

# Austrian liquid hydrogen tank system technologies



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## Consortium

The AUTARK CONSORTIUM comprises companies and RTOs with strategic perspective on hydrogen in aviation – all of the partners have a strong background and are currently active in relevant R&D activities:

### Scientific Partners

1. LKR Leichtmetallkompetenzzentrum Ranshofen GmbH
2. AIT Austrian Institute of Technology GmbH
3. HyCentA Research GmbH

### Company Partners

4. MAGNA STEYR FAHRZEUGTECHNIK GmbH & CO KG
5. Test-Fuchs Aerospace Systems GmbH
6. Test-Fuchs GmbH
7. Pegasus Research & Development GmbH
8. Aerospace & Advanced Composites GmbH



# Main hardware components to be investigated BY AUTARK CONSORTIUM

## Physical test articles

- 1 Inner tank (IT) dome (heads) incl. HEX
- 2 Inner tank (IT) welded assembly
- 3 Tank / Coldbox interface
- 4 Cold Box built in aluminium
- 5 Aluminium SOV+PRV in aluminium
- 6 Venting pipes with CV

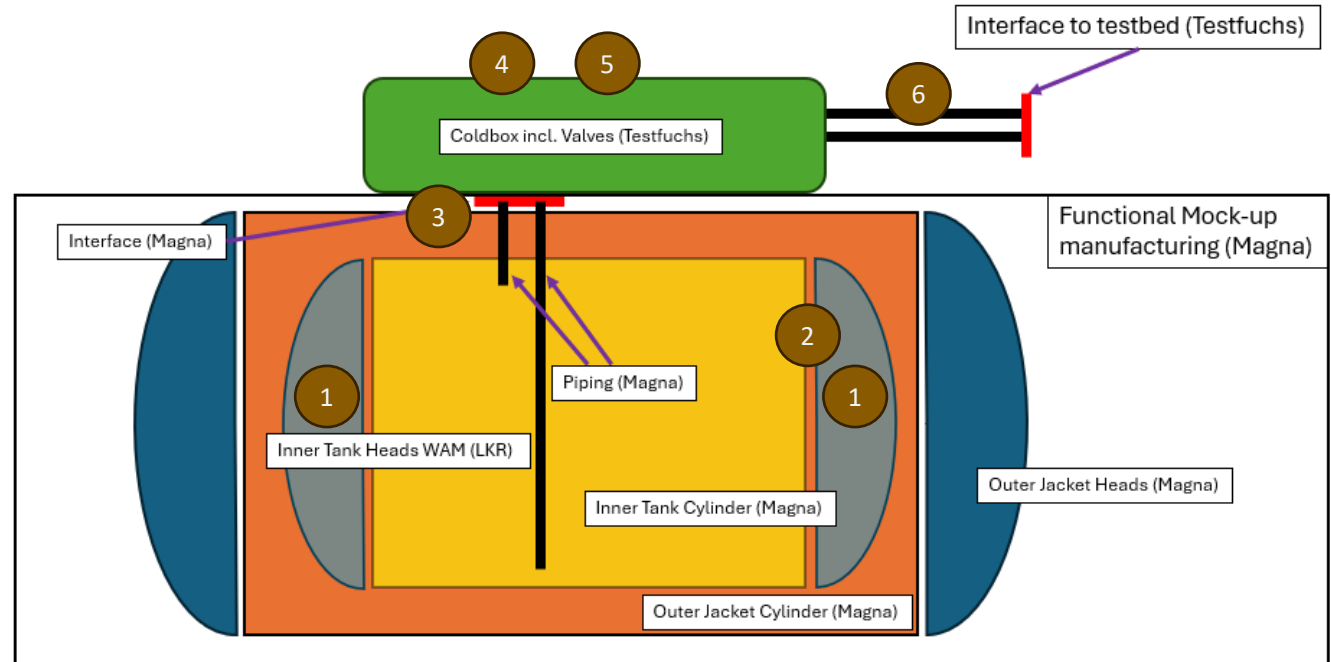
HEX: heat exchanger

CV: check valve

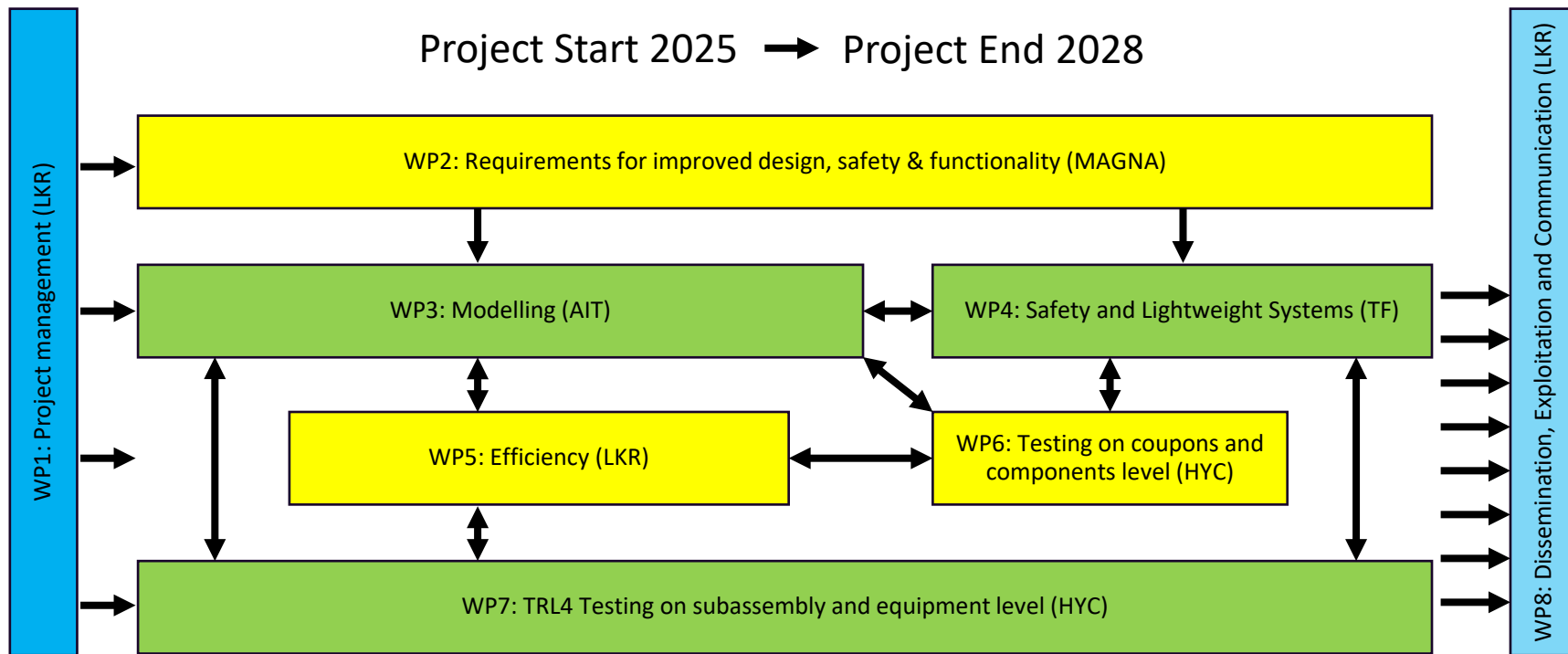
SOV: shut of valve

PRV: pressure relief valve

OJ: Outer jacket



## PERT Chart



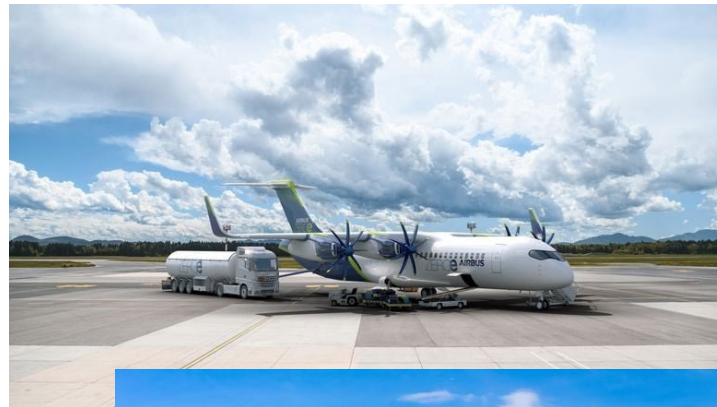
## Project goals

Improved Safety

Higher gravimetric index

Lower manufacturing costs

Enhanced design, modelling & testing expertise



Source: Airbus.

## Innovative approach

- A/C Venting system architecture to allow safe venting in all flight situations
- Icing prevention through design solution and/or additional features
- Investigation of sloshing impact to ensure safe operation
- Improving safety by using fatigue-test-verified multi-material transition joints

## Methods

- Simulation and testing to validate design
- Use of state-of-the-art CFD simulation approaches applied to the evaluation of application-specific icing issues
- Validation of simulation results with existing test data

## Risks & mitigation opportunities

- Deflagration/detonation proof design
- Icing and blocking of valves and piping
- Mechanical load assessment of pressure spikes

## Innovative approach

- Use lighter materials to reach gravimetric index > 30%
- Cold box case and components are made from stainless steel and should be redesigned to aluminium
- Study on common function blocks instead of separate component and pipes
- Using stainless steel/aluminium transition joints to allow most efficient material combination

## Methods

- Redesign components to lighter materials and analyse their effects
- Produce at minimum one demonstration model for an aluminium valve and test it with LH2
- Redesign the vacuum cold box in aluminium and build up a demonstrator

## Risks & mitigation opportunities

- Not all heavy stainless steel parts can't be avoided/replaced with lightweight material due to higher thermal expansion & thermal conductivity → mixed metal design



## Innovative approach

- Using additive manufacturing to combine functional and structural elements of a LH2 tank
- Substitute metal spinning of domes by deep drawing technology of non-heat treatable aluminium alloys
- Semi-automatic / fully-automatic welding by using a welding robot
- Analyse the use of multi-functional blocks instead of separate components and interconnections
- Analyse integration of cold box into primary vacuum chamber of LH2 tank

## Methods

- Selecting proper design and alloys to reduce manufacturing processes
- Integrated system approach

## Risks & mitigation opportunities

- Switch from 6000 series aluminium to 5000 series (non-heat treatable, cold hardening) leads to higher mass → redesign with alternative aluminium alloys
- Upscaling of dome manufacturing by deep drawing hindered by lack of suppliers at reasonable costs

## Innovative approach

- Use of CFD and improvement of reduced-order models for investigating complex phenomena and improve component design
- Development and experimental validation of a digital twin model of the tank system

## Methods

- Experimental investigations of components (valves, filling lines) and tank system with LH2 for design verification
- Multi-phase CFD approaches, 0D/1D models, data regression, and generation of reduced-order models
- State-of-the-art FEM approaches

## Risks & mitigation opportunities

- Modelling/Sim. could be too complex in terms of simulation time/stability → mitigation via cleverly defining system boundary conditions or breaking simulation domain into reasonable sub-simulations

# Exploitation potential

## Knowledge

- Knowhow for lightweighting LH2 tanks in order to achieve market oriented gravimetric index values
- Validated technologies & improved expertise for further development of safe components, subassemblies & systems in contract research
- Exploitation of validated simulation models and enhanced physics knowledge to advance further the technologies
- Demonstrating research excellence in the field of LH2 in Austria through high-quality publications
- Newly generated knowhow will flow into education through HyCentA`s close ties with the TU Graz

## European projects

- Offering the best solution for the Clean Aviation Call#3: Integration of LH2 propulsion system into experimental CS23/CS25 aircraft
- Applying in parallel for HORIZON-JU-CLEAN-AVIATION- 2026 Phase 4

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