose or effect is to prevent, restrict or distort competition.
- 4. The JRC may receive funding charged to appropriations other than research and technological development appropriations in respect of its participation in procurement procedures financed in whole or in part from the budget.
- 5. The rules on procurement laid down in this Regulation shall not apply to the activities of the JRC on behalf of third parties, with the exception of the principles of transparency and equal treatment.



Article 161

Annex on procurement and delegation of powers

Detailed rules on procurement are laid down in Annex I to this Regulation. To ensure that Union institutions, when awarding contracts on their own account, apply the same standards as those imposed on contracting authorities covered by Directives 2014/23/EU and 2014/24/EU, the Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 269 of this Regulation to amend Annex I to this Regulation, in order to align that Annex to amendments to those Directives and to introduce related technical adjustments.

Article 162

Mixed contracts and common procurement vocabulary

- 1. A mixed contract covering two or more types of procurement (works, supplies or services) or concessions (works or services) or both, shall be awarded in accordance with the provisions applicable to the type of procurement that characterises the main subject matter of the contract in question.
- 2. In the case of mixed contracts consisting of supplies and services, the main subject matter shall be determined by a comparison of the values of the respective supplies or services.

A contract covering one type of procurement (works, supplies or services) and concessions (works or services) shall be awarded in accordance with the provisions applicable to the public contract concerned.

- 3. This Title shall not apply to contracts for technical assistance concluded with the EIB or the EIF.
- 4. Any references to nomenclatures in the context of procurement shall be made using the Common Procurement Vocabulary (CPV) as set out in Regulation (EC) No 2195/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council (1).

Article 163

Publicity measures

- 1. For procedures with a value equal to or greater than the thresholds referred to in Article 175(1) or Article 178, the contracting authority shall publish in the Official Journal of the European Union:
- (a) a contract notice to launch a procedure, except in the case of the procedure referred to in point (d) of Article 164(1);
- (b) a contract award notice on the results of the procedure.
- 2. Procedures with a value below the thresholds referred to in Article 175(1) or Article 178 shall be advertised by appropriate means.
- 3. Publication of certain information on a contract award may be withheld where its release would impede law enforcement, or otherwise be contrary to the public interest, would harm the legitimate commercial interests of economic operators or might prejudice fair competition between them.



Article 164

Procurement procedures

- 1. Procurement procedures for awarding concession contracts or public contracts, including framework contracts shall take one of the following forms:
 - (a) open procedure;
 - (b) restricted procedure, including through a dynamic purchasing system;
 - (c) design contest;
 - (d) negotiated procedure, including without prior publication;
 - (e) competitive dialogue;
 - (f) competitive procedure with negotiation;
 - (g) innovation partnership;
 - (h) procedures involving a call for expression of interest.
- 2. In open procedures any interested economic operator may submit a tender.
- 3. In restricted procedures, competitive dialogues, competitive procedures with negotiation and innovation partnerships, any economic operator may submit a request to participate by providing the information that is requested by the contracting authority. The contracting authority shall invite all candidates, that satisfy the selection criteria and that are not in any of the situations referred to in Articles 136(1) and 141(1), to submit a tender.

Notwithstanding the first subparagraph, the contracting authority may limit the number of candidates to be invited to participate in the procedure on the basis of objective and non-discriminatory selection criteria, which shall be indicated in the contract notice or the call for expression of interest. The number of candidates invited shall be sufficient to ensure genuine competition.

4. In all procedures involving negotiation, the contracting authority shall negotiate with tenderers the initial and any subsequent tenders or parts thereof, except their final tenders, in order to improve their content. The minimum requirements and the criteria specified in the procurement documents shall not be subject to negotiation.

A contracting authority may award a contract on the basis of the initial tender without negotiation where it has indicated in the procurement documents that it reserves the possibility to do so.

- 5. The contracting authority may use:
 - (a) the open or restricted procedure for any purchase;
 - (b) the procedures involving a call for expression of interest for contracts with a value below the thresholds referred to in Article 175(1), to preselect candidates to be invited to submit tenders in response to future restricted invitations to tender, or to collect a list of vendors to be invited to submit requests to participate or submit tenders;
 - (c) the design contest to acquire a plan or design selected by a jury after being put out to competition;



- (d) the innovation partnership to develop an innovative product, service or innovative works and for the subsequent purchase of the resulting supply, services or works;
- (e) the competitive procedure with negotiation or the competitive dialogue for concession contracts, for the service contracts referred to in Annex XIV to Directive 2014/24/EU, in cases where only irregular or unacceptable tenders were submitted in response to an open or restricted procedure after the initial procedure has been completed, and for cases where this is justified by the specific circumstances linked, inter alia, to the nature or the complexity of the subject matter of the contract or to the specific type of contract, as further detailed in Annex I to this Regulation;
- (f) the negotiated procedure for contracts with a value below the thresholds referred to in Article 175(1), or the negotiated procedure without prior publication for specific types of purchases falling outside the scope of Directive 2014/24/EU or in the clearly defined exceptional circumstances set out in Annex I to this Regulation.
- 6. A dynamic purchasing system shall be open throughout its duration to any economic operator who satisfies the selection criteria.

The contracting authority shall follow the rules of the restricted procedure for procurement through a dynamic purchasing system.

Article 165

Interinstitutional procurement and joint procurement

1. Where a contract or a framework contract is of interest to two or more Union institutions, executive agencies or Union bodies referred to in Articles 70 and 71, and whenever there is a possibility for realising efficiency gains, the contracting authorities concerned may carry out the procedure and the management of the subsequent contract or framework contract on an interinstitutional basis under the lead of one of the contracting authorities.

The bodies and persons entrusted with the implementation of specific actions in the CFSP pursuant to Title V of the TEU as well as the Office of the Secretary of the Board of Governors of the European Schools may also participate in interinstitutional procedures.

The terms of a framework contract shall only apply between those contracting authorities that are identified for that purpose in the procurement documents and those economic operators that are party to the framework contract.

2. Where a contract or framework contract is necessary for the implementation of a joint action between a Union institution and one or more contracting authorities from Member States, the procurement procedure may be carried out jointly by the Union institution and the contracting authorities.

Joint procurement may be conducted with EFTA States and Union candidate countries if that possibility has been specifically provided for in a bilateral or multilateral treaty.

The procedural provisions applicable to Union institutions shall apply to the joint procurement.

Where the share pertaining to or managed by the contracting authority of a Member State in the total estimated value of the contract is equal to or above 50 %, or in other duly justified cases, the Union institution may decide that the procedural rules applicable to the contracting authority of a Member State shall apply to the joint procurement, provided that those rules may be considered as equivalent to those of the Union institution.

The Union institution and the contracting authority from a Member State, an EFTA State or a Union candidate country concerned by the joint procurement shall agree in particular upon the detailed practical arrangements for the evaluation of the requests for participation or of the tenders, the award of the contract, the law applicable to the contract and the competent court for hearing disputes.



Article 166

Preparation of a procurement procedure

- 1. Before launching a procurement procedure, the contracting authority may conduct a preliminary market consultation with a view to preparing the procedure.
- 2. In the procurement documents, the contracting authority shall identify the subject matter of the procurement by providing a description of its needs and the characteristics required of the works, supplies or services to be bought, and shall specify the applicable exclusion, selection and award criteria. The contracting authority shall also indicate which elements define the minimum requirements to be met by all tenders. Minimum requirements shall include compliance with applicable environmental, social and labour law obligations established by Union law, national law, collective agreements or the applicable international social and environmental conventions listed in Annex X to Directive 2014/24/EU.

Article 167

Award of contracts

- 1. Contracts shall be awarded on the basis of award criteria provided that the contracting authority has verified the following:
 - (a) the tender complies with the minimum requirements specified in the procurement documents;
 - (b) the candidate or tenderer is not excluded under Article 136 or rejected under Article 141;
 - (c) the candidate or tenderer meets the selection criteria specified in the procurement documents and is not subject to conflicts of interest which may negatively affect the performance of the contract.
- 2. The contracting authority shall apply the selection criteria to evaluate the capacity of the candidate or tenderer. Selection criteria shall only relate to the legal and regulatory capacity to pursue the professional activity, the economic and financial capacity, and the technical and professional capacity. The JRC shall be presumed to meet the requirements relating to financial capacity.
- 3. The contracting authority shall apply the award criteria to evaluate the tender.
- 4. The contracting authority shall base the award of contracts on the most economically advantageous tender, which shall consist in one of three award methods: lowest price, lowest cost or best price-quality ratio.

For the lowest cost method, the contracting authority shall use a cost-effectiveness approach including life-cycle costing.

For the best price-quality ratio, the contracting authority shall take into account the price or cost and other quality criteria linked to the subject matter of the contract.

Article 168

Submission, electronic communication and evaluation

1. The contracting authority shall lay down time limits for the receipt of tenders and requests to participate in accordance with point 24 of Annex I and taking into account the complexity of the purchase, leaving an adequate period for economic operators to prepare their tenders.



2. If deemed appropriate and proportionate, the contracting authority may require tenderers to lodge a guarantee to make sure that the tenders submitted are not withdrawn before contract signature. The required guarantee shall represent 1 to 2 % of the total estimated value of the contract.

The contracting authority shall release the guarantees:

- (a) in respect of tenderers or tenders rejected as referred to in point 30.2(b) or (c) of Annex I, after having provided the information on the outcome of the procedure;
- (b) in respect of tenderers ranked as referred to in point 30.2(e) of Annex I, after the contract is signed.
- 3. The contracting authority shall open all requests to participate and tenders. However, it shall reject:
 - (a) requests to participate and tenders which do not comply with the time limit for receipt, without opening them;
 - (b) tenders already open when they are received, without examining their content.
- 4. The contracting authority shall evaluate all requests to participate or tenders not rejected during the opening phase as laid down in paragraph 3 on the basis of the criteria specified in the procurement documents with a view to awarding the contract or to proceeding with an electronic auction.
- 5. The authorising officer may waive the appointment of an evaluation committee as provided for in Article 150(2) in the following cases:
 - (a) the value of the contract is below the thresholds referred to in Article 175(1);
 - (b) on the basis of a risk analysis for the cases referred to in points (c), (e), (f)(i), (f)(iii) and (h) of the second subparagraph of point 11.1 of Annex I;
 - (c) on the basis of a risk analysis when reopening competition within a framework contract;
 - (d) for procedures in the field of external actions having a value of less than or equal to EUR 20 000.
- 6. Requests to participate and tenders which do not comply with all the minimum requirements set out in the procurement documents shall be rejected.

Article 169

Contacts during the procurement procedure

- 1. Before the time limit for receipt of requests to participate or tenders, the contracting authority may communicate additional information about the procurement documents if it discovers an error or omission in the text or upon request from candidates or tenderers. Information provided shall be disclosed to all candidates or tenderers.
- 2. After the time limit for receipt of requests to participate or tenders, in every case where contact has been made, and in the duly justified cases where contact has not been made as provided for in Article 151, a record shall be kept in the procurement file.

Article 170

Award decision and information to candidates or tenderers

1. The authorising officer responsible shall decide to whom the contract is to be awarded, in compliance with the selection and award criteria specified in the procurement documents.



2. The contracting authority shall notify all candidates or tenderers, whose requests to participate or tenders are rejected, of the grounds on which the decision was taken, as well as the duration of the standstill periods referred to in Articles 175(2) and 178(1).

For the award of specific contracts under a framework contract with reopening of competition, the contracting authority shall inform the tenderers of the result of the evaluation.

- 3. The contracting authority shall inform each tenderer who is not in an exclusion situation referred to in Article 136(1), who is not rejected under Article 141, whose tender is compliant with the procurement documents and who makes a request in writing, of any of the following:
 - (a) the name of the tenderer, or tenderers in the case of a framework contract, to whom the contract is awarded and, except in the case of a specific contract under a framework contract with reopening of competition, the characteristics and relative advantages of the successful tender, the price paid or contract value, whichever is appropriate;
 - (b) the progress of negotiation and dialogue with tenderers.

However, the contracting authority may decide to withhold certain information where its release would impede law enforcement, would be contrary to the public interest or would prejudice the legitimate commercial interests of economic operators or might distort fair competition between them.

Article 171

Cancellation of the procurement procedure

The contracting authority may, before the contract is signed, cancel the procurement procedure without the candidates or tenderers being entitled to claim any compensation.

The decision shall be justified and brought to the attention of the candidates or tenderers as soon as possible.

Article 172

Performance and modifications of the contract

- 1. Performance of the contract shall not start before it is signed.
- 2. The contracting authority may modify a contract or framework contract without a procurement procedure only in the cases provided for in paragraph 3 and provided the modification does not alter the subject matter of the contract or framework contract.
- 3. A contract, a framework contract or a specific contract under a framework contract may be modified without a new procurement procedure in any of the following cases:
- (a) for additional works, supplies or services by the original contractor that have become necessary and that were not included in the initial procurement, where the following conditions are fulfilled:
 - (i) a change of contractor cannot be made for technical reasons linked to interchangeability or interoperability requirements with existing equipment, services or installations;
 - (ii) a change of contractor would cause substantial duplication of costs for the contracting authority;



- (iii) any increase in price, including the net cumulative value of successive modifications, does not exceed 50 % of the initial contract value;
- (b) where all of the following conditions are fulfilled:
 - (i) the need for modification has been brought about by circumstances which a diligent contracting authority could not foresee;
 - (ii) any increase in price does not exceed 50 % of the initial contract value;
- (c) where the value of the modification is below the following thresholds:
 - (i) the thresholds referred to in Article 175(1), and in point 38 of Annex I in the field of external actions, applicable at the time of the modification; and
 - (ii) 10 % of the initial contract value for public service and supply contracts and works or services concession contracts and 15 % of the initial contract value for public works contracts;
- (d) where both of the following conditions are fulfilled:
 - (i) the minimum requirements of the initial procurement procedure are not altered;
 - (ii) any ensuing modification of value complies with the conditions set out in point (c) of this subparagraph, unless such modification of value results from the strict application of the procurement documents or contractual provisions.

The initial contract value shall not take into account price revisions.

The net cumulative value of several successive modifications under point (c) of the first subparagraph shall not exceed any threshold referred to therein.

The contracting authority shall apply the *ex post* publicity measures set out in Article 163.

Article 173

Performance guarantees and retention money guarantees

1. A performance guarantee shall amount to a maximum of 10 % of the total value of the contract.

It shall be fully released after final acceptance of the works, supplies or complex services, within a period subject to the time limits set out in Article 116(1) and to be specified in the contract. It may be released partially or fully upon provisional acceptance of the works, supplies or complex services.

2. A retention money guarantee amounting to a maximum of 10 % of the total value of the contract may be constituted by deductions from interim payments as and when they are made or by deduction from the final payment.

The contracting authority shall determine the amount of the retention money guarantee which shall be proportionate to the risks identified in relation to the performance of the contract, taking into account its subject matter and the usual commercial terms applicable in the sector concerned.

A retention money guarantee shall not be used in a contract where a performance guarantee has been requested and not released.

3. Subject to approval by the contracting authority, the contractor may request to replace the retention money guarantee by another type of guarantee referred to in Article 152.



4. The contracting authority shall release the retention money guarantee after the expiry of the contractual liability period, within a period subject to the time limits set out in Article 116(1) and to be specified in the contract.

CHAPTER 2

Provisions applicable to contracts awarded by Union institutions on their own account

Article 174

The contracting authority

1. Union institutions, executive agencies and Union bodies referred to in Articles 70 and 71 shall be deemed to be contracting authorities in respect of contracts awarded on their own account, except where they purchase from a central purchasing body. Departments of Union institutions shall not be deemed to be contracting authorities where they conclude service-level agreements amongst themselves.

Union institutions deemed to be contracting authorities in accordance with the first subparagraph shall, in accordance with Article 60, delegate the necessary powers for the exercise of the function of the contracting authority.

2. Each authorising officer by delegation or subdelegation within each Union institution shall assess whether the thresholds referred to in Article 175(1) have been reached.

Article 175

Thresholds applicable and standstill period

- 1. To award public and concession contracts, the contracting authority shall respect the thresholds laid down in points (a) and (b) of Article 4 of Directive 2014/24/EU when selecting a procedure referred to in Article 164(1) of this Regulation. Those thresholds shall determine the publicity measures set out in Article 163(1) and (2) of this Regulation.
- 2. Subject to the exceptions and conditions specified in Annex I to this Regulation, in the case of contracts the value of which exceeds the thresholds referred to in paragraph 1, the contracting authority shall not sign the contract or framework contract with the successful tenderer until a standstill period has elapsed.
- 3. The standstill period shall have a duration of 10 days when using electronic means of communication and 15 days when using other means.

Article 176

Rules on access to procurement

- 1. Participation in procurement procedures shall be open on equal terms to all natural and legal persons within the scope of the Treaties and to all natural and legal persons established in a third country which has a special agreement with the Union in the field of procurement under the conditions laid down in such an agreement. It shall also be open to international organisations.
- 2. For the purpose of Article 160(4), the JRC shall be considered as a legal person established in a Member State.



Article 177

Procurement rules of the World Trade Organisation

Where the plurilateral Agreement on Government Procurement concluded within the World Trade Organisation applies, the procurement procedure shall also be open to economic operators established in the states which have ratified that agreement, under the conditions laid down therein.

[...]

Article 181 (further relevant for Article 31 "Indirect costs" of the Rules for Participation in Horizon Europe)

Lump sums, unit costs and flat-rate financing

- 1. Where the grant takes the form of lump sums, unit costs or flat-rate financing as referred to in point (c), (d) or (e) of the first subparagraph of Article 125(1), this Title shall apply, with the exception of the provisions or parts of the provisions related to the verification of eligible costs actually incurred.
- 2. Where possible and appropriate, lump sums, unit costs or flat rates shall be determined in such a way as to allow their payment upon achievement of concrete outputs and/or results.
- 3. Unless otherwise provided in the basic act, the use of lump sums, unit costs or flat-rate financing shall be authorised by a decision of the authorising officer responsible, who shall act in accordance with the internal rules of the Union institution concerned.
- 4. The authorisation decision shall contain at least the following:
 - (a) justification concerning the appropriateness of such forms of financing with regard to the nature of the supported actions or work programmes, as well as to the risks of irregularities and fraud and costs of control;
 - (b) identification of the costs or categories of costs covered by lump sums, unit costs or flat-rate financing, which shall be considered eligible in accordance with points
 - (c), (e) and (f) of Article 186(3) and Article 186(4), and which shall exclude ineligible costs under the applicable Union rules;
 - (c) description of the methods for determining lump sums, unit costs or flat-rate financing. Those methods shall be based on one of the following:
 - (i) statistical data, similar objective means or an expert judgement provided by internally available experts or procured in accordance with the applicable rules; or
 - (ii) beneficiary-by-beneficiary approach, by reference to certified or auditable historical data of the beneficiary or to its usual cost accounting practices;
 - (d) where possible, the essential conditions triggering the payment, including, where applicable, the achievement of outputs and/or results;
 - (e) where lump sums, unit costs and flat rates are not output based and/or result based, a justification on why an output based and/or result based approach is not possible or appropriate.

The methods referred to in point (c) of the first subparagraph shall ensure:



- (a) the respect for the principle of sound financial management, in particular the appropriateness of the respective amounts with regard to the required outputs and/or results taking into account foreseeable revenue to be generated by the actions or work programmes;
- (b) reasonable compliance with the principles of co-financing and no double funding.
- 5. The authorisation decision shall apply for the duration of the programme or programmes unless otherwise provided in that decision.

The authorisation decision may cover the use of lump sums, unit costs or flat rates applicable to more than one specific funding programme where the nature of the activities or of the expenditure allow for a common approach. In such cases, the authorising decision may be adopted by the following:

- (a) the authorising officers responsible where all activities concerned fall under their responsibility;
- (b) the Commission where this is appropriate in view of the nature of the activities or of the expenditure or in view of the number of authorising officers concerned.
- 6. The authorising officer responsible may authorise or impose, in the form of flat-rates, funding of the beneficiary's indirect costs up to a maximum of 7 % of total eligible direct costs for the action. A higher flat rate may be authorised by a reasoned Commission decision. The authorising officer responsible shall report in the annual activity report referred to in Article 74(9) on any such decision taken, the flat rate authorised and the reasons leading to that decision.
- 7. SME owners and other natural persons who do not receive a salary may declare eligible personnel costs for the work carried out by themselves under an action or work programme, on the basis of unit costs authorised in accordance with paragraphs 1 to 6.
- 8. Beneficiaries may declare personnel costs for the work carried out by volunteers under an action or work programme, on the basis of unit costs authorised in accordance with paragraphs 1 to 6.
 - Article 186 (further relevant for Article 32 "Eligible costs" of the Rules for Participation in Horizon Europe)

Eligible costs

- 1. Grants shall not exceed an overall ceiling expressed in terms of an absolute value ('maximum grant amount') which shall be established on the basis of:
 - (a) the overall amount of financing not linked to costs in the case referred to in point (a) of the first subparagraph of Article 125(1);
 - (b) estimated eligible costs, where possible, in the case referred to in point (b) of the first subparagraph of Article 125(1);
 - (c) the overall amount of the estimated eligible costs clearly defined in advance in the form of lump sums, unit costs or flat rates as referred to in points (c), (d) and (e) of the first subparagraph of Article 125(1).

Without prejudice to the basic act, grants may in addition be expressed as a percentage of the estimated eligible costs, where the grant takes the form specified in point (b) of the first subparagraph, or as a percentage of the lump sums, unit costs or flat rate financing referred to in point (c) of the first subparagraph.

Where the grant takes the form specified in point (b) of the first subparagraph of this paragraph and where, due to specificities of an action, the grant can only be expressed in terms of an absolute value, the verification of the eligible costs shall be done in accordance with Article 155(4) and, where applicable, Article 155(5).



- 2. Without prejudice to the maximum co-financing rate specified in the basic act:
 - (a) the grant shall not exceed the eligible costs;
 - (b) where the grant takes the form specified in point (b) of the first subparagraph of paragraph 1 and where the estimated eligible costs include costs for volunteers' work referred to in Article 181(8), the grant shall not exceed the estimated eligible costs other than the costs for volunteers' work.
- 3. Eligible costs actually incurred by the beneficiary, as referred to in point (b) of the first subparagraph of Article 125(1), shall meet all of the following criteria:
 - (a) they are incurred during the duration of the action or of the work programme, with the exception of costs relating to final reports and audit certificates;
 - (b) they are indicated in the estimated overall budget of the action or work programme;
 - (c) they are necessary for the implementation of the action or of the work programme which is the subject of the grant;
 - (d) they are identifiable and verifiable, in particular being recorded in the accounting records of the beneficiary and determined according to the applicable accounting standards of the country where the beneficiary is established and according to the usual cost accounting practices of the beneficiary;
 - (e) they comply with the requirements of applicable tax and social legislation;
 - (f) they are reasonable, justified, and comply with the principle of sound financial management, in particular regarding economy and efficiency.
- 4. Calls for proposals shall specify the categories of costs considered as eligible for Union funding.

Unless provided otherwise in the basic act and in addition to paragraph 3 of this Article, the following categories of costs shall be eligible where the authorising officer responsible has declared them as such under the call for proposals:

- (a) costs relating to a pre-financing guarantee lodged by the beneficiary, where that guarantee is required by the authorising officer responsible pursuant to Article 152(1);
- (b) costs relating to certificates on the financial statements and operational verification reports, where such certificates or reports are required by the authorising officer responsible; EN 30.7.2018 Official Journal of the European Union L 193/
- (c) VAT, where it is not recoverable under the applicable national VAT legislation and is paid by a beneficiary other than a non-taxable person within the meaning of the first subparagraph of Article 13(1) of Council Directive 2006/112/EC (1);
- (d) depreciation costs, provided they are actually incurred by the beneficiary;
- (e) salary costs of the personnel of national administrations to the extent that they relate to the cost of activities which the relevant public authority would not carry out if the project concerned were not undertaken.

For the purposes of point (c) of the second subparagraph:

- (a) VAT shall be considered as not recoverable if according to national law it is attributable to any of the following activities:
 - (i) exempt activities without right of deduction;
 - (ii) activities which fall outside the scope of VAT;



- (iii) activities, as referred to in point (i) or (ii), in respect of which VAT is not deductible but refunded by means of specific refund schemes or compensation funds not referred to in Directive 2006/112/EC, even if that scheme or fund is established by national VAT legislation;
- (b) VAT relating to the activities listed in Article 13(2) of Directive 2006/112/EC shall be regarded as paid by a beneficiary other than a non-taxable person within the meaning of the first subparagraph of Article 13(1) of that Directive, regardless of whether those activities are regarded by the Member State concerned as activities engaged in by bodies governed by public law acting as public authorities.
- Article 187 (further relevant for Article 15 "Ethics" and Article 19(3) "Entities eligible for funding" and Article 22 "Pre-commercial procurement and procurement of innovative solutions" and Article 24(4) "Selection criteria" and Article 29 "Implementation of the grant" and Article 32(2) "Eligible costs" of the Rules for Participation in Horizon Europe)

Affiliated entities and sole beneficiary

- 1. For the purpose of this Title, the following entities shall be considered as entities affiliated to the beneficiary:
 - (a) entities forming the sole beneficiary in accordance with paragraph 2;
 - (b) entities that satisfy the eligibility criteria and that do not fall within one of the situations referred to in Articles 136(1) and 141(1) and that have a link with the beneficiary, in particular a legal or capital link, which is neither limited to the action nor established for the sole purpose of its implementation.

Section 2 of Chapter 2 of Title V shall apply also to affiliated entities.

- 2. Where several entities satisfy the criteria for being awarded a grant and together form one entity, that entity may be treated as the sole beneficiary, including where the entity is specifically established for the purpose of implementing the action to be financed by the grant.
- 3. Unless otherwise provided in the call for proposals, entities affiliated to a beneficiary may participate in the implementation of the action, provided that both of the following conditions are fulfilled:
 - (a) the entities concerned are identified in the grant agreement;
 - (b) the entities concerned abide by the rules applicable to the beneficiary under the grant agreement with regard to:
 - (i) eligibility of costs or conditions triggering the payment;
 - (ii) rights of checks and audits by the Commission, OLAF and the Court of Auditors.

Costs incurred by such entities may be accepted as eligible costs actually incurred or may be covered by lump sums, unit costs and flat-rate financing.

Article 190 (further relevant for Article 30 "Funding rates" and Article 32(3) "Eligible costs" of the Rules for Participation in Horizon Europe)



Co-financing

1. Grants shall involve co-financing. As a result, the resources necessary to carry out the action or the work programme shall not be provided entirely by the grant.

Co-financing may be provided in the form of the beneficiary's own resources, income generated by the action or work programme or financial or in-kind contributions from third parties.

2. In-kind contributions from third parties in the form of volunteers' work valued in accordance with Article 181(8) shall be presented as eligible costs in the estimated budget. They shall be presented separately from other eligible costs. Volunteers' work may comprise up to 50 % of the co-financing. For the purposes of calculating that percentage, in-kind contributions and other co-financing shall be based on the estimates provided by the applicant.

Other in-kind contributions from third parties shall be presented separately from the contributions to the eligible costs in the estimated budget. Their approximate value shall be indicated in the estimated budget and shall not be subject to subsequent changes.

- 3. By way of derogation from paragraph 1, an external action may be financed in full by the grant where this is essential for it to be carried out. In such a case, justification shall be provided in the award decision.
- 4. This Article shall not apply to interest rate rebates and guarantee fee subsidies.
 - Article 191 (further relevant for Article 23 "Cumulative funding" of the Rules for Participation in Horizon Europe)

Principle of non-cumulative award and prohibition of double funding

1. Each action may give rise to the award of only one grant from the budget to any one beneficiary, except where otherwise authorised in the relevant basic acts.

A beneficiary may be awarded only one operating grant from the budget per financial year.

An action may be financed jointly from separate budget lines by different authorising officers responsible.

- 2. The applicant shall immediately inform the authorising officers of any multiple applications and multiple grants relating to the same action or to the same work programme.
- 3. In no circumstances shall the same costs be financed twice by the budget. $\label{eq:costs}$
- 4. In relation to the following types of support, paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not apply and, where appropriate, the Commission may decide not to verify whether the same cost was financed twice:
 - (a) study, research, training or education support paid to natural persons;
 - (b) direct support paid to natural persons most in need, such as unemployed persons and refugees.



Article 192 (further relevant for Article 30 "Funding rates" and Article 32(3) "Eligible costs" of the Rules for Participation in Horizon Europe)

No-profit principle

- 1. Grants shall not have the purpose or effect of producing a profit within the framework of the action or the work programme of the beneficiary ('no-profit principle').
- 2. For the purposes of paragraph 1, a profit shall be defined as a surplus, calculated at the payment of the balance, of receipts over the eligible costs of the action or work programme, where receipts are limited to the Union grant and the revenue generated by that action or work programme.

In the case of an operating grant, amounts dedicated to the building up of reserves shall not be taken into account for verifying compliance with the no-profit principle.

- 3. Paragraph 1 shall not apply to:
 - (a) actions the objective of which is the reinforcement of the financial capacity of a beneficiary, or actions which generate income to ensure their continuity after the period of Union financing provided for in the grant agreement;
 - (b) study, research, training or education support paid to natural persons or other direct support paid to natural persons most in need, such as unemployed persons and refugees;
 - (c) actions implemented by non-profit organisations;
 - (d) grants in the form referred to in point (a) of the first subparagraph of Article 125(1);
 - (e) low value grants.
- 4. Where a profit is made, the Commission shall be entitled to recover the percentage of the profit corresponding to the Union contribution to the eligible costs actually incurred by the beneficiary in carrying out the action or work programme.
 - Article 195 (further relevant for Article 20 "Calls for proposals" of the Rules for Participation in Horizon Europe)

Exceptions to calls for proposals

Grants may be awarded without a call for proposals only in the following cases:

- (a) for the purposes of humanitarian aid, emergency support operations, civil protection operations or crisis management aid;
- (b) in other exceptional and duly substantiated emergencies;
- (c) to bodies with a de jure or de facto monopoly or to bodies designated by Member States, under their responsibility, where those Member States are in a de jure or de facto monopoly situation;



- (d) to bodies identified by a basic act, within the meaning of Article 58, as beneficiaries or to bodies designated by Member States, under their responsibility, where those Member States are identified by a basic act as beneficiaries;
- (e) in the case of research and technological development, to bodies identified in the work programme referred to in Article 110, where the basic act expressly provides for that possibility, and on condition that the project does not fall under the scope of a call for proposals;
- (f) for activities with specific characteristics that require a particular type of body on account of its technical competence, its high degree of specialisation or its administrative powers, on condition that the activities concerned do not fall within the scope of a call for proposals;
- (g) to the EIB or the EIF for actions of technical assistance. In such cases, points (a) to (d) of Article 196(1) shall not apply.

Where the particular type of body referred to in point (f) of the first paragraph is a Member State, the grant may also be awarded without a call for proposals to the body designated by the Member State, under its responsibility, for the purpose of implementing the action.

The cases referred to in points (c) and (f) of the first paragraph shall be duly substantiated in the award decision.

• Article 196 (further relevant for Article 6(9) "Implementation and forms of EU funding" and Article 15 "Ethics" and Article 35(6) "Exploitation and dissemination" of the Rules for Participation in Horizon Europe)

Content of grant applications

- 1. The grant application shall contain the following:
 - (a) information on the legal status of the applicant;
 - (b) a declaration on the applicant's honour in accordance with Article 137(1) and on compliance with the eligibility and selection criteria;
 - (c) information necessary to demonstrate the applicant's financial and operational capacity to carry out the proposed action or work programme and, if decided by the authorising officer responsible on the basis of a risk assessment, supporting documents confirming that information, such as the profit and loss account and the balance sheet for up to the three last financial years for which the accounts were closed;

Such information and supporting documents shall not be requested from applicants to which the verification of the financial or operational capacity does not apply in accordance with Article 198(5) or (6). In addition, supporting documents shall not be requested for low value grants;

(d) where the application concerns a grant for an action for which the amount exceeds EUR 750 000 or an operating grant which exceeds EUR 100 000, an audit report produced by an approved external auditor, where it is available, and always in cases where a statutory audit is required by Union or national law, certifying the accounts for up to the last three available financial years. In all other cases, the applicant shall provide a self-declaration signed by its authorised representative certifying the validity of its accounts for up to the last three available financial years;

The first subparagraph shall apply only to the first application made by a beneficiary to an authorising officer responsible in any one financial year.

In the case of agreements between the Commission and a number of beneficiaries, the thresholds set in the first subparagraph shall apply to each beneficiary.



In the case of partnerships referred to in Article 130(4), the audit report referred to in the first subparagraph of this point, covering the last two financial years available, must be produced before signature of the financial framework partnership agreement.

The authorising officer responsible may, depending on a risk assessment, waive the obligation referred to in the first subparagraph for education and training establishments and, in the case of agreements with a number of beneficiaries, beneficiaries who have accepted joint and several liabilities or who do not bear any financial responsibility.

The first subparagraph shall not apply to persons and entities eligible under indirect management to the extent that they comply with the conditions specified in point (c) of the first subparagraph of Article 62(1) and in Article 154;

- (e) a description of the action or work programme and an estimated budget, which:
 - (i) shall have revenue and expenditure in balance; and
 - (ii) shall indicate the estimated eligible costs of the action or work programme.
 - Points (i) and (ii) shall not apply to multi-donor actions.
 - By way of derogation from point (i), in duly justified cases, the estimated budget may include provisions for contingencies or possible variations in exchange rates;
- (f) indication of the sources and amounts of Union funding received or applied for in respect of the same action or part of the action or for the functioning of the applicant during the same financial year as well as any other funding received or applied for the same action.
- 2. The application may be divided in several parts that may be submitted at different stages in accordance with Article 200(2).
 - Article 197 (further relevant for Article 18 "Entities eligible for participation" of the Rules for Participation in Horizon Europe)

Eligibility criteria

- 1. The eligibility criteria shall determine the conditions for participating in a call for proposals.
- 2. Any of the following applicants shall be eligible for participating in a call for proposals:
 - (a) legal persons;
 - (b) natural persons, in so far as this is required by the nature or characteristics of the action or the objective pursued by the applicant;
 - (c) entities which do not have legal personality under the applicable national law, provided that their representatives have the capacity to undertake legal obligations on behalf of the entities and that the entities offer guarantees for the protection of the financial interests of the Union equivalent to those offered by legal persons. In particular the applicant shall have a financial and operational capacity equivalent to that of a legal person. The representatives of the applicant shall prove that those conditions are satisfied.



- 3. The call for proposals may lay down additional eligibility criteria which shall be established with due regard for the objectives of the action and shall comply with the principles of transparency and non-discrimination.
- 4. For the purposes of Article 180(5) and of this Article, the JRC shall be considered as a legal person established in a Member State.
 - Article 198 (further relevant for Article 24 "Selection criteria" and Article 25 "Award criteria" and Article 26 "Evaluation" of the Rules for Participation in Horizon Europe)

Selection criteria

- 1. The selection criteria shall be such as to make it possible to assess the applicant's ability to complete the proposed action or work programme.
- 2. The applicant shall have stable and sufficient sources of funding to maintain his or her activity throughout the period for which the grant is awarded and to participate in its funding ('financial capacity').
- 3. The applicant shall have the professional competencies and qualifications required to complete the proposed action or work programme unless specifically provided otherwise in the basic act ('operational capacity').
- 4. Financial and operational capacity shall be verified in particular on the basis of an analysis of any information or supporting documents referred to in Article 196.

If no supporting documents were requested in the call for proposals and if the authorising officer responsible has reasonable grounds to question the financial or operational capacity of an applicant, he or she shall request the applicant to provide any appropriate documents.

In the case of partnerships the verification shall be performed in accordance with Article 130(6).

- 5. The verification of financial capacity shall not apply to:
 - (a) natural persons in receipt of education support;
 - (b) natural persons most in need, such as unemployed persons and refugees, and in receipt of direct support;
 - (c) public bodies, including Member State organisations;
 - (d) international organisations;
 - (e) persons or entities applying for interest rate rebates and guarantee fee subsidies where the objective of those rebates and subsidies is to reinforce the financial capacity of a beneficiary or to generate an income.
- 6. The authorising officer responsible may, depending on a risk assessment, waive the obligation to verify the operational capacity of public bodies, Member State organisations or international organisations.



• Article 199 (further relevant for Article 24 "Selection criteria" and Article 25 "Award criteria" and Article 26 "Evaluation" of the Rules for Participation in Horizon Europe)

Award criteria

The award criteria shall be such as to make it possible to:

- (a) assess the quality of the proposals submitted in the light of the objectives and priorities set and of the expected results;
- (b) award grants to the actions or to the work programmes which maximise the overall effectiveness of the Union funding;
- (c) evaluate the grant applications.
- Article 200 (further relevant for Article 24 "Selection criteria" and Article 25 "Award criteria" and Article 26 "Evaluation" of the Rules for Participation in Horizon Europe)

Evaluation procedure

- 1. Proposals shall be evaluated, on the basis of the pre-announced selection and award criteria, with a view to determining which proposals may be financed.
- 2. The authorising officer responsible shall, where appropriate, divide the process into several procedural stages. The rules governing the process shall be announced in the call for proposals.

The applicants whose proposals are rejected at any stage shall be informed in accordance with paragraph 7.

The same documents and information shall not be required more than once during the same procedure.

- 3. The evaluation committee referred to in Article 150 or, where appropriate, the authorising officer responsible may ask an applicant to provide additional information or to clarify the supporting documents submitted in accordance with Article 151. The authorising officer shall keep appropriate records of contacts with applicants during the procedure.
- 4. Upon completion of its work, the members of the evaluation committee shall sign a record of all the proposals examined, containing an assessment of their quality and identifying those which may receive funding.

Where necessary that record shall rank the proposals examined, provide recommendations on the maximum amount to award and possible non-substantial adjustments to the grant application.

The record shall be kept for future reference.



- 5. The authorising officer responsible may invite an applicant to adjust its proposal in the light of the recommendations of the evaluation committee. The authorising officer responsible shall keep appropriate records of contacts with applicants during the procedure.
- 6. The authorising officer responsible shall, on the basis of the evaluation, take his or her decision giving at least:
 - (a) the subject and the overall amount of the decision;
 - (b) the names of the successful applicants, the title of the actions, the amounts accepted and the reasons for that choice, including where it is inconsistent with the opinion of the evaluation committee;
 - (c) the names of any applicants rejected and the reasons for that rejection.
- 7. The authorising officer responsible shall inform applicants in writing of the decision on their application. If the grant requested is not awarded, the Union institution concerned shall give the reasons for the rejection of the application. Rejected applicants shall be informed as soon as possible of the outcome of the evaluation of their application and in any case within 15 calendar days after information has been sent to the successful applicants.
- 8. For grants awarded pursuant to Article 195, the authorising officer responsible may:
 - (a) decide not to apply paragraphs 2 and 4 of this Article and Article 150;
 - (b) merge the content of the evaluation report and the award decision into a single document and sign it.
 - Article 201 (further relevant for Article 18 "Grant Agreement" of the Rules for Participation in Horizon 2020)

Grant agreement

- 1. Grants shall be covered by a written agreement.
- 2. The grant agreement shall at least include the following:
 - (a) the subject;
 - (b) the beneficiary;
 - (c) the duration, namely:
 - (i) the date of its entry into force;
 - (ii) the starting date and the duration of the action or the financial year of the funding;
 - (d) a description of the action or, for an operating grant, of the work programme together with a description of the results expected;
 - (e) the maximum amount of Union funding expressed in euro, the estimated budget of the action or work programme and the form of the grant;



- (f) the rules regarding reporting and payments and the procurement rules provided for in Article 205;
- (g) the acceptance by the beneficiary of the obligations referred to in Article 129;
- (h) provisions governing the visibility of the Union financial support, except in duly justified cases where public display is not possible or appropriate;
- (i) the applicable law which shall be Union law, complemented, where necessary, by national law as specified in the grant agreement. Derogation may be made in the grant agreements concluded with international organisations;
- (j) the competent court or arbitration tribunal to hear disputes.
- 3. Pecuniary obligations of entities or persons other than States arising from the implementation of a grant agreement shall be enforceable in accordance with Article 100(2).
- 4. Amendments to grant agreements shall not have the purpose or the effect of making such changes that would call into question the grant award decision or be contrary to the principle of equal treatment of applicants.
 - Article 203(4) (further relevant for Article 32(4) "Eligible costs" and Article 48(3) "Audits and controls" of the Rules for Participation in Horizon Europe)

Supporting documents for payment requests

[...]

4. A certificate on the financial statements of the action or the work programme and underlying accounts may be demanded by the authorising officer responsible in support of interim payments or payments of balances of any amount. Such a certificate shall be requested on the basis of a risk assessment taking into account, in particular, the amount of the grant, the amount of the payment, the nature of the beneficiary and the nature of the supported activities.

The certificate shall be produced by an approved external auditor or, in the case of public bodies, by a competent and independent public officer.

The certificate shall certify, in accordance with a methodology approved by the authorising officer responsible and on the basis of agreed-upon procedures compliant with international standards, that the costs declared by the beneficiary in the financial statements on which the payment request is based are real, accurately recorded and eligible in accordance with the grant agreement. In specific and duly justified cases, the authorising officer responsible may request the certificate in the form of an opinion or other format in accordance with international standards.

[...]

• Article 204 (further relevant for Article 15 "Ethics" and Article 19(3) "Entities eligible for funding" and Article 22 "Pre-commercial procurement and procurement of innovative solutions" and Article 24(4) "Selection criteria" and Article 29 "Implementation of the grant" and Article 32(2) "Eligible costs" of the Rules for Participation in Horizon Europe)



Financial support to third parties

Where implementation of an action or a work programme requires the provision of financial support to third parties, the beneficiary may provide such financial support if the conditions for such provision are defined in the grant agreement between the beneficiary and the Commission, with no margin for discretion by the beneficiary.

No margin for discretion shall be considered to exist if the grant agreement specifies the following:

- (a) the maximum amount of financial support that can be paid to a third party which shall not exceed EUR 60 000 and the criteria for determining the exact amount;
- (b) the different types of activities that may receive such financial support, on the basis of a fixed list;
- (c) the definition of the persons or categories of persons which may receive such financial support and the criteria for providing it.

The threshold referred to in point (a) of the second paragraph may be exceeded where achieving the objectives of the actions would otherwise be impossible or overly difficult.

• Article 205 (further relevant for Article 15 "Ethics" and Article 19(3) "Entities eligible for funding" and Article 22 "Pre-commercial procurement and procurement of innovative solutions" and Article 24(4) "Selection criteria" and Article 29 "Implementation of the grant" and Article 32(2) "Eligible costs" of the Rules for Participation in Horizon Europe)

Implementation contracts

- 1. Without prejudice to Directive 2014/24/EU and Directive 2014/25/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council (1), where the implementation of the action or work programme requires the award of a public contract, the beneficiary may award the public contract in accordance with its usual purchasing practices provided that the public contract is awarded to the tender offering best value for money or, as appropriate, to the tender offering the lowest price, while avoiding any conflict of interests.
- 2. Where implementation of the action or work programme requires the award of a public contract with a value of more than EUR 60 000, the authorising officer responsible may, if duly justified, require the beneficiary to abide by special rules in addition to those referred to in paragraph 1.

Those special rules shall be based on rules contained in this Regulation and shall be proportionate to the value of the public contracts concerned, the relative size of the Union contribution in relation to the total cost of the action and the risk. Such special rules shall be included in the grant agreement.

• Title IX – Articles 206 - 207 (further relevant for Article 39 "Prizes" of the Rules for Participation in Horizon Europe)

PRIZES



Article 206

General rules

- 1. Prizes shall be awarded in accordance with the principles of transparency and equal treatment and shall promote the achievement of policy objectives of the Union.
- 2. Prizes shall not be awarded directly without a contest.

Contests for prizes with a unit value of EUR 1 000 000 or more may only be published where those prizes are mentioned in the financing decision referred to in Article 110 and after information on such prizes has been submitted to the European Parliament and to the Council.

- 3. The amount of the prize shall not be linked to costs incurred by the winner.
- 4. Where implementation of an action or work programme requires prizes to be awarded to third parties by a beneficiary, that beneficiary may award such prizes provided that the eligibility and award criteria, the amount of the prizes and the payment arrangements are defined in the grant agreement between the beneficiary and the Commission, with no margin for discretion.

Article 207

Rules of contest, award and publication

- 1. Rules of contests shall:
 - (a) specify the eligibility criteria;
 - (b) specify the arrangements and the final date for the registration of applicants, if required, and for the submission of applications;
 - (c) specify the exclusion criteria as set out in Articles 136 and the grounds for rejection set out in Article 141;
 - (d) provide for the sole liability of the applicant in the event of a claim relating to the activities carried out in the framework of the contest;
 - (e) provide for acceptance by the winners of the obligations referred to in Article 129 and of the publicity obligations as specified in the rules of the contest;
 - (f) specify the award criteria, which shall be such as to make possible to assess the quality of the applications with regard to the objectives pursued and the expected results and to determine objectively whether applications are successful;
 - (g) specify the amount of the prize or prizes;
 - (h) specify the arrangements for the payment of prizes to the winners after their award.

For the purposes of point (a) of the first subparagraph, beneficiaries shall be eligible, unless stated otherwise in the rules of contest.

Article 194(3) shall apply *mutatis mutandis* to the publication of contests.

- 2. Rules of contests may set the conditions for cancelling the contest, in particular where its objectives cannot be fulfilled.
- 3. Prizes shall be awarded by the authorising officer responsible following an evaluation by the evaluation committee referred to in Article 150.



Article 200(4) and (6) shall apply *mutatis mutandis* to the award decision.

4. Applicants shall be informed as soon as possible of the outcome of the evaluation of their application and in any case within 15 calendar days after the award decision has been taken by the authorising officer.

The decision to award the prize shall be notified to the winning applicant and shall serve as the legal commitment.

5. All prizes awarded in the course of a financial year shall be published in accordance with Article 38(1) to (4).

When requested by the European Parliament and by the Council following the publication, the Commission shall forward them a report on:

- (a) the number of applicants in the past year;
- (b) the number of applicants and the percentage of successful applications per contest;
- (c) a list of the experts having taken part in evaluation committees in the past year, together with a reference to the procedure for their selection.
- Title X Articles 208 219 (further relevant for Chapter V "Blended operations and blended finance" of the Rules for Participation in Horizon Europe)

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, BUDGETARY GUARANTEES AND FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

CHAPTER 1

Common provisions

Article 208

Scope and implementation

- 1. Where it proves to be the most appropriate way to achieve policy objectives of the Union, the Union may establish financial instruments or provide budgetary guarantees or financial assistance backed by the budget by means of a basic act defining their scope and period of implementation.
- 2. Member States may contribute to the Union's financial instruments, budgetary guarantees or financial assistance. If authorised by the basic act, third parties may also contribute.
- 3. Where financial instruments are implemented under shared management with Member States, sector-specific rules shall apply.
- 4. Where financial instruments or budgetary guarantees are implemented under indirect management, the Commission shall conclude agreements with entities pursuant to points (c)(ii), (iii), (v) and (vi) of the first subparagraph of Article 62(1). Where the systems, rules and procedures of those entities have been assessed pursuant to Article 154(4), they may fully rely on those systems, rules and procedures. Those entities may, when implementing financial instruments and budgetary guarantees under indirect management, conclude agreements with financial intermediaries which shall be selected in accordance with procedures equivalent to those applied by the Commission. Those entities shall transpose the requirements pursuant to Article 155(2) in those agreements.



The Commission shall remain responsible for ensuring that the implementation framework for financial instruments complies with the principle of sound financial management and supports the attainment of defined and time-bound policy objectives, measurable in terms of outputs and/or results. The Commission shall be accountable for the implementation of financial instruments without prejudice to the entrusted entities' legal and contractual responsibility in accordance with the applicable law and Article 129.

Where third countries contribute to financial instruments or budgetary guarantees pursuant to paragraph 2, the basic act may allow for the designation of eligible implementing entities or counterparts from the countries concerned.

5. The Court of Auditors shall have full access to any information related to the financial instruments, budgetary guarantees and financial assistance, including by means of onthe-spot checks.

The Court of Auditors shall be the external auditor responsible for the projects and programmes supported by a financial instrument, a budgetary guarantee or a financial assistance.

Article 209

Principles and conditions applicable to financial instruments and budgetary guarantees

- 1. Financial instruments and budgetary guarantees shall be used in accordance with the principles of sound financial management, transparency, proportionality, non-discrimination, equal treatment and subsidiarity, and in accordance with their objectives.
- 2. Financial instruments and budgetary guarantees shall:
 - (a) address market failures or sub-optimal investment situations and provide support, in a proportionate manner, only to final recipients that are deemed economically viable according to internationally accepted standards at the time of the Union financial support;
 - (b) achieve additionality by preventing the replacement of potential support and investment from other public or private sources;
 - (c) not distort competition in the internal market and be consistent with State aid rules;
 - (d) achieve a leverage and a multiplier effect, with a target range of values based on an *ex ante* evaluation for the corresponding financial instrument or budgetary guarantee, by mobilising a global investment exceeding the size of the Union contribution or guarantee, including, where appropriate, the maximisation of private investment;
 - (e) be implemented in a way to ensure that there is a common interest of the implementing entities or counterparts involved in the implementation in achieving the policy objectives defined in the relevant basic act, with provisions on for example co-investment, risk sharing requirements or financial incentives, while preventing a conflict of interests with other activities of the entities or counterparts;
 - (f) provide for remuneration of the Union that is consistent with the sharing of risk among financial participants and the policy objectives of the financial instrument or budgetary guarantee;
 - (g) where remuneration of the implementing entities or the counterparts involved in the implementation is due, provide that such remuneration is performance-based and comprises:
 - (i) administrative fees to remunerate the entity or counterpart for the work carried out in the implementation of a financial instrument or budgetary guarantee, which shall, to the extent possible, be based on the operations carried out or the amounts disbursed; and



(ii) where appropriate, policy related incentives to promote the achievement of the policy objectives or incentivise the financial performance of the financial instrument or budgetary guarantee.

Exceptional expenses may be reimbursed in duly justified cases;

(h) be based on *ex ante* evaluations, individually or as part of a programme, in line with Article 34, containing explanations concerning the choice of the type of financial operation taking into account the policy objectives pursued and the associated financial risks and savings for the budget.

The evaluations referred to in point (h) of the first subparagraph shall be reviewed and updated to take into account the effect of major socioeconomic changes on the rationale of the financial instrument or budgetary guarantee.

3. Without prejudice to sector-specific rules for shared management, revenue, including dividends, capital gains, guarantee fees and interest on loans and on amounts on fiduciary accounts paid back to the Commission or on fiduciary accounts opened for financial instruments or budgetary guarantees and attributable to the support from the budget under a financial instrument or a budgetary guarantee, shall be entered in the budget after deduction of management costs and fees.

Annual repayments, including capital repayments, guarantees released, and repayments of the principal of loans, paid back to the Commission or to fiduciary accounts opened for financial instruments or budgetary guarantees and attributable to the support from the budget under a financial instrument or a budgetary guarantee, shall constitute internal assigned revenue in accordance with point (f) of Article 21(3) and shall be used for the same financial instrument or budgetary guarantee, without prejudice to Article 215(5), for a period not exceeding the period for the budgetary commitment plus two years, unless otherwise specified in a basic act.

The Commission shall take into account such internal assigned revenue when proposing the amount for future allocations for financial instruments or budgetary guarantees.

Notwithstanding the second subparagraph, the outstanding amount of assigned revenue authorised under a basic act that is to be repealed or terminates may also be assigned to another financial instrument pursuing similar objectives, where this is provided in the basic act establishing that financial instrument.

4. The authorising officer responsible for a financial instrument, a budgetary guarantee or a financial assistance shall produce a financial statement covering the period 1 January to 31 December, in accordance with Article 243 and in compliance with the accounting rules referred to in Article 80 and the International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS).

For financial instruments and budgetary guarantees implemented under indirect management, the authorising officer responsible shall ensure that unaudited financial statements covering the period 1 January to 31 December prepared in compliance with the accounting rules referred to in Article 80 and with IPSAS, as well as any information necessary to produce financial statements in accordance with Article 82(2), be provided by the entities pursuant to points (c)(ii), (iii), (v) and (vi) of the first subparagraph of Article 62(1) by 15 February of the following financial year and that audited financial statements be provided by those entities by 15 May of the following financial year.

Article 210

Financial liability of the Union

- 1. The financial liability and aggregate net payments from the budget shall not exceed at any time:
 - (a) for financial instruments: the amount of the relevant budgetary commitment made for it;
 - (b) for budgetary guarantees: the amount of the budgetary guarantee authorised by the basic act;



- (c) for financial assistance: the maximum amount of funds that the Commission is empowered to borrow for funding the financial assistance as authorised by the basic act, and the relevant interest.
- 2. Budgetary guarantees and financial assistance may generate a contingent liability for the Union which shall only exceed the financial assets provided to cover the financial liability of the Union if provided for in a basic act establishing a budgetary guarantee or financial assistance and under the conditions set out therein.
- 3. For the purposes of the annual assessment provided for in point (j) of Article 41(5), the contingent liabilities arising from budgetary guarantees or financial assistance borne by the budget shall be deemed sustainable, if their forecast multiannual evolution is compatible with the limits set by the regulation laying down the multiannual financial framework provided for in Article 312(2) TFEU and the ceiling on annual payment appropriations set out in Article 3(1) of Decision 2014/335/EU, Euratom.

Article 211

Provisioning of financial liabilities

1. For budgetary guarantees and financial assistance to third countries, a basic act shall set out a provisioning rate as a percentage of the amount of the financial liability authorised. That amount shall exclude the contributions referred to in Article 208(2).

The basic act shall provide for the review of the provisioning rate at least every three years.

2. The setting of a provisioning rate shall be guided by a qualitative and quantitative assessment by the Commission of the financial risks arising from a budgetary guarantee or a financial assistance to a third country in accordance with the principle of prudence, whereby assets and profits shall not be overestimated and liabilities and losses shall not be underestimated.

Unless otherwise specified in the basic act establishing the budgetary guarantee or financial assistance to a third country, the provisioning rate shall be based on the global provisioning needed in advance to cover the net expected losses and, in addition, an adequate safety buffer. Without prejudice to the powers of the European Parliament and of the Council, the global provisioning shall be constituted over the period of time foreseen in the relevant financial statement as referred to in Article 35.

- 3. For a financial instrument provision shall be made, where appropriate, to respond to future payments related to a budgetary commitment of that financial instrument.
- 4. The following resources shall contribute to the provisioning:
 - (a) contributions from the budget, while fully respecting the regulation laying down the multiannual financial framework and after examination of the possibilities for redeployments;
 - (b) returns on investments of the resources held in the common provisioning fund;
 - (c) amounts recovered from defaulting debtors in accordance with the recovery procedure laid down in the guarantee or the loan agreement;
 - (d) revenue and any other payments received by the Union in accordance with the guarantee or the loan agreement;
 - (e) where applicable, contributions in cash by Member States and third parties pursuant to Article 208(2).

Only the resources referred to in points (a) to (d) of the first subparagraph of this paragraph shall be taken into account for calculating the provisioning resulting from the provisioning rate referred to in paragraph 1.

5. Provisions shall be used for the payment of:



- (a) calls on the budgetary guarantee;
- (b) payment obligations related to a budgetary commitment for a financial instrument;
- (c) financial obligations arising from the borrowing of funds pursuant to Article 220(1);
- (d) where applicable, other expenses associated to the implementation of financial instruments, budgetary guarantees and financial assistance to third countries.
- 6. Where the provisions for a budgetary guarantee exceed the amount of provisioning resulting from the provisioning rate referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article, resources referred to in points (b), (c) and (d) of the first subparagraph of paragraph 4 of this Article related to that guarantee shall be used within the limits of the eligible period provided for in the basic act, however, not beyond the constitution phase of the provisioning, and without prejudice to Article 213(4), to restore the budgetary guarantee up to its initial amount.
- 7. The Commission shall immediately inform the European Parliament and the Council and may propose adequate replenishment measures or an increase of the provisioning rate where:
 - (a) as a result of calls on a budgetary guarantee, the level of provisions for that budgetary guarantee falls below 50 % of the provisioning rate referred to in paragraph 1, and again where it falls below 30 % of that provisioning rate, or where it could fall below any of those percentages within a year according to a risk assessment by the Commission;
 - (b) a country benefitting from financial assistance by the Union fails to pay on a maturity.

Article 212

Common provisioning fund

- 1. The provisions made to cover the financial liabilities arising from financial instruments, budgetary guarantees or financial assistance shall be held in a common provisioning fund.
- By 30 June 2019, the Commission shall submit to the European Parliament and to the Council an independent external evaluation of the advantages and disadvantages of entrusting the financial management of the assets of the common provisioning fund to the Commission, to the EIB, or to a combination of the two, taking into account the relevant technical and institutional criteria used in comparing asset management services, including the technical infrastructure, a comparison of costs for the services provided, the institutional set-up, reporting, performance, accountability and expertise of the Commission and the EIB and the other asset management mandates for the budget. The evaluation shall, where appropriate, be accompanied by a legislative proposal.
- 2. Global profits or losses from the investment of the resources held in the common provisioning fund shall be allocated proportionately among the respective financial instruments, budgetary guarantees or financial assistance.

The financial manager of the resources of the common provisioning fund shall keep a minimum amount of resources of the fund in cash or cash equivalents in accordance with prudential rules and the forecasts for payments provided by the authorising officers of the financial instruments, budgetary guarantees or financial assistance.

The financial manager of the resources of the common provisioning fund may enter into repurchase agreements, with the resources of the common provisioning fund as collateral, to make payments out of the fund where this procedure is reasonably expected to be more beneficial for the budget than the divestment of resources within the



timeframe of the payment request. The duration or roll-over period of repurchase agreements related to a payment shall be limited to the minimum necessary to minimise a loss for the budget.

- 3. Pursuant to point (d) of the first subparagraph of Article 77(1) and Article 86(1) and (2), the accounting officer shall set up the procedures to be applied to the revenue and expenditure operations and, in agreement with the financial manager of the resources of the common provisioning fund, to the assets and liabilities related to the common provisioning fund.
- 4. In the exceptional cases where the Commission has made a transfer as referred to in point (g) of the first subparagraph of Article 30(1), the Commission shall immediately inform the European Parliament and the Council thereof, and shall urgently propose the measures necessary to restore the budgetary item of the guarantee from which the transfer was made, while fully respecting the ceilings provided for in the regulation laying down the multiannual financial framework.

Article 213

Effective provisioning rate

- 1. The provisioning of budgetary guarantees and financial assistance to third countries in the common provisioning fund shall be based on an effective provisioning rate. That rate shall provide a level of protection against the financial liabilities of the Union equivalent to the level that would be provided by the respective provisioning rates if the resources where held and managed separately.
- 2. The effective provisioning rate applicable shall be a percentage of each initial provisioning rate determined in accordance with the second subparagraph of Article 211(2). It shall apply only to the amount of resources in the common provisioning fund foreseen for the payment of guarantee calls over a one year period. It shall provide for a ratio, in the form of a percentage, between the amount of cash and cash equivalents in the common provisioning fund required to honour guarantee calls and the total amount of cash and cash equivalents that would be required in each guarantee fund to honour guarantee calls, if the resources were held and managed separately, where both amounts represent an equivalent liquidity risk. That ratio shall not fall below 95 %. The calculation of the effective provisioning rate shall take into account:
 - (a) the forecast of inflows and outflows in the common provisioning fund, having regard to the initial phase of constitution of global provisioning in accordance with the second subparagraph of Article 211(2);
 - (b) the risk correlation among the budgetary guarantees and the financial assistance to third countries;
 - (c) the market conditions.

The Commission shall by 1 July 2020 adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 269 to supplement this Regulation with detailed conditions for the calculation of the effective provisioning rate, including a methodology for that calculation.

The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 269 to amend the minimum ratio referred to in the first subparagraph of this paragraph in the light of the experience gained with the operation of the common provisioning fund while maintaining a prudent approach in line with the principle of sound financial management. The minimum ratio shall not be set at a level lower than 85 %.

- 3. The effective provisioning rate shall be calculated annually by the financial manager of the resources of the common provisioning fund and shall be the reference for the Commission's calculation of the contributions from the budget pursuant to point (a) of Article 211(4) and, subsequently, point (b) of paragraph 4 of this Article.
- 4. Following the calculation of the annual effective provisioning rate in accordance with paragraphs 1 and 2 of this Article, the following operations in the context of the budgetary procedure shall be made and presented in the working document referred to in point (h) of Article 41(5):



- (a) any surplus of provisions for a budgetary guarantee or a financial assistance to a third country shall be returned to the budget;
- (b) any replenishment of the fund shall be carried out in annual tranches during a maximum period of three years, without prejudice to Article 211(6).
- 5. After having consulted the accounting officer, the Commission shall establish the guidelines applicable to the management of the resources in the common provisioning fund in accordance with appropriate prudential rules and excluding derivative operations for speculative purposes. Those guidelines shall be attached to the agreement with the financial manager of the resources of the common provisioning fund.

An independent evaluation of the adequacy of the guidelines shall be carried out every three years and transmitted to the European Parliament and to the Council.

Article 214

Annual reporting

- 1. In addition to the reporting obligation laid down in Article 250, the Commission shall report annually to the European Parliament and to the Council on the common provisioning fund.
- 2. The financial manager of the resources of the common provisioning fund shall report annually to the European Parliament and to the Council on the common provisioning fund.

CHAPTER 2

Specific provisions

Section 1

Financialinstruments

Article 215

Rules and implementation

- 1. Notwithstanding Article 208(1), financial instruments may be established, in duly justified cases, without being authorised by means of a basic act, provided that such instruments are included in the draft budget in accordance with point (e) of the first subparagraph of Article 41(4).
- 2. Where financial instruments or budgetary guarantees are combined within a single agreement with ancillary support from the budget, including grants, this Title shall apply to the whole measure. The reporting shall be carried out in accordance with Article 250 and shall clearly identify which parts of the measure are financial instruments or budgetary guarantees.
- 3. The Commission shall ensure a harmonised and simplified management of financial instruments, in particular in the area of accounting, reporting, monitoring and financial risk management.
- 4. Where the Union participates in a financial instrument as a minority stakeholder, the Commission shall ensure compliance with this Title in accordance with the principle of proportionality, on the basis of the size and value of the participation of the Union in the instrument. However, irrespective of the size and value of the Union participation in



the instrument, the Commission shall ensure compliance with Articles 129 and 155, Article 209(2) and (4), Article 250 and, insofar as the exclusion situations referred to in point (d) of Article 136(1) are concerned, Section 2 of Chapter 2 of Title V.

- 5. Where the European Parliament or the Council consider that a financial instrument has not achieved its objectives effectively, they may request that the Commission submit a proposal for a revised basic act with a view to winding down the instrument. In the event of the winding down of the financial instrument, any new amount paid back to that instrument pursuant to Article 209(3) shall be considered as general revenue and returned to the budget.
- 6. The purpose of the financial instruments or a grouping of financial instruments on a facility level and, where applicable, their specific legal form and place of registration shall be published on the Commission website.
- 7. Entities entrusted with the implementation of financial instruments may open fiduciary accounts within the meaning of Article 85(3) on behalf of the Union. Those entities shall send the corresponding account statements to the Commission's responsible service. Payments to fiduciary accounts shall be made by the Commission on the basis of payment requests that are duly substantiated with disbursement forecasts, taking into account the balances available on the fiduciary accounts and the need to avoid excessive balances on such accounts.

Article 216

Financial instruments directly implemented by the Commission

- 1. Financial instruments may be directly implemented pursuant to point (a) of the first subparagraph of Article 62(1) through any of the following:
 - (a) a dedicated investment vehicle in which the Commission participates together with other public or private investors with a view to increasing the leverage effect of the Union contribution;
 - (b) loans, guarantees, equity participations and other risk-sharing instruments other than investments in dedicated investment vehicles, provided directly to final recipients or through financial intermediaries.
- 2. Dedicated investment vehicles referred to in point (a) of paragraph 1 shall be established pursuant to the laws of a Member State. In the field of external actions, they may also be established pursuant to the laws of a country other than a Member State. The managers of such vehicles shall be obliged by law or contractually to act with the diligence of a professional manager and in good faith.
- 3. The managers of dedicated investment vehicles referred to in point (a) of paragraph 1 and financial intermediaries or final recipients of financial instruments shall be selected with due account to the nature of the financial instrument to be implemented, the experience and the financial and operational capacity of the entities concerned, and the economic viability of projects of final recipients. The selection shall be transparent, justified on objective grounds and shall not give rise to a conflict of interests.

Article 217

Treatment of contributions from funds implemented under shared management

- 1. Separate records shall be kept for contributions to financial instruments established under this Section from funds implemented under shared management.
- 2. Contributions from funds implemented under shared management shall be placed in separate accounts and used in accordance with the objectives of the respective funds to actions and final recipients consistent with the programme or programmes from which contributions are made.



3. As regards contributions from funds implemented under shared management to financial instruments established under this Section, sector-specific rules shall apply. Notwithstanding the first sentence, managing authorities may rely on an existing *ex ante* evaluation, carried out in accordance with point (h) of the first subparagraph and the second subparagraph of Article 209(2), prior to contributing to an existing financial instrument.

Section 2

Budgetaryguarantees

Article 218

Rules for budgetary guarantees

- 1. The basic act shall define:
 - (a) the amount of the budgetary guarantee that shall not be exceeded at any time, without prejudice to Article 208(2);
 - (b) the types of operations covered by the budgetary guarantee.
- 2. Contributions from Member States to budgetary guarantees pursuant to Article 208(2) may be provided in the form of guarantees or cash.

Contributions from third parties to budgetary guarantees pursuant to Article 208(2) may be provided in the form of cash.

The budgetary guarantee shall be increased by the contributions referred to in the first and second subparagraph. Payments for guarantee calls shall be made, where necessary, by the contributing Member States or third parties on a *pari passu* basis. The Commission shall sign an agreement with the contributors that shall contain, in particular, provisions concerning the payment conditions.

Article 219

Implementation of budgetary guarantees

- 1. Budgetary guarantees shall be irrevocable, unconditional and on demand for the types of operations covered.
- 2. Budgetary guarantees shall be implemented pursuant to point (c) of the first subparagraph of Article 62(1) or, in exceptional cases, pursuant to point (a) of the first subparagraph of Article 62(1).
- 3. A budgetary guarantee shall only cover financing and investment operations which comply with points (a) to (d) of the first subparagraph of Article 209(2).
- 4. Counterparts shall contribute with their own resources to the operations covered by the budgetary guarantee.
- 5. The Commission shall conclude a guarantee agreement with the counterpart. The granting of the budgetary guarantee is subject to the entry into force of the guarantee agreement.
- 6. Counterparts shall provide the Commission annually with:
 - (a) a risk assessment and grading information concerning the operations covered by the budgetary guarantee as well as expected defaults;



- (b) information on the outstanding financial obligation arising for the Union from the budgetary guarantee, broken down by individual operations, measured in compliance with the Union accounting rules as referred to in Article 80 or with IPSAS;
- (c) the total profits or losses deriving from the operations covered by the budgetary guarantee.
- Article 237 (further relevant for Article 44 "Appointment of external experts" of the Rules for Participation in Horizon Europe)

Remunerated external experts

- 1. For values below the thresholds referred to in Article 175(1) and on the basis of the procedure laid down in paragraph 3 of this Article, Union institutions may select remunerated external experts to assist them in the evaluation of grant applications, projects and tenders, and to provide opinions and advice in specific cases.
- 2. Remunerated external experts shall be remunerated on the basis of a fixed amount announced in advance and shall be chosen on the basis of their professional capacity. The selection shall be done on the basis of selection criteria respecting the principles of non-discrimination, equal treatment and absence of conflict of interests.
- 3. A call for expression of interest shall be published on the website of the Union institution concerned.

The call for expression of interest shall include a description of the tasks, their duration and the fixed conditions of remuneration.

A list of experts shall be drawn up following the call for expression of interest. It shall be valid for no more than five years from its publication or for the duration of a multiannual programme related to the tasks.

- 4. Any interested natural person may submit an application at any time during the period of validity of the call for expression of interest, with the exception of the last three months of that period.
- 5. Experts paid from research and technological development appropriations shall be recruited in accordance with the procedures laid down by the European Parliament and by the Council when they adopt each research framework programme or in accordance with the corresponding rules for participation. For the purpose of Section 2 of Chapter 2 of Title V, such experts shall be treated as recipients.
 - Article 238 (further relevant for Article 44 "Appointment of external experts" of the Rules for Participation in Horizon Europe)

Non-remunerated experts

Union institutions may reimburse travel and subsistence expenses incurred by, or where appropriate pay any other indemnities to, persons invited or mandated by them.



• Article 279(1) (further relevant for Article 19 "Grant decision" of the Rules for Participation in Horizon 2020)

Transitional provisions

1. Legal commitments for grants implementing the budget under the Multiannual Financial Framework 2014-2020 may continue to take the form of grant decisions. The provisions of Title VIII applicable to grant agreements shall apply *mutatis mutandis* to grant decisions. The Commission shall review the use of grant decisions under the post-2020 multiannual financial framework, in particular in view of the progress made in electronic signature and electronic management of grants by that time.

[...]

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